COUNTY OF EL PASO

PARKING BENEFIT PLAN

Plan Documents and Summary Plan Descriptions
Effective: July 23, 2012
# TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE PARKING BENEFIT PLAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PURPOSE OF PLAN: ADOPTION OF THE PLAN DOCUMENT</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFINITIONS</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When does my participation begin?</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When does my participation end?</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How can I participate following termination of my employment or loss of eligibility?</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>COMPENSATION REDUCTION ELECTIONS</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How do I initially elect a compensation reduction for purposes of the Plan?</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How do I subsequently elect a compensation reduction for purposes of the Plan?</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>When will I receive an Election Form/Compensation Reduction Agreement?</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are elections irrevocable?</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FUNDING</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Who contributes to this Parking Account?</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How are Compensation Reductions used to make contributions?</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How is the Plan funded?</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BENEFITS</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What benefits are available?</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What are the benefit costs?</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What Qualified Parking Expenses are eligible?</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What are the maximum and minimum benefits?</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monthly Statutory Limits for Parking Benefits</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How is the account established?</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Forfeiture of Accounts</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reimbursement Procedure (a.k.a. Bona Fide Reimbursement Arrangement)</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reimbursement after Termination</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RECORDKEEPING AND ADMINISTRATION</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL PROVISIONS</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
PURPOSE OF THE PLAN: ADOPTION OF THE PLAN DOCUMENT

What is the purpose of the “Plan”?
The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this Plan Document as the written description of the Plan. This Plan Document represents both the Plan Document and the Summary Plan Description (SPD) for Section 132.

This SPD is your guide to the benefits, provisions, and programs offered by this Plan. Services are subject to all provisions of the Plan, including the limitations and exclusions.

The Plan benefits described in this SPD are effective as of July 23, 2012. Please read this SPD carefully, paying special attention to the “Parking Benefits” section to better understand how your benefits work.

This SPD has been updated to comply with federal requirements including applicable provisions of Code § 132(f).

These benefits are made available to you based upon your eligibility as defined by the Plan. The County of El Paso expects you to use your Benefit Plan to its full extent, in a prudent manner.

The SPD is not a contract. The Plan shall not be deemed to constitute a contract between the County of El Paso and any Plan Participant or to be a consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in the SPD shall be deemed to give any Employee the right to be retained in the service of the County of El Paso or to interfere with the right of the County of El Paso to discharge any employee at any time.

We recommend that you contact the Claims Administrator to verify that your Plan will cover the expenses related to your situation.

Adoption of the summary plan description
The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this SPD as the written description of the Plan. This SPD amends and replaces any prior statement of the benefits contained in the Plan or any predecessor to the Plan.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Plan Sponsor has caused this Plan Document to be executed.
GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

**Name of Plan:** Parking Benefit Plan

**Plan Sponsor:** County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901

**Plan Administrator:** County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901 (Named Fiduciary)

**Plan Sponsor ID No. (EIN):** 74-6000762

**Plan year:** January 1—December 31

**Plan Type:** Parking Benefit Plan

**Third party administrator:** HealthSCOPE Benefits, Inc., 27 Corporate Hill Drive, Little Rock, AR 72205

**Participating employer(s):** County of El Paso

**Agent for Service of Process:** County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901
DEFINITIONS

In this section, you will find the definitions for the italicized words found throughout this SPD. There may be additional words or terms that have a meaning that pertains to a specific section, and those definitions will be found in that section. These definitions should not be interpreted as indications that charges for particular care, supplies or services are eligible for payment under the Plan; please refer to the appropriate sections of this SPD for that information.

3.1 “Administrator” means the County of El Paso.


3.3 “Compensation” means wages within the meaning of section 3401(a) of the Code for purposes of federal income tax withholding at the source (but determined without regard to any rules that limit the remuneration included in wages based on the nature or location of the employment or the services performed) that are paid to an Employee by the Employer, determined after any salary deferral elections under any Code §401(k), 403(b), 408(k) or 457(b) plan or arrangement, and any salary reduction elections under any Code §125 cafeteria plan, but prior to any reduction due to a Compensation Reduction election under this Plan and any reduction due to a compensation reduction election under any other Code §132(f)(4) Code §132(f)(4) transportation fringe benefit plan.

3.4 “Compensation Reduction” means the amount by which the Participant's Compensation is reduced and applied by the Employer under this Plan to pay on a pre-tax basis for one or more of the Transportation Benefits elected by the Participant.

3.5 “Cost” has the meaning described in Section 7.2.

3.6 “Effective Date” means July 23, 2012.

3.7 “Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement” means a form provided by the Administrator for the purpose of allowing an Eligible Employee to elect Parking Benefits and any Compensation Reductions required to pay for those Parking Benefits. It includes an agreement pursuant to which a Participant who is also an Eligible Employee authorizes the Employer to make any required Compensation Reductions. To be effective, an Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement must be filed by the Eligible Employee on a form, and in the manner, authorized by the Administrator. Subject to the preceding sentence, an Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement shall become effective and shall terminate as provided in Article V.

3.8 “Eligible Employee” means a person who is a regular full-time Employee of the Participating Employer, regularly scheduled to work for the Participating Employer in an employer-Employee relationship. Such person must be scheduled to work at least 30 hours per week in order to be considered “full-time.”
3.9 “Employee” shall mean (1) a person who is a regular full-time Employee of the Participating Employer; or (2) county and district officers and as otherwise permitted by the Plan Administrator pursuant to Section 157.01(a) of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended.

3.10 “Employer” means the County of El Paso.

3.11 “Employer Contribution” means an amount credited to the Parking Account of an Eligible Employee who is a Participant in the Plan. Employer Contributions for a Plan Year shall be available only to pay Parking Expenses for that Plan Year, and to the extent not so used shall be forfeited.

3.12 “Employment” means the performance of services by an Employee for the Employer.

3.13 “Open Enrollment Period” means the month of October preceding the Plan Year, or such other period as may be prescribed by the Administrator.

3.14 “Participant” shall mean any Employee who is eligible for benefits under the Plan.

3.15 “Period of Coverage” means a calendar month.

3.16 “Plan” means the County of El Paso Parking Benefit Plan as set forth herein and as amended from time to time.

3.17 “Plan Year” means the calendar year (i.e., the 12-month period commencing January 1 and ending on December 31), provided, however, that a period of less than 12 months may be a Plan Year for the final Plan Year, and for a transition period to a different Plan Year.

3.18 “Qualified Parking Expenses” has the meaning described in Section 7.4.

3.19 “Related Employer” means any employer affiliated with the County of El Paso that, under Code §414(b), Code §414(b), (c), (m), or (o), is treated as a single employer with the County of El Paso.
ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION

4.1 When does my participation begin?
An Eligible Employee who is not a Participant in the Plan shall become a Participant on the first day of the first Period of Coverage commencing on or after the date he or she becomes an Eligible Employee, provided the Employee is still an Eligible Employee on that first day. If the Employee is not an Eligible Employee on that first day, the Employee shall become a Participant when he or she first is an Eligible Employee on the first day of a later Period of Coverage.

4.2 When does my participation end?
An Employee who is a Participant will cease to be a Participant when the first of the following occurs:
(a) the Employee ceases to be an Employee;
(b) the Employee is no longer an Eligible Employee and has no balance in his or her Parking Account; or
(c) the Plan terminates.

Reimbursements from an Employee’s Parking Account after the Employee ceases to be a Participant will be made only pursuant to Section 7.9.

4.3 How can I participate following termination of my employment or loss of eligibility?
An individual (whether or not a Participant) who ceases to be a Participant for any reason other than termination of this Plan must satisfy the requirements of Section 3.8 without regard to any prior period of participation in this Plan and without regard to any service prior to the individual’s current service as an Employee, in order to once again become a Participant.
5.1 How do I initially elect a compensation reduction for purposes of the Plan?
An Eligible Employee’s initial Compensation Reduction election, which may be submitted but cannot become effective before the Eligible Employee becomes a Participant, shall be made by submitting a properly completed Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Form to the Administrator before (a) the first day of the Period of Coverage in which Compensation Reductions will commence (or such earlier deadline as the Administrator shall determine in its sole discretion) and (b) the date on which the Parking Benefits to which the election relates (i.e., the Parking Benefits that will be paid in whole or in part by the Compensation Reductions) are provided.

An Eligible Employee’s initial Compensation Reduction election will automatically renew for subsequent Periods of Coverage unless the Eligible Employee submits another Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement to the Administrator in accordance with Section 5.2, in which case the Eligible Employee’s initial election will end immediately before the first day of the first Period of Coverage to which the new Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement relates. Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, a Participant’s Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Agreement, and all future Compensation Reductions authorized by that Agreement, shall terminate as soon as administratively feasible after the Participant ceases to be an Eligible Employee.

5.2 How do I subsequently elect a compensation reduction for purposes of the Plan?
An Eligible Employee who is a Participant and who has a Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan in effect (including an election to make no Compensation Reductions) may make a new Compensation Reduction election for future Periods of Coverage by submitting a properly completed Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement to the Administrator. The new Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement must be submitted to the Administrator before (a) the first day of the first Period of Coverage to which the new election applies (or such earlier deadline as the Administrator shall determine in its sole discretion); and (b) the date on which the Parking Benefits to which the election relates are provided.

A Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement pursuant to this Section 5.2 will automatically renew for subsequent Periods of Coverage unless the Eligible Employee submits another Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement to the Administrator, in which case the Eligible Employee’s then current election will end immediately before the first day of the first Period of Coverage to which the replacement Election Form/Compensation Reduction Agreement applies. Notwithstanding anything in this Plan to the contrary, a Participant’s Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement, and all future Compensation Reductions authorized by that Agreement, shall terminate as soon as administratively feasible after the Participant ceases to be an Eligible Employee. If a Participant becomes an Eligible Employee again after losing Eligible Employee status, the first Compensation Reduction election after Eligible Employee status is restored shall be treated as an initial election subject to Section 5.1.
5.3 When will I receive an Election Form/Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement?
Forms will be available at New Employee Orientation, During Open Enrollment, or in the County of El Paso Human Resources Department.
humanresources@epcounty.com

5.4 Are elections irrevocable?
A Compensation Reduction election under the Plan is irrevocable for the duration of each Period of Coverage to which it relates.

A. A member may end their participation in the monthly parking plan at the end of the month
B. A member may end their participation in the bi-weekly deduction at the end of the pay period
6.1 Who contributes to this Parking Account?

Participant Contributions. Participants who want to receive Parking Benefits must elect to have their contributions deducted by completing a Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Form. A Participants Reductions may only be elected by the timely submission of a properly completed Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Agreement. A Participant’s Election Form/Compensation Reduction Agreement shall terminate as soon as administratively feasible after the Participant ceases to be an Eligible Employee.

6.2 How are Compensation Reductions used to make contributions?

Compensation Reductions Per Pay Period. Compensation Reductions shall be made only for the Parking Benefits elected in the applicable Election Form/Compensation Reduction Agreement. The (aggregate) Compensation Reduction for a bi-weekly pay period for a Participant for the Parking Benefits elected shall be an amount equal to (1) the Participant’s Cost for such Benefits times the number of monthly Periods of Coverage remaining in the Plan Year (commencing with the first Period of Coverage elected by the Participant), (2) divided by the number of pay periods remaining in the Plan Year, or as otherwise agreed upon between the Employer and the Participant. In calculating the number of pay periods remaining in the Plan Year, the third pay period, if any, ending in any month shall not be counted. (Consequently, solely for purposes of calculating Compensation Reductions, there are 26 pay periods or 12 months in a full Plan Year.) No Compensation Reduction shall be taken from the third bi-weekly paycheck in any month.

Compensation Reduction Balance Upon Termination of Coverage. If, as of the date that any elected Parking Benefit under this Plan terminates, a Participant’s year-to-date Compensation Reductions exceed or are less than the Participant’s required contributions for the coverage, then the Employer will, as applicable, either return the excess to the Participant as additional taxable wages or recoup the due Compensation Reduction amounts from any remaining Compensation. This rule is intended to apply, for example, where due to payroll practices, a Participant’s year-to-date Compensation Reductions exceed what the employee owes for the period of coverage preceding the termination date. This Section does not override the forfeiture rule (unused amounts are forfeited where a Participant ceases to participate). However, the forfeiture rule does not apply to excess Compensation Reductions as described in this Section 6.2(c).

6.3 How is the Plan funded?

All of the amounts payable under this Plan shall be paid from the general assets of the Employer. Nothing herein will be construed to require the Employer or the Administrator to maintain any fund or to segregate any amount for the benefit of any Participant, and no Participant or other person shall have any claim against, right to, or security or other interest in any fund, account or asset of the Employer from which any payment under this Plan may be made. There is no trust or other fund from which benefits are paid. While the Employer has complete responsibility for the payment of benefits out of its general assets, it may hire an outside paying agent to make benefit payments on its behalf. The maximum amount of contributions that may be made under this Plan for a Participant (Participant contributions) for a Period of Coverage is the total Cost for that Period of Coverage of the Parking Benefits elected, subject to the limits described in Sections 7.6 and 7.7.
BENEFITS

7.1 What benefits are available?
The benefits available under this Plan are Qualified Parking Benefits (as defined in Section 7.3).

7.2 What are the benefit costs?
The monthly cost for a particular Parking Benefit equals the monthly Parking Benefit amount elected by the Participant.

7.3 What Qualified Parking Expenses are eligible?
A Participant can receive benefits in the form of reimbursements for Qualified Parking Expenses (Qualified Parking Benefits), subject to the limits described in Sections 7.6 and 7.7. Any such election must include an election to pay the Eligible Employee’s Cost for such benefits on a pre-tax Compensation Reduction basis.

(a) on or near the Employer’s business premises (including parking on or near the Employee’s regular place of Employment)

(b) Provided by an Employer. Parking is provided by an Employer if (1) the parking is on property that the Employer owns or leases; (2) the Employer pays for the parking; or (3) the Employer reimburses the Employee for parking expenses.

(c) Exclusion From Qualified Parking Expenses. Notwithstanding the above, Qualified Parking Expenses do not include any of the following:
   • parking on or near property used by the Employee for residential purposes;
   • the value of parking provided to an Employee that is excludable from his or her gross income as a working condition fringe under Code §132(a)(3); and
   • reimbursements paid to the Employee for parking costs that are excludable from his or her gross income as an amount paid under an accountable plan under Treas. Reg. §1.62-2.

7.4 What are the maximum and minimum benefits?
(a) Maximum Reimbursement Available; Statutory Limitations. Except as otherwise provided in this Article VI, payment shall be made to the Participant as reimbursement for Parking Expenses incurred or paid during the Period of Coverage for which the Participant’s election is effective. No payment otherwise due to a Participant hereunder shall exceed the smallest of the following:
   • the balance of the relevant subaccount(s) in the Participant’s Parking Account; or
   • the Statutory Limits for the applicable Parking Benefit.

(b) Changes. For subsequent Plan Years, the maximum and minimum dollar limits may be changed by the Administrator and shall be communicated to Employees through the Election Form/Compensation Reduction Agreement or another document.
7.5 Monthly Statutory Limits for Parking Benefits

(a) **Monthly Limit for Qualified Parking Expenses.** Reimbursements for *Qualified Parking Expenses* will not exceed the applicable monthly limit described in Code §132(f), Code §132(f), as adjusted for inflation. If an *Employee* obtains a qualified parking space the monthly limit for *Qualified Parking Expenses* shall apply to the individual designated as the “prime member” in accordance with Treas. Reg. §1.132-9, Q/A-22.

(b) **Calculating Limits Where Benefits Are Provided for More Than One Month.** The *Employer* may reimburse *Employees* for *Parking Expenses* incurred in more than one month, provided that the reimbursement for each month is calculated separately and does not exceed the applicable statutory monthly limit.

7.6 How is the account established?

The *Administrator* will establish and maintain an account (*Parking Account*) with respect to each *Participant*, but it will not create a separate fund or otherwise segregate assets for this purpose. The *Parking Account* will be merely a recordkeeping account for the purpose of keeping track of contributions and determining forfeitures. Each *Parking Account* will have a separate subaccount for each *Parking Benefit* provided under this *Plan*.

(a) **Crediting of Accounts.** For each *Period of Coverage*, the appropriate subaccount within each *Participant’s Parking Account* will be credited with (1) an amount equal to the *Participant’s Compensation Reductions*, if any, for that *Period of Coverage*;

(b) **Debiting of Accounts.** For each *Period of Coverage*, the appropriate subaccount within each *Participant’s Parking Account* will be debited for any reimbursement of *Parking Expenses* incurred or paid during the *Period of Coverage*.

(c) **No Negative Balances.** No *Parking Account*, and no subaccount within a *Parking Account*, may ever have a negative balance.
7.7 Forfeiture of Accounts

(a) Unused Amounts Where Participating in Plan. If any balance remains in the Participant’s Parking Account for a Period of Coverage after all reimbursements have been made and the Participant continues to participate in the Plan following such Period of Coverage, such balance shall be carried over to reimburse the Participant for Parking Expenses incurred or paid during a subsequent Period of Coverage. Any Employee Contributions for a Plan Year in excess of those required to reimburse Parking Expenses incurred or paid during that Plan Year shall be forfeited immediately following the last day on which Parking Expenses for that Plan Year could be submitted for reimbursement. Reimbursement must be received by March 31st of the following plan year.

(b) Forfeiture of Unused Amounts Where Participant Ceases to Participate and/or Does Not Cash Checks. Any balance that remains in a Parking Account after an individual ceases to be a Participant and all permitted reimbursements have been made for Parking Expenses incurred or paid through the date that individual ceased to be a Participant, shall be forfeited. In addition, any Parking Benefit payments that are unclaimed (e.g., uncashed benefit checks) by the close of the Plan Year, March 31st of the following plan year, the Period of Coverage in which the Parking Expense was incurred or paid shall be forfeited.

(c) Effect of Forfeitures. Amounts forfeited under this Plan shall be forfeited to the Employer, who may use them at any time and for any purpose. A Participant shall have no rights whatsoever with respect to forfeited amounts.

7.8 Reimbursement Procedure (a.k.a. Bona Fide Reimbursement Arrangement)

(a) Timing. Within a reasonable period of time not to exceed 30 days after receipt by the Administrator of a reimbursement claim from a Participant, the Employer will reimburse the Participant for the Participant’s reimbursable Parking Expenses (if the Administrator approves the claim), or the Administrator will notify the Participant that his or her claim has been denied. Such notification will set out the reasons the request was denied.

(b) Claims Substantiation. A Participant who has elected to receive Parking Benefits for a Period of Coverage may apply for reimbursement by submitting a Parking Conversion or Reimbursement Plan Enrollment Form in writing to the Administrator in such form as the Administrator may prescribe, but in no event later than 90 days following the end of the plan year on which the Parking Expense was incurred or paid, setting forth:
• the name of the Participant incurring the Expenses;
• the nature and date of the Expenses incurred or paid;
• the amount of the requested cash reimbursement;
• the name of the person, organization or entity to whom the Expense was or is to be paid; and

The application shall be accompanied by bills, invoices, statements from an independent third party, parking receipts or other evidence of payment showing the amounts of such Parking Expenses, together with any additional documentation that the Administrator may request. The information requested from the Employee may vary depending on the facts and circumstances surrounding the Expenses, including the method of payment and the particular Parking method used by the Employee. For example, where no third party is able to provide a statement, the Administrator may accept Employee certification. Except for the final reimbursement claim for a Period of Coverage, no claim for reimbursement may be made unless and until the aggregate claims for reimbursement is satisfied.

(d) Claims Denied. For reimbursement claims that are denied, see Section 9.9.

7.9 Reimbursements After Termination

Parking Expenses incurred or paid after a Participant ceases to be a Participant will not be reimbursed by the Plan. A former Participant (or the former Participant’s estate if the former Participant is deceased) may claim reimbursement for any Parking Expenses incurred or paid when the former Participant was a Participant, however, provided that the former Participant (or the former Participant’s estate) files a claim no later than 90 days after the Plan Year (and the other applicable requirements of this Plan are met).

Amounts remaining in the Employee’s Parking Account after expiration of the post-participation claim period described above shall be forfeited. The value of Parking Expenses provided to an Employee with respect to a month in which the individual is not an employee shall be included in the Employee’s wages for income tax purposes pursuant to Treas. Reg. §1.132-9, Q/A-9.
RECORDKEEPING AND ADMINISTRATION

8.1 Administrator

The administration of this Plan shall be under the supervision of the Administrator. It is the principal duty of the Administrator to see that this Plan is carried out, in accordance with its terms, for the exclusive benefit of persons entitled to participate in this Plan.

8.2 Powers of the Administrator

The Administrator shall have such duties and powers as it considers necessary or appropriate to discharge its duties. It shall have the exclusive right to interpret the Plan and to decide all matters hereunder, and all determinations of the Administrator with respect to any matter hereunder shall be conclusive and binding on all persons. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Administrator shall have the following discretionary authority:

(a) to construe and interpret this Plan, including all possible ambiguities, inconsistencies and omissions in the Plan and related documents, and to decide all questions of fact, questions relating to eligibility and participation, and questions of benefits under this Plan;

(b) to prescribe procedures to be followed and the forms to be used by Employees and Participants to make elections pursuant to this Plan;

(c) to prepare and distribute information explaining this Plan and the benefits under this Plan in such manner as the Administrator determines to be appropriate;

(d) to request and receive from all Employees and Participants such information as the Administrator shall from time to time determine to be necessary for the proper administration of this Plan;

(e) to furnish each Employee and Participant with such reports with respect to the administration of this Plan as the Administrator determines to be reasonable and appropriate, including appropriate statements setting forth the amounts by which a Participant's Compensation has been reduced in order to provide benefits under this Plan;

(f) to receive, review and keep on file such reports and information concerning the benefits covered by this Plan as the Administrator determines from time to time to be necessary and proper;

(g) to appoint and employ such individuals or entities to assist in the administration of this Plan as it determines to be necessary or advisable, including legal counsel and benefit consultants;

(h) to sign documents for the purposes of administering this Plan, or to designate an individual or individuals to sign documents for the purposes of administering this Plan; and

(i) to maintain the books of accounts, records, and other data in the manner necessary for proper administration of this Plan and to meet any applicable disclosure and reporting requirements.
8.3 Reliance on Participant, Tables, etc.

The Administrator may rely upon the direction, information or election of a Participant as being proper under the Plan and shall not be responsible for any act or failure to act because of a direction or lack of direction by a Participant. The Administrator will also be entitled, to the extent permitted by law, to rely conclusively on all tables, valuations, certificates, opinions and reports that are furnished by accountants, attorneys, or other experts employed or engaged by the Administrator.

8.4 Provision for Third-Party Plan Service Providers

The Administrator, subject to approval of the Employer, may employ the services of such persons as it may deem necessary or desirable in connection with the operation of the Plan. Unless otherwise provided in the service agreement, obligations under this Plan shall remain the obligation of the Employer.

8.5 Liability

To the extent permitted by law, the Administrator shall not incur any liability for any acts or for failure to act except for their own willful misconduct or willful breach of this Plan.

8.6 Compensation of Plan Administrator

Unless otherwise determined by the Employer and permitted by law, any Administrator who is also an Employee of the Employer shall serve without compensation for services rendered in such capacity, but all reasonable expenses incurred or paid in the performance of their duties shall be paid by the Employer.

8.7 Inability to Locate Payee

If the Administrator is unable to make payment to any Participant or other person to whom a payment is due under the Plan because it cannot ascertain the identity or whereabouts of such Participant or other person after reasonable efforts have been made to identify or locate such person, then such payment and all subsequent payments otherwise due to such Participant or other person shall be forfeited following a reasonable time after the date any such payment first became due.

8.8 Effect of Mistake

In the event of a mistake as to the eligibility or participation of an Employee, or the allocations made to the account of any Participant, or the amount of benefits paid or to be paid to a Participant or other person, the Administrator shall, to the extent it deems possible, cause to be allocated or cause to be withheld or accelerated, or otherwise make adjustment of, such amounts as it will in its judgment accord to such Participant or other person the credits to the account or distributions to which he or she is properly entitled under the Plan. Such action by the Administrator may include withholding of any amounts due to the Plan or the Employer from Compensation paid by the Employer.
9.1 Expenses
All reasonable expenses incurred or paid in administering the Plan are currently paid by the Employer.

9.2 No Contract of Employment
Nothing herein contained is intended to be or shall be construed as constituting a contract or other arrangement between any Employee and the Employer to the effect that such Employee will be employed for any specific period of time. All Employees are considered to be employed at the will of the Employer.

9.3 Amendment and Termination
This Plan has been established with the intent of being maintained for an indefinite period of time. Nonetheless, the Employer may amend or terminate all or any part of this Plan at any time by a decision of the Employer or by any person or persons authorized by the Employer to take such action.

9.4 Governing Law
This Plan shall be construed, administered and enforced according to the laws of the State of Texas, to the extent not superseded by the Code or any other federal law.

9.5 Code Compliance
It is intended that this Plan meet all applicable requirements of the Code, and of all regulations issued thereunder. This Plan shall be construed, operated and administered accordingly, and in the event of any conflict between any part, clause or provision of this Plan and the Code, the provisions of the Code shall be deemed controlling, and any conflicting part, clause or provision of this Plan shall be deemed superseded to the extent of the conflict.

9.6 No Guarantee of Tax Consequences
Neither the Administrator nor the Employer makes any commitment or guarantee that any amounts paid to or for the benefit of a Participant under this Plan will be excludable from the Participant's gross income for federal, state or local income tax purposes. It shall be the obligation of each Participant to determine whether each payment under this Plan is excludable from the Participant's gross income for federal, state and local income tax purposes, and to notify the Administrator if the Participant has any reason to believe that such payment is not so excludable.

9.7 Indemnification of Employer
If any Participant receives one or more payments or reimbursements under Article VII that are not for Transportation Expenses, such Participant shall indemnify and reimburse the Employer for any liability that it may incur for failure to withhold federal income taxes, Social Security taxes, or other taxes from such payments or reimbursements.
9.8 Non-Assignability of Rights
The right of any Participant to receive any reimbursement under this Plan shall not be alienable by the Participant by assignment or any other method and shall not be subject to claims by the Participant's creditors by any process whatsoever. Any attempt to cause such right to be so subjected will not be recognized, except to the extent as required by law.

9.9 Procedure If Benefits Are Denied Under This Plan
If a claim for reimbursement under this Plan is wholly or partially denied, a written notice of adverse benefit determination shall be furnished to the claimant within a reasonable period of time, not to exceed 90 days after receipt of the claim by the Administrator. Upon receipt of an adverse benefit determination, the claimant must within 60 days appeal in writing the denial to the Administrator (seeking reconsideration of the denial). This appeal step is a prerequisite to pursuing any other avenues of relief.

9.10 Headings
The headings of the various Articles and Sections (but not subsections) are inserted for convenience of reference and are not to be regarded as part of this Plan or as indicating or controlling the meaning or construction of any provision.

9.11 Plan Provisions Controlling
In the event that the terms or provisions of any summary or description of this Plan, or of any other instrument, are in any construction interpreted as being in conflict with the provisions of this Plan as set forth in this document, the provisions of this Plan shall be controlling.

9.12 Severability
Should any part of this Plan subsequently be invalidated by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of the Plan shall be given effect to the maximum extent possible.
# TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE MEDICAL FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT DEPENDENT CARE FLEXIBLE SPENDING ACCOUNT, AND PREMIUM ONLY PLAN

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PURPOSE OF PLAN: ADOPTION OF THE PLAN DOCUMENT</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DEFINITIONS</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ELIGIBILITY FOR PARTICIPATION</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BENEFITS</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FUNDING</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SALARY CONTRIBUTION AND DISCRIMINATION</td>
<td>22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PLAN ADMINISTRATION</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Who has the authority to make decisions in connection the Plan?</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May changes be made to the Plan?</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional operating rules</td>
<td>24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will the Plan release my information to anyone?</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What if the Plan makes an error?</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will the Plan conform with applicable laws?</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What constitutes a fraudulent claim?</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How will this document be interpreted?</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How may a Plan provision be waived?</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Is this summary plan description a contract between the employer and participants?</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May I appoint an authorized representative?</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How will the Plan pay benefits?</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>What if my claim is for non-U.S. Providers?</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How will the Plan recover payments made in error?</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>How will the Plan handle medical child support orders?</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Will the Plan provide a statement of benefits?</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLAIMS REVIEW PROCEDURE</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIPAA PRIVACY PRACTICES</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HIPAA SECURITY PRACTICES</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Purpose of the Plan

The County of El Paso (the “Plan Sponsor”) has adopted this Medical Flexible Spending Account, Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account and Premium Only Plan (the “Plan”) as set forth herein and as amended from time to time for the exclusive benefit of eligible employees. The purpose of this Plan is to allow eligible employees to pay eligible qualified medical flexible spending expense, qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses, and their share of premiums under the benefit plan (“benefit costs”) using pre-tax dollars.

The intention of the Plan Sponsor is that the Plan qualifies as a “cafeteria plan” within the meaning of Code § 125 and the Plan shall be construed in a manner consistent with that Section. The tax implications of this Plan, however, are subject to rulings, regulations, and the application of the tax laws of the state and federal government. Although it may anticipate certain tax consequences as being likely, the Plan Sponsor does not represent or warrant to any participant that any particular tax consequence will result from participation in this Plan. By participating in this Plan, each participant understands and agrees that, in the event the Internal Revenue Service or any state or political subdivision thereof should ever assess or impose any taxes, charges and/or penalties upon any benefits received under the Plan, the recipient of the benefit will be responsible for those amounts, without contribution from the Plan Sponsor.

This Plan is intended not to discriminate as to eligibility or benefits in favor of the prohibited group(s) under the Code §§ 105 and 125.

Effective Date

This summary plan description is effective as of July 23, 2012, and each amendment is effective as of the date set forth therein (the “effective date”).

Adoption of the summary plan description

The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this summary plan description as the written description of the Plan. This summary plan description amends and replaces any prior statement of the benefits contained in the Plan or any predecessor to the Plan.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Plan Sponsor has caused this Plan Document to be executed.
## GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Name of Plan:</strong></th>
<th>County of El Paso Medical Flexible Spending Account, Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account and Premium Only Plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plan Sponsor:</strong></td>
<td>County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plan Administrator:</strong></td>
<td>County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901 (Named Fiduciary)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plan Sponsor ID No. (EIN):</strong></td>
<td>74-6000762</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plan year:</strong></td>
<td>January 1—December 31; Subsequent plan years January 1—December 31</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plan Type:</strong></td>
<td>Medical Flexible Spending Account, Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Third party administrator:</strong></td>
<td>HealthSCOPE Benefits, Inc., 27 Corporate Hill Drive, Little Rock, AR 72205</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Participating employer(s):</strong></td>
<td>County of El Paso</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Agent for Service of Process:</strong></td>
<td>County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
DEFINITIONS

In this section, you will find the definitions for the italicized words found throughout this summary plan description. There may be additional words or terms that have a meaning that pertains to a specific section, and those definitions will be found in that section. These definitions should not be interpreted as indications that charges for particular care, supplies or services are eligible for payment under the Plan; please refer to the appropriate sections of this summary plan description for that information.

“Active employment” means performance by the employee of all the regular duties of his or her occupation at an established business location of the participating employer, or at another location to which he or she may be required to travel to perform the duties of his or her employment. An employee will be deemed active employee if the employee is absent from work due to a health factor.

“Alternate recipient” means any child of a participant who is recognized under a medical child support order as having a right to benefits under this Plan as a participant’s dependent. For purposes of the benefits provided under this Plan, an alternate recipient shall be treated as a dependent.

“Benefit cost” means the cost of premiums for medical, dental, vision, prescription drug, and over-the-counter drug coverage for a participant, his or her spouse, and dependent children under the benefit plan which a participant is required, as a condition of coverage, to pay.

“Benefit plan” means the medical, dental, vision, prescription drug, and over-the-counter drug benefits provided under a group health plan established and maintained by the Plan Sponsor, or any successor thereto.

“COBRA” means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.


“Cosmetic surgery” means any procedure that is directed at improving the person’s appearance and does not meaningfully promote the proper function of the body or prevent or treat illness or disease.

“Dependent” means any of the following:

- Individuals who meet the definition of “dependent” under Internal Revenue Code Section 152, determined without regard to subsections (b)(1), (b)(2), and (d)(1)(B) thereof;
- Any child, adopted child, or eligible foster child (as each is defined in Code §152(f)(1)) of the Participant who as of the end of the taxable year has not attained age 27; or
- Any child of the participant to whom IRS Rev. Proc. 2008-48 applies (regarding certain children of divorced or separated parents who receive more than half of their support for the calendar year from one or both parents and are in the custody of one or both parents for more than half of the calendar year); and for purposes of the DCAP Component, a qualifying individual.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Plan will provide benefits in accordance with the applicable requirements of any Medical Child Support Order “MCSO”, even if the child does not meet the definition of dependent.

“Dependent care center” means any facility which:

- Complies with all applicable laws and regulations of the state and unit of local government in which it is located;

County of El Paso
Medical Flexible Spending Account, Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account, Premium Only Plan Benefit Plan
• Provides care for more than six individuals (other than individuals who reside at the center); and

• Receives a fee, payment or grant for providing services for any of such individuals (regardless of whether such facilities operated for profit).

“Earned income” means the sum of the amounts set forth in the first section below, but shall exclude the amounts set forth in the second section below:

Earned income include the following:

- Wages, salaries, tips and other employee compensation, but only if such amounts are includable as gross income for the taxable year; and
- The amount of an employee’s net earnings from self employment for the taxable year (within the meaning of Code § 1402 (a)). Such net earnings shall be determined with regard to the deductions allowed to the employee under Code § 164 (f).

Excluded:

- Amounts received under this Plan or any other dependent care assistance plan under Code § 129;
- Amounts received as a pension or annuity (within the meaning of Code § 32 (c)(2);
- Amounts to which Code § 871(a) applies;
- Amounts attributed to wages or salary which were reduced pursuant to a written salary reduction agreement; and
- Amounts received for services provided by the participant while the participant is incarcerated in a penal institution.

“Employee” shall mean (1) a person who is a regular full-time Employee of the Participating Employer; or (2) county and district officers and as otherwise permitted by the Plan Administrator pursuant to Section 157.01(a) of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended.

“FMLA” means the Family Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

“FMLA leave” means a leave of absence which the participating employer is required to extend an employee under the provisions of FMLA.


“Health care expense” means an expense incurred for the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment or prevention of disease, or for the purpose of affecting any structure or function of the body. A health care expense is not one that is merely beneficial to the general health of an individual.

“HIPAA” means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.

“Incurred” means the date the service is rendered or the supply is obtained. With respect to a course of treatment or procedure that includes several steps or phases of treatment, expenses are incurred for the various steps or phases as the services related to each step are rendered and not when services related to the initial step or phase are rendered. More specifically, qualified medical flexible spending expenses for the entire procedure or course of treatment are not incurred upon commencement of the first state of the procedure or course of treatment.
“Medical child support order” or “MCSO” means any judgment, decree, or order (including approval of a property settlement agreement) issued by a court of competent jurisdiction that:

- Provides for child support with respect to a participant’s child or directs a participant to provide coverage under a health benefit plan pursuant to a state domestic relations law (including community property law); or

- Enforces a law related to medical child support described in Section 13822 of the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 with respect to a group health plan.

“National medical support notice” or “NMSN” means a notice that contains the following information:

- The name of an issuing state agency;

- The name and mailing address (if any) of an employee who is a participant in the Plan;

- The name and mailing address of one or more alternate recipients or the name and address of a substituted official or agency that has been substituted for the mailing address of the alternate recipient(s); and

- The identity of an underlying child support order.

“Open enrollment period” means the month of October each year when eligible employees may enroll for participation and make elections under the Plan for the following plan year.

“Participant” means an eligible employee who is participating in the Plan.

“Participating employer(s)” means the County of El Paso.

“Plan” means the County of El Paso, Medical Flexible Spending Account, Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account and Premium Only Plan.

“Plan Administrator” means the County of El Paso.

“Plan Sponsor” means the County of El Paso.

“Plan year” means the period from January 1 through December 31.

“Premium only plan” means the vehicle through which a participant may elect to pay his or her share of benefit costs by reducing his or her salary and using pre-tax dollars.

“Privacy standards” means the final rule implementing HIPAA’s Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information, as amended.

“Qualified beneficiary” means:

- An individual who, on the day before a qualifying event, is a spouse or dependent child receiving health benefits under the Plan; or

- In the case of a qualifying event resulting in termination of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in hours, an individual who, on the day before such qualifying event, is a participant.

A newborn child of, an adopted child or, or a child placed for adoption with, a qualified beneficiary (as defined in the first bullet above) will be entitled to the same continuation coverage period available to the qualified beneficiary; however, such child shall not become a qualified beneficiary.

A newborn child or child placed for adoption with a qualified beneficiary (as defined in the second bullet above) shall become a qualified beneficiary in his or her own right and shall be entitled to benefits as a qualified beneficiary.
A qualified beneficiary must notify the Plan Administrator within 31 days of the child’s birth, adoption or placement for adoption in order to add the child to the continuation coverage.

“Qualified dependent care flexible spending account” means the account established by the Plan Administrator on behalf of a participant who elected to have amounts withheld from his or her salary in order to pay qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses.

“Qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses” means employment-related dependent care expenses which are eligible for reimbursement under the Plan as determined under Code §§ 129(e)(1) and 21(b). Such expenses include amounts paid for household services and for the care of qualifying individuals enabling the participant to be gainfully employed.

“Qualified medical child support order” or “QMCSO” means a medical child support order that creates or recognizes the existence of an alternate recipient’s right to, or assigns to an alternate recipient the right to, receive health benefits for which a participant or eligible dependent is entitled under this Plan. In order for such order to be a qualified medical child support order, it must clearly specify the following:

- The name and last known mailing address (if any) of a participant and the name and mailing address of each such alternate recipient covered by the order;
- A reasonable description of the type of coverage to be provided by the Plan to each alternate recipient, or the manner in which such type of coverage is to be determined;
- The period of coverage to which the order pertains; and
- The name of this Plan.

In addition, a national medical support notice shall be deemed a qualified medical child support order if it:

- Contains the information set forth above in the definition of national medical support notice;
- Identified either the specific type of coverage or all available group health coverage. If the participating employer received a national medical support notice that does not designate either specific types of coverage or all available coverage, the participating employer and the Plan Administrator will assume that all are designated;
- Informs the Plan Administrator that, if a group health plan has multiple options and a participant is not enrolled, the issuing agency will select the Core Plan after the national medical support notice is qualified; and
- Specifies that the period of coverage may end for the alternate recipient(s) only when similarly situated dependents are no longer eligible for coverage under the terms of the Plan or upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

However, such an order need not be recognized as “qualified” if it requires the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option, not otherwise provided to a participant and eligible dependents, except to the extent necessary to meet the requirements of a state law relating to medical child support order, as described in Social Security Act § 1098 (as added by the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822).

“Qualified medical flexible spending account” means the account established by the Plan Administrator on behalf of the participant through which the participant may elect to reduce his or her salary in order to pay qualified medical flexible spending expenses.
“Qualified medical flexible spending expenses” means a health care expense which is excludable as income according to Code § 105(b). Qualified medical flexible spending expenses are not otherwise reimbursable under the benefit plan or other plan or by an other entity and may not be claimed as a tax deduction by the participant. Qualified medical flexible spending expenses do not include the cost of insurance premiums.

“Qualified reservist distribution” means, any distribution to an individual of all or a portion of the balance in the participant’s qualified medical flexible spending account if:

- Such individual was (by reason of being a member of a reserve component (as defined in section 101 of title 37, United States Code) ordered or called to active duty for a period in excess of 180 days or for an indefinite period; and

- Such distribution is made during the period beginning on the date of such order or call and ending on the last date that reimbursements could otherwise be made under such arrangements for the plan year which includes the date of such order or call.

“Qualifying individual” means:

- A dependent of a participant (as defined in Code § 152(a)(1) who is under the age of 13;

- A dependent of a participant, regardless of age, who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for himself or herself and who has the same principal place of abode as the participant for more than one-half of the tax year; or

- The spouse of a participant who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for himself or herself who has the same principal place of abode as the participant for more than one-half of the tax year.

“Qualifying event” means any of the following with respect to participation in the Plan:

- The termination of coverage due to the death of a participant;

- The termination of coverage due to the voluntary or involuntary termination of employment (other than by reason of gross misconduct) or reduction in hours of a participant;

- The divorce or legal separation of a participant from his or her spouse;

- Reduction in covered participant’s hours of employment;

- Birth of a child

- Death of the covered participant;

- A participant’s entitlement to Medicare coverage; or

- A dependent child ceasing to be a dependent child.

“Salary reduction agreement” (Section 125 Cafeteria Plan) means a written agreement by a participant to reduce his or her salary or wage in order to fund a qualified medical flexible spending account, a qualified dependent care flexible spending account, or to pay benefit costs. This written agreement can be in the form of a paper-based election or a web-based election made by the participant as provided for by the employer.
Am I eligible to participate in the Plan?
You are eligible to participate in the Plan if you are a County Of El Paso employee. However, you may elect to make contributions to the Premium Only Plan only if you participate in the benefit plan.

When will my participation begin?
If you are a new employee, your entry date for the Plan is contingent upon completion of the eligibility requirements outlined above. If you are a new employee who is eligible to participate, your entry date is the first day that you become eligible, provided that you have completed a salary reduction agreement. You must complete a proper salary reduction agreement within 31 days from your original eligibility date in order to participate in the Plan for the plan year.

After year one, if you are enrolling during an open enrollment period, our entry date will be January 1 following the open enrollment period, provide that you have completed a salary reduction agreement.

By completing the Salary Reduction Agreement you will be enrolling in this Plan. If you participate in the benefit plan, you may elect to reduce your salary so that your share of the premiums for the benefit plan are paid using pre-tax dollars. Additionally, you may elect to contribute to a qualified medical flexible spending account or a qualified dependent care flexible spending account. Eligible employees who do not participate in this Plan may not pay any required conditions to the benefit plan with pre-tax dollars, nor may they pay qualified medical flexible spending expenses or qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses using pre-tax dollars.

Unless you experience a change in circumstances, as described below, your salary reduction agreement will continue in force for that plan year, and you will be required to complete a new salary reduction agreement for each subsequent plan year for which you decide to participate in the Plan. However, once you elect to contribute to a premium only plan, that election will continue to remain in effect from plan year to plan year, unless you affirmatively elect to cease your participation by so indicated on a new salary reduction agreement. If you decide to discontinue your participation in the premium only plan during the annual election period, you must affirmatively indicate your intention to do so by completing a new salary reduction agreement.

If you do not submit the salary reduction agreement to the Plan Administrator within 31 days of becoming eligible, or during the open enrollment period, it will be assumed that you have decided not to participate in the Plan, and you will not have the opportunity to enroll until the next open enrollment period or following a change in status event described below.

May I elect not to participate in the benefit plan?
You may elect not to participate in the benefit plan by completing and filing an appropriate election/declination form with the Plan Sponsor within 31 days of your original eligibility period or an open enrollment period.

May I make mid-year changes in my Plan elections?
Generally, you cannot change your election to participate in the Plan or decrease or increase the amount you have elected to contribute to your account(s) once the plan year begins. However, you may make a mid-year election change if you experience a change in status event listed below, if that change in status event affects the eligibility for benefits of you, your spouse, or your dependent, and the election change you make is consistent with the change in status event. Change in status events include:

- Marriage.

- Divorce, legal separation, or annulment.

- Death of a spouse or dependent.
• Termination or commencement of employment by you, your *spouse*, or your *dependent*.

• Reduction or increase in hours of employment by you, your spouse, or your *dependent* child (meaning a change from full-time to part-time employment status or vice versa).

• Place of residence change by you, your *spouse*, or your *dependent*, which results in a change in eligibility.

• Your *dependent* satisfies or cease to satisfy the requirements for coverage.

• Commencement or return from an unpaid leave of absence by you, your *spouse*, or your *dependent*.

• A significant change in the cost of dependent care.

• A change in dependent care providers.

• A dependent care provider’s cessation of business.

• A change in worksite of you, your *spouse*, or your *dependent*.

• The entitlement to Medicare or Medicaid or the loss of coverage under Medicare or Medicaid by you, your *spouse*, or your *dependent*.

• If you, your *spouse*, or your *dependent* becomes eligible for COBRA continuation coverage under the benefit plan, you may elect to change your contributions to the premium only plan or the qualified medical flexible spending account.

• Any other change in status that the Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, determines will permit a change or revocation of an election during a plan year according to regulations and ruling under the Internal Revenue Service.

If you experience such a change in status and wish to change your level of coverage you must submit written notification to the Plan Administrator within 31 days of your change in status, as well as a new salary reduction agreement reflecting your new contribution elections. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to require you to submit proof of any change in status at your expense. The change in coverage becomes effective with the first pay period following the date the written notification is received by the Plan Administrator, except that coverage for birth, adoption, or placement for adoption becomes effective the date of the event. Any such change will remain in effect for the remainder of the plan year.

**Must the election change be consistent with the change in status?**

You will be permitted to change an election during the plan year and make a new election for the remainder of the plan year only if the change you make is consistent with the event. For example, you can only change your election to contribute to the premium only plan or the qualified medical flexible spending account if:

• The change in status results in you or your spouse or dependent child, gaining or losing eligibility for health coverage under the benefit plan or another health plan of your spouse’s or dependent child’s employer; and

• The election change corresponds with that gain or loss of coverage.

County of El Paso
Medical Flexible Spending Account, Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account, Premium Only Plan Benefit Plan
What if there is a change in the cost of coverage during the plan year?
If the benefit costs increase or decrease during a plan year, the Plan may, on a reasonable and consistent basis, automatically make a prospective increase or decrease in the affected participant’s elective contributions for the premium only plan.

If the benefit costs significantly increase or decrease (as determined by the Plan’s Sponsor), you may make a corresponding change in your election to participate in the premium only plan.

May I continue participation during FMLA leave?
If the leave of absence is qualified under the federal Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA), you have the option to terminate your participation in the Plan or continue your participation in the Plan and make payments as determined by the Plan Administrator in compliance with FMLA requirements. In addition, the Plan Administrator must apply special detailed rules for administering Plan coverage during and after a Participant’s unpaid FMLA leave. Contact the Plan Administrator for more information.

May I continue participation while I am absent under USERRA?
If you are absent from employment because you are in the uniformed service, you may elect to continue your coverage under this Plan for up to 24 months. If you elected to continue coverage under USERRA before December 10, 2004, the maximum period for continuing coverage is 18 months. To continue your coverage, you must comply with the terms of the Plan, including election during the Plan’s open enrollment period, and pay your contribution in accordance with the options outlined above for a participant who goes on FMLA leave.

When does my participation end?
If you terminate employment with the participating employer, your participation in this Plan will terminate on the last pay period, unless you elect to continue your participation in accordance with the guidelines provided in the “COBRA continuation coverage” section. Any qualified medical flexible spending expenses or qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses incurred during the plan year prior to the date of termination will be reimbursed by the Plan in accordance with the guidelines in the section, “Benefits”. Your participation in this Plan will also terminate if the participating employer decides to terminate this Plan, or if you voluntarily decide not to participate under the terms of this Plan.

If your participation in this Plan terminates because you are no longer eligible to participate, you may either revoke your election to participate and terminate your participation in the Plan for the remainder of the plan year or continue your participation in accordance with the “COBRA continuation of coverage” section. If you do not make payments as required under COBRA, it will be assumed that you elected to revoke your participation in this Plan.

If your employment terminates, and you return to eligible employment with your participating employer more than 30 days following termination of your participation, you may rejoin the Plan and make a new election for the remainder of the plan year, as long as the termination was not for the purpose of altering the original election.
If you do not complete and file a salary reduction agreement during the annual enrollment period, your participation will end at the end of the plan year.

**COBRA continuation of coverage for contributions to a qualified medical flexible spending account**

If you are a participant in the Plan, you, your spouse or your dependents may be eligible for continued coverage under COBRA for contributions made to a qualified medical flexible spending account. COBRA may give you the right to continue your benefits under a qualified medical flexible spending account beyond the date that they might otherwise terminate. The entire cost (plus a reasonable administration fee) must be paid by you. Coverage will end in certain instances, including if you fail to make timely payment of premiums. Generally, a COBRA applies to employers with 20 or more employees. You should check with your participating employer to see if COBRA applies to you.

**When am I eligible for COBRA?**

You may elect COBRA coverage if a qualifying event occurs and results in a loss of participation in the Plan, such as:

- The death of the participant.
- The termination of the participant’s employment (other than by reason of the participant’s gross misconduct) or reduction in the participant’s hours of employment.
- The divorce or legal separation of the participant from his or her spouse.
- A dependent child ceases to be a dependent under the terms of the Plan.
- The participant becomes entitled to Medicare benefits.

In the event that the COBRA premium for the remainder of the plan year exceeds the maximum benefit still available under the Plan as of the date of the qualifying event, the Plan Administrator has the option to either not offer COBRA continuation qualified medical flexible spending account coverage, or offer the coverage for the remainder of the plan year.

**Who may elect COBRA coverage?**

The following people are known as qualified beneficiaries and may elect COBRA coverage that will include the benefits to which they were entitled to under the Plan on the day before one of the above qualifying events:

- The spouse or any dependent child of the participant under the Plan.
- The participant, if the qualifying event is the termination of coverage due to termination of employment or reduction in hours.

If a dependent under the Plan who is also a qualified beneficiary has a newborn child, adopts a child, or a child is placed for adoption with that dependent, that child will be entitled to the same COBRA coverage period, but will not become a qualified beneficiary in his or her own right.

If you have a newborn child, adopt a child, or a child is placed for adoption with you, that child will become a qualified beneficiary in his or her right.

**Who must be notified when a qualifying event occurs?**

For qualifying events such as divorce, legal separation or change in dependent status, you must inform the Plan Administrator of the event within 31 days of the event. For qualifying events such as death, termination or reduction in hours, entitlement to Medicare, bankruptcy or failure to return from leave under the FMLA, the participating employee has 31 days from the date of the qualifying event, or the date that you will lose coverage due to the qualifying event, in which to notify the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator has the obligation to furnish you, your spouse and your dependents, if they are eligible to receive benefits under this Plan, with separate, written options to continue coverage within 14 days of receiving notice of the qualifying event.
You must notify the Plan Administrator within 31 days of child’s birth, adoption, or placement for adopting in order to add the child to the continuation coverage.

**What is the cost of COBRA coverage?**
If you are eligible for and choose to continue coverage, you will be required to pay 102% of your normal contribution, and 102% of the employer contribution. When continuation of coverage for a disabled person is extended form 18 to 29 months the disabled person may be charged 15% of the cost of coverage after the initial 18-month period expires. This contribution will be on an after-tax basis.

**How long may coverage be continued?**
If you have experienced a qualifying event and have a positive balance in your qualified medical flexible spending account at the time of the event (taking into account all claims submitted before the date of the event), you may be eligible to continue participation in this Plan under COBRA. Your COBRA coverage period ends on the last day of the plan year in which the qualifying event occurs.

**What is the effect of the Trade Act?**
Two provisions under the Trade Act of 2002 (the “Trade Act”) affect the benefits that you may receive under COBRA. First, if you lose your job due to international trade agreements, you may receive a 65% tax credit for premiums paid for certain types of health insurance, including COBRA premiums. Also, if you lose your job due to international trade agreements, you may be allowed an additional 60-day period to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If you elect continuation during this second election period, the coverage period will run form the beginning date of the second election period. You should consult the Plan Administrator if you believe the Trade Act applied to you.
**BENEFITS**

*Qualified medical flexible spending expenses*

If you elect to contribute to a medical flexible spending account, the Plan will reimburse you for qualified medical flexible spending expenses which are incurred by you, your spouse, or your dependent during the plan year.

Reimbursement for qualified medical flexible spending expenses is limited to the annualized amount you elected under your salary reduction agreement for the plan year to contribute to your qualified medical flexible spending account. It is important to keep in mind that you cannot use amounts contributed to a qualified medical dependent care flexible spending account to pay qualified medical flexible spending expenses.

*What are qualified medical flexible spending expenses?*

Qualified medical expenses are health care expenses which are excludable as income according to Code § 105(b). Qualified medical flexible spending expenses may not be otherwise reimbursable under the benefit plan or other plan or by any other entity, and they may not be claimed as a tax deduction by the participant. Qualified medical flexible spending expenses do not include the cost of insurance premiums.

*What are examples of qualified and non-qualifying flexible spending expenses?*

The examples listed in this section are intended only to give you a convenient reference to the types of expense that may be eligible for reimbursement. Determination of qualified medical flexible spending expenses will be in accordance with those expenses incurred for medical care, as defined in Code § 213(d) of the Internal Revenue Code as stated at the time the expense was incurred.

Examples of qualified medical flexible spending expenses include:

- Acupuncture
- Alcoholism treatment
- Allergy tests and shots
- Ambulance services
- Artificial limbs
- Automobile modifications required by medical condition
- Blood pressure monitoring devices
- Blood sugar kits and test strips
- Birth control pills
- Birth prevention surgery
- Braille materials (books and magazines)
- Chiropractic services
- Christian Science practitioner fees
- Co-payments
- Contact lenses and supplies
- Crutches
- Deductibles on your and your spouse’s group plan
- Dental services (not cosmetic)
- Dentures
- Elastic bandages
- Eyeglasses, including examination fees
- First aid kits
- Flu shots and other immunizations
- Healing services
- Hearing aids and batteries
- Hospital costs not covered by a group health plan
- Insulin
- Laboratory fees
- Laetrile (by prescription)
- Laser eye surgery and radial keratotomy
- Mental health care and fees
- Nonprescription drugs and medicines that are health care expenses and in some cases with a prescription
- Nurses' fees
- Obstetrical expenses
- Orthopedic shoes prescribed by a physician
- Oxygen
- Physician, podiatrist, and osteopath fees not covered by medical plan
- Prescription drugs
- Prosthesis
- Radial keratotomy
- Ramps required by medical conditions
- Rehabilitation therapies, including speech therapy, physical therapy, and occupational therapy
- Rental of medical equipment
- Routine physical examinations
- Seeing eye dogs and their upkeep
- Smoking cessation programs, only if monitored by a licensed practitioner
- Special communications equipment for the deaf
- Sterilization procedures
- Therapeutic are for substance abuse (drug or alcohol)
- Weight loss programs prescribed by physicians for specific health problems
- Wheelchairs

Examples of non-qualified medical flexible spending expenses include:

- Cosmetic surgery, except those procedures necessary to improve a deformity arising from, or directly related to, a congenital abnormality, or personal injury resulting from an accident or trauma, or a disfiguring disease
- Funeral expenses
- Health insurance premiums
- Massage therapy, except for massages recommended by a physician to treat a specific injury or trauma
- Maternity clothes
- Nursing home expenses
- Weight loss programs prescribed by physicians for general health improvement

This list should not be considered all-inclusive, and determination of non-qualified expense will be in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §§ 105(b) and 213(d) as stated at the time the expense is incurred.

Over-the-Counter Drugs or Medicine

Effective January 1, 2011, medical care expenses eligible for reimbursement under the Plan shall include expenses for medicines or drugs incurred after December 31, 2010 only if the medicine or drug is a prescribed drug or medicine (determined without regard to whether the medicine or drug is available without a prescription) or is insulin. The Plan Administrator shall have sole discretion to determine, on a uniform and consistent basis, whether a particular item is a medicine or drug subject to this rule and whether the requirement of a prescription has been satisfied. The Plan Participant must provide documentation that the item was prescribed. Generally, this will be a receipt for the medicine or drug that includes a prescription number.

Qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses

If you have elected to contribute to a dependent care flexible spending account, the Plan will reimburse you for qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses which are incurred by you during the plan year.
Reimbursement for qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses is limited to the annualized amount you elected under your salary reduction agreement to contribute to a qualified dependent care flexible spending account for the plan year. It is important to keep in mind that you cannot use amounts contributed to a qualified medical flexible spending account to pay qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses.

**What are qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses?**
Qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses are employment-related dependent care expenses eligible for reimbursement under the Plan as determined under Code §§ 129(e) (1) and 21(b). Such expenses include amounts paid for daycare and other household services and for the care of qualifying individuals enabling you to be gainfully employed.

**What are examples of qualified and non-qualified dependent care spending expenses?**
The examples listed in this section are intended only to give you a convenient reference to the types of expenses that may be eligible for reimbursement. Determination of eligible expenses will be in accordance with Code §§ 21 and 129, as stated at the time the expense is incurred.

Examples of qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses include:
- Fees of a licensed dependent care center that cares for your dependent child.
- After-school care expenses.
- Wages of individuals who provide care inside or outside your home for your dependent child under age 13 or a qualifying individual over age 13 who is incapable of self-support.
- Federal and state employment taxes you pay for an individual you employ to provide dependent care.
- Day camps.
- Pre-school or nursery school tuition.

Examples of non-qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses include:
- Educational expenses for a child in first grade or above.
- Transportation, entertainment, food or clothing unless such items are incidental and cannot be separated from the cost of the care provided.
- Household expenses that are not attributable at least in part to the care of the qualifying individual.
- Expenses for a camp where a qualifying individual spends the night.

This list should not be considered all-inclusive, and determination of non-qualified expenses will be in accordance with Code §§ 21 and 129, as stated at the time the expense is incurred.

**Benefit costs**
By electing to participate in the premium only plan, your portion of the benefit costs will be taken out of your salary and paid using pre-tax dollars.

**Must I file a claim for benefits under the premium only plan?**
No, it is not necessary to file a claim for benefits under a premium only plan. Amounts taken out of your pay pursuant to a salary reduction agreement will automatically be used to pay your benefit costs.

**How do I file a claim for benefits under a qualified medical flexible spending account?**
You must submit a properly completed and documented claim to:

HealthSCOPE Benefits  
P. O. Box 8071  
Little Rock, AR  72203
It must include the following information:

- The name of the person or persons on whose behalf the expenses have been incurred.
- The nature of the expenses incurred (that is, a description of the services or supplies being claimed).
- The date the expenses were incurred.
- Evidence that such expenses have not otherwise been paid, or are otherwise payable, through any coverage (insured or self-insured) or fee-for-service arrangement, or from any other source.

The claim must include written evidence from an independent third party documenting the above information. If the expenses are not reimbursable under any benefit plan, include a copy of the provider’s statement that shows the date(s) of service, an explanation of services, and the name of the provider, along with a copy of the Explanation of Benefits or denial letter(s) from the benefit plan(s). Canceled checks or balance due statements are not acceptable.

You must also submit a signed statement in a form furnished and approved the Plan Administrator certifying that the expenses for which you are seeking reimbursement are expenses which you believe in good faith are reimbursement under the Plan.

The Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to verify to its satisfaction the eligibility of all claimed expenses prior to reimbursement and to refuse to reimburse any amounts that it determines are eligible for reimbursement under this Plan.

The Plan will pay properly submitted claims for reimbursement at such intervals as the Plan Administrator may consider appropriate.

How do I file a claim for benefits under a qualified dependent care flexible spending account?
You must submit a properly completed and documented claim to:

HealthSCOPE Benefits, Inc.
P.O. Box 8071
Little Rock, AR 72203

It must include the following information:

- A list of names of the eligible qualifying individual for whom the expenses were incurred, the ages of such qualifying individual, and the qualifying individual’s relationship to you.
- If any of the services were performed outside of your home for a qualifying individual incapable of caring for him or herself, a statement as to whether the qualifying individual regularly spends at least eight hours a day in your home.
- If any of the services are performed for a qualifying individual who is physically or mentally incapable of caring for himself or herself, a statement to that effect.
- A description of the nature and date of performance of the qualifying services for which cost you wish to be reimbursed.
- A description of the relationship, if any to you of the person or persons who performed the services.
- A statement indicating that you will include on your federal income tax return the name, address, and (except in the case of a tax-exempt dependent care facility) the taxpayer identification number of the provider of the services.
- If you are married, and your spouse is employed, a statement of your spouse’s compensation.
- If you are married and your spouse is not employed, a statement that your spouse is incapacitated, or that your spouse is a student, and indicating the months of the year during which the spouse attends an educational institution of a full-time basis.
- A statement as to the amount, if any, of tax-exempt dependent care assistance benefits received from any other employer for you or your spouse during the plan year.
- Evidence of indebtedness or payment by you to the third party who performed the services.
• Written evidence, signed by an independent third party stating that the expenses have been incurred, the amount of such expenses, the date of services, and such other information as the Plan Administrator in its sole discretion may request.
• A statement as to where the services were performed.
• A statement indicating whether the services are necessary to enable you to be gainfully employed.
• A statement that the expenses have not been reimbursed and are not reimbursable under any other plan or by any other entity.
• A statement, signed by you and in such form as determined by the Plan Administrator, certifying that the expenses for which reimbursement is sought are expense that you believe in good faith are eligible for reimbursement.

You must also attach a paid receipt from your day care provider or from the individual who provides the care. The social security number of the federal tax identification number of the provider must appear on the claim form or receipt. The individual who provides the care cannot be your spouse or a dependent under the age of 19.

The Plan Administrator, in its sole discretion, reserves the right to verify to its satisfaction the eligibility of all claimed expenses prior to reimbursement and to refuse to reimburse any amounts that it determines are not eligible for reimbursement under this Plan.

The Plan will pay properly submitted claims for reimbursement at such intervals as the Plan Administrator may consider appropriate.

Is there a time limit for filing claims?
All claims for reimbursement must be submitted within 90 days following the end of the plan year or earlier, or the claims will be denied.

What if my qualified medical flexible spending account balance or my qualified dependent care flexible spending account balance is less than my claim?
Reimbursement for qualified medical flexible spending expenses is limited to the annualized amount that you have elected to reduce your salary or wages and contribute to the qualified medical flexible spending account for the plan year under a valid salary reduction agreement. Reimbursements for qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses is limited to the amount that you have elected to reduce your salary or wages to contribute to the qualified dependent care flexible spending account for the plan year under a valid salary reduction agreement for that plan year.

To the extent that it is not used to pay claims, the amount of contributions to your qualified dependent care flexible spending account will also accumulate throughout the plan year. If you submit an eligible claim during the plan year in an amount that exceeds your current qualified dependent care flexible spending account balance, the Plan will reimburse your claim expense up to the total amount of contributions in your qualified dependent care flexible spending account, less any amounts already used to pay claims. As contribution amounts become available in your qualified dependent care flexible spending account, they may be used to reimburse any unpaid balance from a previously submitted qualified dependent care flexible spending expense. At no time during the plan year will the amount paid for claims exceed the amount of contributions made to the qualified dependent care flexible spending account.

In no instance can amounts contributed to a qualified medical flexible spending account be used to reimburse qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses, or vice versa.

May I withdraw any or all of the balance of qualified medical flexible spend account for expenses other than qualified medical expenses?
No. The only exception to this rule is for qualified reservist distributions.
What if I do not use all of the money in my qualified medical flexible spending account or my qualified dependent care flexible spending account?

You have 90 days after the end of the plan year to file any qualified medical flexible spending expenses and qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses incurred for that year. If you fail to file for reimbursement within this time limit, or if you did not incur enough qualified medical flexible spending expenses or qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses to meet your annual salary contribution amount to each respective account, you forfeit any unused funds in your account.
FUNDING

How is a qualified medical flexible spending account funded?
Your qualified medical flexible spending account is funded by the amounts that you elect to contribute to the account by executing a valid salary reduction agreement. Qualified medical flexible spending expenses will be reimbursed to you to the extent of the amount you have elected to reduce your salary or wages for the plan year under a valid salary reduction agreement.

Your annual salary or wage may be reduced in an amount not to exceed $5,000 and a minimum of $260. The salary contribution amount elected will be funded pro rata over the number of consecutive pay periods in the plan year.

The Plan Administrator will establish an individual qualified medical flexible spending account for each participant, and will credit to each participant’s account the salary contribution amounts elected.

The Plan will reimburse you for qualified medical flexible spending expenses as described in the “Benefits” section.

How is a qualified dependent care flexible spending account funded?
Your qualified dependent care flexible spending account is funded by the amounts that you elect to contribute to the account by executing a valid salary reduction agreement. Qualified dependent flexible spending expenses will be reimbursed to you to the extent of the amount you have elected to reduce your salary or wages for the plan year under a valid salary reduction agreement.

Your salary or wage may be reduced in an amount you elected under the salary reduction agreement. The salary contribution amount elected will be funded pro rata over the number of consecutive pay periods in the plan year.

The Plan Administrator will establish an individual qualified dependent care flexible spending account for each participant, and will credit to each participant’s account the salary contribution amounts elected.

The Plan will reimburse you for qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses as described in the “Benefits” section.

How much can I elect to contribute to my qualified dependent care flexible spending account?
If you are not married you may contribute up to $5,000 to a qualified dependent care flexible spending account; however, in the event that your earned income is less than $5,000, you may contribute an amount not to exceed your earned income for the taxable year. If you begin participation in the middle of the plan year you may contribute up to $5,000, or $2,500 if you and your spouse file separately, less any amounts that you have contributed to any other qualified dependent care flexible spending account during the plan year.

If you are married, you may contribute an amount up to the lesser of the earned income of you or your spouse, not to exceed $5,000. If you and your spouse file separate tax returns, you may elect to contribute an amount up to $2,500 to the Plan. If you begin participation in the middle of the plan year you may contribute to up to $5,000, or $2,500 if you and your spouse file separately, less any amounts that you have contributed to any other qualified dependent care flexible spending account during the plan year.

If your spouse is a full-time student, for each month in which he or she is a full-time student, for the purpose of determining how much you can contribute under this plan, he or she will be considered to be gainfully employed, and to have earned income of not less than $250 per month if there is one qualifying individual with respect to the taxpayer for the taxable year and not less than $500 per month is there are two or more qualifying individuals with respect to the taxpayer for the taxable year.

If your spouse is a qualifying individual, for the purpose of determining how much you can contribute under this plan, he or she will be considered gainfully employed, and to have earned income of not less than $250 per month if there is one qualifying individual with respect to the taxpayer for the taxable year and not less than $500 per month if there are two or more qualifying individual with respect to the taxpayer for the taxable year.
**How is a premium only plan funded?**
The premium only plan is funded by your contributions under a salary reduction agreement with the participating employer. The contribution amounts paid under the salary reduction agreement will be adjusted automatically during a plan year to reflect changes in the benefit cost.

**Order of funding**
The total salary contribution amount for this Plan for any one time period may not exceed the amount of your salary or wages for that period. In the event that the total elected amount exceeds your salary or wages for a period, amounts available shall be used to fund the accounts in the following order: the premium only plan, the qualified medical flexible spending account, then the qualified dependent care flexible spending account. The total salary contribution amount will be reduced by the amount is exceeds your salary or wages for that period; however, future contributions will be adjusted to compensate for such reduction.

**Accounting**
The Plan Administrator will maintain complete records of all amounts to be credited as a contribution or debited as a reimbursement of qualified medical flexible spending expenses or qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses on behalf of each participant. All contributions will be held as part of the general assets of the participating employer. No trust fund will be established and no other segregation or investment of assets will be made to maintain accounts of contributions under this Plan.
Election period for salary contribution
In order to fund a qualified medical flexible spending account, qualified dependent care flexible spending account, or the benefit costs for a premium only plan for a plan year, you must complete and file with the Plan Administrator or an appropriate salary reduction agreement election form as described in the section, “Eligibility for Participation.” You should consider carefully the amount of salary contribution you elect for each account because you will forfeit any unused amount at the end of the year plan year.

Termination, revocation, or amendment of salary contribution elections
Your salary reduction agreement election for a plan year will terminate at the end of the plan year. You must make an affirmative election for a new salary contribution for each plan year. However, with regard to the premium only plan only, once you have elected to participate in a premium only plan, your participation will continue from plan year to plan year unless you affirmatively elect to cancel or change that participation by completing the appropriate salary reduction agreement.

Termination, revocation, or amendment of salary contribution elections may only be made by you in accordance with the section, “Eligibility for Participation,” “May I make mid-year changes?”

Forfeiture of salary contribution amounts
If you fail to claim any amounts in the qualified medical flexible spending account, qualified dependent care flexible spending account, or premium only plan with the time limits specified in the section, “Benefits“, “Is There a Time Limit for Filing Claims?”, such amounts will be forfeited by you to the Plan Sponsor.

Reduction of salary contribution elections to prevent discrimination in favor of prohibited group(s)
The Plan is intended not to discriminate in favor of highly compensated individuals as to eligibility to participate, contributions and benefits and is intended to comply in this respect with the requirements of the Code. If in the judgment of the Plan Administrator, the operation of the Plan in any plan year would result in such discrimination, then the Plan Administrator shall select and exclude from coverage under the Plan such highly compensated individuals who are participants, and/or reduce contributions under the Plan by highly compensated individuals who are participants, to the extent necessary to assure that, in the judgment of the Plan Administrator, the Plan does not discriminate.

The Plan Administrator will have the full authority to reduce the salary contribution elections of participants who are members of the prohibited group(s) under Code §§ 105(h) or 125, to the extent necessary to prevent the Plan from discriminating in favor of such prohibited group(s).

Determination of noncompliance
In the event that a determination is made that all or any part of the contributions to the Plan do not qualify as non-taxable contributions to a “cafeteria plan” under Code § 125, the affected contributions made by any participant will be treated as salary, and any unpaid balance in the qualified medical flexible spending expense account, the qualified dependent care flexible spending account and the premium only plan will be returned to the participant. The participant must pay:
- Any state or federal income taxes due with respect to such amount, together with any interest or penalties imposed;
- The participant’s share (as determined in good faith by the participating employer) or any applicable FICA or FUTA contributions which would have been withheld from such amounts by the participating employer had such amounts been treated as salary and not as qualified medical flexible spending expense, qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses, or benefit costs; and
- An amount (as determined in good faith by the participating employer) equal to the portion of any applicable penalties and interest payable by the participating employer as the result of the failure to withhold and pay such amounts to the appropriate payee allocable to the participant.
Who has the authority to make decisions in connection with the Plan?

The Plan Administrator has retained the services of the third party administrator to provide certain claims processing and other ministerial services. An individual or entity may be appointed by the Plan Sponsor to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Plan Sponsor. If the Plan Administrator resigns, dies, is otherwise unable to perform, is dissolved, or is removed from the position, the Plan Sponsor will appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator will administer this Plan in accordance with its terms and establish its policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator will have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make determinations regarding issues which relate to eligibility for benefits (including the determination of what services, supplies, care and treatments are not qualified medical flexible spending expenses, qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses, or benefit costs), to decide disputes which may arise relative to a participant’s rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator as to the facts related to any claim for benefits and the meaning and intent of any provision of the Plan, or its application to any claim, shall receive the maximum deference provided by law and will be final and binding on all interested parties. Benefits under this Plan will be paid only if the Plan Administrator decides, in its discretion, that the participant is entitled to them.

The duties of the Plan Administrator include the following:

- To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms;
- To determine all questions of eligibility, status, and coverage under the Plan;
- To interpret the Plan, including the authority to construe possible ambiguities, inconsistencies, omissions and disputed terms;
- To make factual findings;
- To decide disputes which may arise relative to a participant’s rights;
- To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits, to review claim denials and appeals relating to them and to uphold or reverse such denials;
- To keep and maintain the Plan documents and all other records pertaining to the Plan;
- To appoint and supervise a third party administrator to pay claims;
- To perform all necessary reporting;
- To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether MCSOs and NMSNs are QMCSOs;
- To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate; and
- To perform each and every function necessary for or related to the Plan’s administration.

May changes be made to the Plan?

The Plan Sponsor expects to maintain this Plan indefinitely; however, the Plan Sponsor may, in its sole discretion at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan.

Any such amendment, suspension or termination shall be enacted, if the Plan Sponsor is a corporation, by resolution of the Plan Sponsor’s directors and officers, which shall be acted upon as provided in the Plan Sponsor’s articles of incorporation or bylaws, as applicable, and in accordance with the applicable federal and state law. In the even that the Plan Sponsor is a different type of entity, then such amendment, suspension or termination shall be taken and enacted in accordance with applicable federal and state law and any applicable governing documents. In the event that the Plan Sponsor is a sole proprietorship, then such action shall be taken by the sole proprietor, in his or her own discretion.

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the participants are limited to expenses incurred before termination. All amendments to this Plan shall become effective as of a date established by the Plan Sponsor.
Additional operating rules

A participant’s salary contribution amount will not be subject to federal income tax withholding or to applicable Social Security (FICA or FUTA) tax withholding. Salary contribution amounts will not be subject to any state income tax withholding unless otherwise prohibited by applicable state law.

Salary contribution amounts under this Plan shall not reduce salary or wage for purposes of any other employer sponsored employee benefit programs unless the provisions of those programs otherwise provide.
**MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION**

**Will the Plan release my information to anyone?**

For the purpose of determining the applicability of and implementing the terms of these benefits, the Plan Administrator may, without the consent of or notice to any person, release or obtain any information necessary to determine the acceptability of any applicant or participant for benefits under this Plan. In so acting, the Plan Administrator shall be free from any liability that may arise with regard to such action; however, the Plan Administrator at all times will comply with the privacy standards. Any participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as may be necessary to implement this provision. See HIPAA Privacy Practices on page 31.

**What if the Plan make an error?**

Clerical errors made on the records of the Plan and delays in making entries on such records shall not invalidate participation nor cause participation to be in force or to continue in force. Rather, the effective dates of participation shall be determined solely in accordance with the provisions of this Plan regardless of whether any contributions with respect to participants have been made or have failed to be made because of such errors or delays. Upon discovery of any such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of any such contributions will be made.

In the event that it has determined that the Plan Administrator has mistakenly reimbursed an expense which did not qualify under the terms of the Plan, the Plan Administrator may adjust your pay and appropriately credit the qualified medical flexible spending account, qualified dependent care flexible spending account or premium only plan.

**What if the employee makes an error?**

In the case of an employee mistake, a correction will only be allowed as permitted by law.

**Will the Plan conform with applicable laws?**

This Plan shall be deemed automatically to be amended to conform as required by an applicable law, regulation or the order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction governing provisions of this Plan, including, but not limited to, stated maximums, exclusions or limitations. In the event that any law, regulation or the order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction causes the Plan Administrator to pay claims that are otherwise limited or excluded under this Plan, such payments will be considered as being in accordance with the terms of this summary plan description.

**What constitutes a fraudulent claim?**

The following actions by you, or your knowledge of such actions being taken by another, constitute fraud and will result in immediate termination of participation under this Plan.

- Attempting to submit a claim for benefits (which includes attempting to fill a prescription) for a person other than you, your spouse or your dependent according to the Plan;
- Attempting to file a claim for services that were not rendered or drugs or other items that were not provided;
- Providing false or misleading information in connection with enrollment in the Plan or;
- Providing any false or misleading information to the Plan.

**How will this document be interpreted?**

The use of masculine pronouns in this summary plan description shall apply to persons of both sexes unless the context clearly indicates otherwise. The headings used in this summary plan description are used for convenience of reference only. Participants are advised not to rely on any provision because of the heading.

The use of the words, “you” and “your” throughout this summary plan description applies to participants.

**How may a Plan provision be waived?**

No term, condition or provision of this Plan shall be deemed to have been waived, and there shall be no estoppel against the enforcement of any provision of this Plan, except by written instrument of the party charged with such waiver or estoppel. No such written waiver shall be deemed a continuing waiver unless specifically stated therein, and each such waiver shall operate only as to the specific term or condition waived and shall not constitute a waiver of such term or condition for the future or as to any act other than the one specifically waived.
Is this summary plan description a contract between the employer and participants?

This summary plan description and any amendments constitute the terms and provisions of coverage under this Plan. The summary plan description shall not be deemed to constitute a contract of any type between the participating employer and any participant or to be considered for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any employee. Nothing in this summary plan description shall be deemed to give any employee the right to be retained in the service of the participating employer or to interfere with the right of the participating employer to discharge any employee at any time.

May I appoint an authorized representative?

A participant is permitted to appoint an authorized representative to act on his or her behalf with respect to a benefit claim or appeal of a denial. To appoint such a representative, the participant must complete a form which can be obtained from the Plan Administrator or the third party administrator. In the event a participant designates an authorized representative, all future communications form the Plan will be with the representative, rather than the participant, unless the participant directs the Plan Administrator, in writing, to the contrary.

How will the Plan pay benefits?

All benefits under this Plan are payable, in U.S. dollars, to the participant or, if appropriate, the alternate recipient. In the event of the death or incapacity of a participant and in the absence of written evidence to this Plan of the qualification of a guardian for his or her estate, the Plan Administrator may, in its sole discretion, make any and all payments due under the plan to the individual or institution which, in the opinion of the Plan Administrator, is or was providing the care and support of such participant.

What if my claim is for non-U.S. providers?

Qualified medical flexible spending expenses and qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses for care, supplies or services which are rendered by a provider whose principal place of business or address for payment is located outside the United States (a “non-U.S. provider”) may be reimbursed under the following conditions:

- The participant is responsible for making all payments to non-U.S. providers, and submitting receipts to the Plan for reimbursement;
- Benefit payments will be determined by the Plan based upon the exchange rate in effect on the incurred date;
- The non-U.S. provider shall be subject to, and in compliance with, all requirements under Code § 105; and
- Claims for benefits must be submitted to the Plan in English.

How will the Plan recover payments made in error?

Whenever the Plan pays benefits exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan, the Plan Administrator has the right to recover any such erroneous payment directly from the person or entity who received such payment and/or from the participant on whose behalf such payment was made.

A participant, spouse, dependent, provider, another benefit plan, insurer, or any other person or entity who receives a payment made in error under the terms of the Plan, shall return the amount of such erroneous payment to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand. The Plan Administrator shall have obligation to secure payment for the expense for which the erroneous payment was made or to which it was applied.

The person or entity receiving an erroneous payment may not apply such payment to another expense. The Plan Administrator shall have the sole discretion to choose who will repay the Plan for an erroneous payment and whether such payment shall be reimbursed in a lump sum, payroll deduction, or other arrangement.

Participants accepting payment from the Plan, in consideration of such payments, agree to be bound by the terms of this Plan and agree to submit claims for reimbursement in strict accordance with the requirements of this Plan. Any payments made on claims for reimbursement not in accordance with the above provisions shall be repaid to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand or incur prejudgment interest of 1.5% per month. If court action is necessary to recover any erroneous payment, the Plan shall be entitled to recover its litigation costs and actual attorney’s fees incurred.
How will the Plan handle medical child support orders?
The Plan Administrator shall adhere to the terms of any medical child support order that satisfies the requirements of this section. The Plan Administrator shall enroll for immediate coverage under this Plan any alternate recipient who is the subject of a medical child support order that is qualified medical support order if such an individual is not already covered by the Plan as a dependent.

The Plan Administrator shall promptly notify the participant and each alternate recipient of:
- The receipt of a medical child support order by the Plan; and
- The Plan’s procedures for determining the qualified status of medical child support orders.

Within a reasonable period after receipt of a medical child support order, the Plan Administrator shall determine whether such order is a qualified medical child support order and shall notify the participant and each alternate recipient of such determination. If the participant or any affected alternate recipient disagrees with the determinations of the Plan Administrator, the disagreeing party shall be treated as a claimant and the claims procedure provided in the section, “Claims Review Procedures,” of the Plan shall be followed. The Plan Administrator may bring an action for a declaratory judgment in a court of competent jurisdiction to determine the proper recipient of the benefits to be paid by the Plan.

Upon receiving a national medical support notice, the Plan Administrator shall:
- Notify the state agency issuing the notice with respect to the child whether coverage of the child is available under the Plan, and if so:
  - Whether the child is covered under the Plan;
  - Either the effective date of the coverage or, if necessary, any steps to be taken by the custodial parent or by the official of a state or political subdivision to effectuate the coverage; and
- Provide to the custodial parent (or any state official serving in a substitute capacity) a description of the coverage available and any forms or documents necessary to effectuate such coverage.

To give effect to this requirement, the Plan Administrator shall:
- Establish reasonable, written procedures for determining the qualified status of a medical child support order or a national medical support notice; and
- Permit any alternate recipient to designate a representative for receipt of copies of the notices that are sent to the alternate recipient with respect to the order.

Payments under this Plan pursuant to a medical child support order described in this section in reimbursement for expenses paid by the alternate recipient or the alternate recipient’s custodial parent or legal guardian shall be made to the alternate recipient or the alternate recipient’s custodial or legal guardian.

Will the Plan provide a statement of benefits?
Throughout the plan year, the Plan Administrator will provide access to a web-based online system to each participant who received benefits under the Plan which will show the amounts paid or the expenses incurred by the Plan Sponsor in providing reimbursement under the Plan for qualified dependent care flexible spending expenses, qualified medical flexible spending expenses, and benefit costs for the prior plan year. In the fourth quarter, the Plan will mail a statement outlining funds not yet used.
Upon receipt of complete information, the claim will be deemed to be filed with the Plan. The third party administrator will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim. If not, more information may be requested as provided herein. This additional information must be received by the third party administrator within 45 days from receipt by the participant of the request for additional information. Failure to do so may result in claims being declined or reduced.

Timing of claims decisions

The Plan Administrator shall notify you, in accordance with the provisions set forth below, of any adverse benefits determination within the following timeframes:

- If you have provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15-day extension period.
- If you have not provided all of the information needed to process the claim and additional information is requested during the initial processing period, then you will be notified of a determination of benefits prior to the end of the extension period, unless additional information is requested during the extension period, then you will be notified of the determination by a date agreed to by you and the plan Administrator.

Extensions. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notified you, prior to the expiration of the initial 30-day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision.

Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which a benefit determination is required to be made shall begin at the time a claim is deemed to be filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan.

Notification of an adverse benefit determination

The Plan Administrator shall provide you with a notice, either in writing or electronically, containing the following information:

- A reference to the specific portion(s) of the summary plan description upon which a denial is based;
- Specific reason(s) for denial;
- A description of the Plan’s review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures, including a statement of your right to bring a civil action under section 502(a) of ERISA following an adverse benefit determination on final review;
- A statement that you are entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to your claim for benefits;
- The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request);
- Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon in making the determination (or a statement that it was relied upon and that a copy will be provided to you, free of charge, upon request); and
- In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is medically necessary or experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to your medical circumstances, or a statement that such explanation will be provided to you, free of charge, upon request.

Appeal of adverse benefit determinations

Full and fair review of all claims

In cases where a claim for benefits is denied, in whole or in part, and you believe the claim has been denied wrongly, you may appeal the denial and review pertinent documents. The claims procedures of this Plan proved you with a reasonable opportunity for a full and fair review of a claim and adverse benefit determination. More specifically, the Plan provides:
You at least 180 days following receipt of a notification of an initial adverse benefit determination within which to appeal the determination;

You the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits;

For a review that does not afford deference to the previous adverse benefit determination and that is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan, who shall be neither the individual who made the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual;

For a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by you relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in any prior benefit determination;

That, in deciding an appeal of any adverse benefit determination that is based in whole or in part upon a medical judgment, the Plan fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment, who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual;

For the identification of medical or vocational experts whose advise was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice; and

That you will be provided, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to your claim for benefits in possession of the Plan Administrator or the third party administrator; information regarding any voluntary appeals procedures offered by the Plan; any internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion relied upon in making the adverse determination; and an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to your medical circumstances.

Requirements for appeal

You must file the appeal in writing within 180 days following receipt of the notice of an adverse benefit determination. To file an appeal in writing, you appeal must be addressed and mailed as follows:

HealthSCOPE Benefits
P. O. Box 2860
Little Rock, AR 72203

It shall be your responsibility to submit proof that the claim for benefits is covered and payable under the provisions of the Plan. Any appeal must include:

- The name of the participant;
- The participant's social security number;
- The group name or identification number;
- All facts and theories supporting the claim for benefits. Failure to include any theories or facts in the appeal will result in their being deemed waived. In other words, the participant will lose the right to raise factual arguments and theories which support this claim if the participant fails to include them in the appeal;
- A statement in clear and concise terms of the reason or reasons for disagreement with the handling of the claim; and
- Any material or information that the participant has which indicates that the participant is entitled to benefits under the Plan.

If you provide all of the required information, it may be that the expenses will be eligible for payment under the Plan.

Timing of notification of benefit determination on review

- The Plan Administrator shall notify you of the Plan’s benefit determination on review within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 60 days after receipt of an appeal.
• **Calculating Time Periods.** The period of time within which the Plan’s determination is required to be made shall begin at the time appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan, without regard to whether all information necessary to make the determination accompanies the filing.

**Manner and content of notification of adverse benefit determination on review**
The Plan Administrator shall provide you with notification, in writing or electronically, of a Plan’s adverse benefit determination on review, setting forth:

- The specific reason or reasons for the denial;
- Reference to the specific portion(s) of the summary plan description on which the denial is based;
- The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with the claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice;
- A statement that the participant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the participant’s claim for benefits;
- If an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination, a statement that such rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination and that a copy of the rule, protocol, or other similar criterion will be provided free of charge to you upon request;
- If the adverse benefit determination is based upon a medical judgment, a statement that an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to your medical circumstances, will be provided free of charge upon request;
- The following statement: “You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your state insurance regulatory agency.”

**Furnishing documents in the event of an adverse determination**
In the case of an adverse benefit determination on review, the Plan Administrator shall provide you access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in items 3 through 6 of the section relating to “Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review” as appropriate.

**Decision on review to be final**
If, for any reason, you do not receive a written response to the appeal within the appropriate time period set forth above, you may assume that the appeal has been denied. The decision by the Plan Administrator or other appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan on review will be final, binding and conclusive and will be afforded the maximum deference permitted by law. All claim review procedures provided for in the Plan must be exhausted before any legal action is brought. Any legal action for the recovery of any benefits must be commenced within 180 days after the Plan’s claim review procedures have been exhausted.
The following is a description of certain uses and disclosures that may be made by the Plan regarding your health information. If you receive benefits under the Plan, this Privacy Notice explains the rights you have with respect to your health information, and certain obligations the Plan must abide by in accordance with the law.

Nothing contained in this Privacy Notice should be construed to supersede or limit any additional rights you may be entitled to under other applicable law. Therefore, if an applicable law affords you greater rights or more protections other than as described herein, the Plan will comply with the law that gives you greater rights and/or protections.

The Plan is required to abide by the terms of this Privacy Notice, but reserves the right to make additional changes to this Privacy Notice and to make such changes applicable to all of your health information that it maintains. If the Plan makes any material revisions to this Privacy Notice, it will provide you with a copy of the revised Privacy Notice which will specify the date on which such revised Privacy Notice becomes effective.

I. Use and Disclosure of Your Health Information

The Plan component in which you are enrolled may use your health information for treatment, payment and health care operations. The Plan may also use your health information for other purposes that are permitted and/or required by law and pursuant to your written authorization. The following lists examples of how the Plan may use and/or disclose your health information. Any other uses or disclosures not described in this Privacy Notice will only be made with your explicit written authorization, which authorization you may revoke at any time by providing the Plan with written notice of your revocation.

A. For Treatment.

The Plan may disclose your health information to a health care provider that provides treatment to you. For example, in an emergency situation, the Plan may provide your health care provider with information regarding the type of prescription drugs you are currently taking if necessary for your proper treatment.

B. For Payment.

The Plan may use your health information to obtain premium payments or to fulfill its responsibility for coverage and the provision of benefits under the Plan. For example, the Plan may receive and maintain information about a health care service you received in order to process a claim from a physician for reimbursement for services provided to you.

C. For Health Care Operations.

The Plan may also disclose your health information for management functions. For example, the Plan may use and/or disclose your health information to evaluate its performance or to conduct or arrange for legal services and audit functions, including fraud and abuse detection and compliance programs. Additionally, the Plan may use your health information for its business management and general administrative activities, including but not limited to: (i) management activities relating to implementation of and compliance with law; (ii) customer service; (iii) resolution of internal grievances; (iv) the sale, transfer, merger, or consolidation of all or part of the Plan with another covered entity, or an entity that following such activity will become a covered entity and due diligence related to such activity; and (v) creating de-identified information or a limited data set.

D. For Treatment Alternatives.

The Plan may use and disclose your health information to tell you about treatment options or alternatives that may be of interest to you.

E. For Health-Related Benefits and Services.

The Plan may use and disclose your health information to tell you about health-related benefits or services that may be of interest to you.
F. To Family Members, Relatives or Close Friends.
Unless you object to such disclosure, the Plan may disclose your health information to your family members, relatives or close personal friends, or any other person identified by you as being involved in your treatment or payment for your medical care. If you are not present to agree or object to the Plan’s disclosure of your health information to a family member, relative or friend, the Plan may exercise its professional judgment to determine whether the disclosure is in your best interest. If the Plan decides to disclose your health information to your family member, relative or other individual identified by you, the Plan will only disclose the health information that is relevant to your treatment or payment.

G. To Business Associates.
The Plan may disclose your health information to its "business associates." Third party administrators, auditors and consultants are some examples of business associates of the Plan.

H. Other Permitted and Required Uses and Disclosures.
In some cases, the Plan may use your health information without obtaining your authorization and without offering you the opportunity to agree or object as follows:

  - as required by law, provided however, that the use or disclosure will be made in compliance with applicable law;
  - to a public health authority that is authorized by law to collect or receive such information, or to a foreign government agency that is acting in collaboration with a public health authority;
  - to a health oversight agency for oversight activities authorized by law, including audits and inspections, and civil, administrative or criminal investigations, proceedings or actions;
  - to a public health authority or to a government authority authorized by law to receive reports of abuse, neglect or domestic violence;
  - for judicial or administrative proceedings;
  - for law enforcement purposes;
  - to a coroner or medical examiner to perform duties authorized by law;
  - to funeral directors, consistent with applicable law, as necessary to carry out their duties;
  - to organ procurement organizations or similar entities for the purpose of facilitating organ, eye or tissue donation and transplantation;
  - for research purposes;
  - to avert a serious threat to health or safety, so long as the disclosure is only to a person who is reasonably able to prevent or lessen such threat;
  - for specialized government functions, such as the proper execution of a military mission or national security activities;
  - to a correctional institution or law enforcement custodian;
  - to the extent necessary to comply with laws relating to workers' compensation or other similar programs established by law that provide benefits for work-related injuries or illness without regard to fault; and
  - to the Plan Sponsor as permitted by law.

II. YOUR RIGHTS AS A PARTICIPANT IN THE PLAN
As a participant in the Plan, you have a number of rights associated with your health information. The following describes your specific rights.

A. The Right to Request a Restriction or Limitation on the Use and Disclosure of Your Health Information.
You have the right to request restrictions or limitations on how the Plan is allowed to use and/or disclose your health information; however, the Plan does not have to agree to your requested restriction or limitation. If you would like to request a restriction or limitation on the Plan’s use or disclosure of your health information, please send your written request to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice. Your request must specify: (1) if you would
to whom you want the limitation or restriction to apply (e.g., your spouse).

If the Plan agrees to a restriction or limitation of your health information, the restriction or limitation will not prevent the Plan from disclosing your health information as follows: (1) to you if you request access to your health information or if you request an accounting of disclosures; (2) for purposes required or permitted by law (e.g., to comply with laws relating to workers' compensation); or (3) in the case of an emergency, as described below.

If the Plan accepts your restriction or limitation regarding how the Plan may use or disclose your health information, the Plan may nevertheless disclose the restricted health information to a health care provider if you are in need of emergency care and your restricted health information is needed to provide emergency treatment to you. Before the Plan discloses your restricted health information to a health care provider during an emergency, the Plan will require the health care provider that receives your health information to not further use or disclose your health information. If the Plan accepts your requested restriction or limitation, it may terminate the restriction or limitation if: (1) you agree to the termination or request the termination in writing; (2) you orally agree to the termination and the oral agreement is appropriately documented; or (3) it informs you that it is terminating the restriction or limitation; provided, however, the Plan's termination would only be effective for health information the Plan creates or receives after it informs you of the termination.

B. Right to Request Confidential Communications via Alternative Means or Locations.

You have the right to request receipt of health information from the Plan by alternative means or via alternative locations provided that you clearly state that the disclosure of all or part of your health information could endanger you. For example, you may want to receive communications related to your health care at a different address other than your home address because you could be in danger of harm if someone at that address saw your health information. If you wish to receive confidential communications via alternative means or locations, please submit your written request to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice and set forth the alternative means by which you wish to receive communications or the alternative location at which you wish to receive such communications.

C. Right to Inspect and Copy Your Health Information.

You have the right to inspect and obtain a copy of your health information; provided, however, you are not entitled to access health information that is: (1) contained in psychotherapy notes; (2) compiled in reasonable anticipation of, or for use in, a civil, criminal, or administrative action or proceeding; or (3) is either subject to the Clinical Laboratory Improvements Amendments of 1988 ("CLIA") to the extent your access is prohibited by law, or is exempt from CLIA. If you would like to access your health information, please send your written request to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice. If the Plan does not have your health information in its possession, it will provide you with the appropriate contact information when your request is received. If you request a copy of your health information, you will receive a response to your request in a timely fashion but may be charged a reasonable, cost-based fee to cover copy costs and postage.

In some limited circumstances, the Plan may deny your request for access to health information. For example, the Plan may deny access to health information that is subject to the Privacy Act. The Plan may also deny you access to health information if such information was obtained from someone other than a health care provider under a promise of confidentiality and the access requested would be reasonably likely to reveal the source of the information. If your request is denied for one of these reasons, you will not have the opportunity to review the denial.

Additionally, the Plan may deny you access to health information if: (1) access is reasonably likely to endanger the life and physical safety of you or someone else; (2) the access requested refers to another person and your access is reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to such other person; or (3) you are the personal representative of another individual and a health care professional determines that your access is reasonably likely to cause substantial harm to the individual or another person. If you are denied access for one of these reasons, you are entitled to review by a health care professional, designated by the Plan, who was not involved in the decision to deny access. If access is ultimately denied, you will be entitled to written explanation of the reasons for the denial.

33
D. Right to Receive an Accounting of Disclosures.
You have the right to receive an accounting of disclosures of your health information made by the Plan, including disclosures to or by business associates of the Plan, for the period of six years prior to the date on which you request an accounting of disclosures, or such lesser period as you indicate; provided, however, you are not entitled to receive an accounting of disclosures for disclosures that occurred prior to April 14, 2004. If you would like to receive an accounting of disclosures, please send your written request to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice. If the Plan does not have your health information in its possession, it will provide you with the appropriate contact information when it receives your request. You will receive a response to your request for an accounting of disclosures no later than sixty days after your request is received.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, your accounting of disclosures will not include any disclosures made: (1) to carry out treatment, payment and/or health care operations; (2) directly to you; (3) incident to a use or disclosure otherwise permitted by law; (4) pursuant to your authorization; (5) to persons involved in your care; (6) for national security or intelligence purposes as permitted by law; (7) to correctional institutions or law enforcement officials as permitted by law; (8) as part of a limited data set in accordance with law; or (9) that occurred prior to April 14, 2004.

You will receive one request annually free of charge and, thereafter, the Plan may charge you a reasonable, cost-based fee for each subsequent request for an accounting of disclosures within the same twelve-month period. The Plan will notify you of the cost for an accounting of disclosures and you may choose to withdraw or modify your request before it charges you for any costs.

E. Right to Amend Your Health Information.
If you believe the Plan has health information about you that is incorrect or incomplete, you may make a written request to the Plan stating the reasons to support your requested amendment. You have the right to request an amendment to your health information for so long as the Plan maintains your health information. If you would like to amend your health information, please send your written request to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice. If the Plan does not have your health information in its possession, it will provide you with the appropriate contact information when your request is received. You will receive a response to your request for an amendment no later than sixty days after the Plan receives your request. However, the Plan may deny your request for amendment if, for example, the Plan determines that it did not create your health information or your health information is already accurate and complete. You may respond to a denial by the Plan by filing a written statement of disagreement, but the Plan has the right to rebut your disagreement. If this occurs, you have the right to request that your original request, the Plan’s denial, your statement of disagreement, and the Plan’s rebuttal be included in future disclosures of your health information.

F. Right to Receive a Paper Copy of Your Privacy Notice.
You have the right at any time to obtain a paper copy of this Privacy Notice, even if you receive this Privacy Notice electronically. If you have received an electronic copy of this Privacy Notice, but would like to obtain a paper copy of this Privacy Notice, please send your written request to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice.

III. MISCELLANEOUS

A. Complaints.
If you believe your privacy rights have been violated, you may file a complaint with the Plan or with the Secretary of the Department of Health and Human Services. If you would like to file a complaint with the Plan, please forward your written complaint to the address listed at the end of this Privacy Notice. If you choose to file a complaint, the Plan is prohibited by law from retaliating against you for filing such complaint.

B. Effective Date.
This revised notice is effective as of January 1, 2012.
C. Contact Information.
If you need any additional information about this Privacy Notice, please contact, the Privacy Officer at: County of El Paso; 800 E. Overland, Suite 223, El Paso, TX 79901.

IV. DISCLOSURE OF ELECTRONIC PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION (“ELECTRONIC PHI”) TO THE PLAN SPONSOR FOR PLAN ADMINISTRATION FUNCTIONS

In accordance with HIPAA’s Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic PHI (the “Security Standards”), and to enable the Plan Sponsor to receive and use Electronic PHI for plan administration functions, the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

• Implement Administrative, Physical, and Technical Safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the Confidentiality, Integrity and Availability of the Electronic PHI that creates, received, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan;
• Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in 45 CFR § 164.504 (f)(2) (iii), is supported by reasonable and appropriate Security Measures;
• Ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides Electronic PHI created, received, maintained, or transmitted on behalf of the Plan, agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate Security Measures to protect the Electronic PHI;
• Report to the Plan any Security Incident of which it becomes aware;
• Notify participants of any PHI Security Incident of which the Plan Sponsor, or any Business Associate of the Plan Sponsor becomes aware, in accordance with the health breach notification rule (16 CFR Part 18); and
• Notify the Federal Trade Commission of any PHI Security Incident of which the Plan Sponsor, or any Business Associate of the Plan Sponsor becomes aware, in accordance with the health breach notification rule (16 CFR Part 18).

Any terms not otherwise defined in this section shall have the meanings set forth in the Security Standards.
County of El Paso
HEALTH BENEFIT PLAN

Summary Plan Description
Effective: January 1, 2013
# TABLE OF CONTENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Article</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>ARTICLE 1 ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>ARTICLE 2 INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE; GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>ARTICLE 3 SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>ARTICLE 4 DEFINITIONS</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>ARTICLE 5 ELIGIBILITY FOR COVERAGE [SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS FOR PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS]</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>ARTICLE 6 TERMINATION OF COVERAGE</td>
<td>34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>ARTICLE 7 CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>ARTICLE 8 PLAN ADMINISTRATION</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>ARTICLE 9 CLAIM PROCEDURES; PAYMENT OF CLAIMS</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>ARTICLE 10 COORDINATION OF BENEFITS</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>ARTICLE 11 MEDICARE</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>ARTICLE 12 THIRD PARTY RECOVERY, SUBROGATION AND REIMBURSEMENT</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>ARTICLE 13 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>ARTICLE 14 COVERED MEDICAL EXPENSES</td>
<td>62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>ARTICLE 15 GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS</td>
<td>69</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>ARTICLE 16 PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS</td>
<td>73</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>ARTICLE 17 COST CONTAINMENT</td>
<td>82</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>ARTICLE 18 SCHEDULE OF DENTAL BENEFITS</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>ARTICLE 19 BENEFIT DETERMINATION</td>
<td>84</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>ARTICLE 20 HIPAA PRIVACY</td>
<td>91</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>ARTICLE 21 HIPAA SECURITY</td>
<td>98</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ARTICLE 1
ESTABLISHMENT OF THE SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION

THIS SUMMARY PLAN DESCRIPTION, made by County of El Paso effective as of January 1, 2013.

1.01 Effective Date
The Summary Plan Description is effective as of the date first set forth above, and each amendment is effective as of the date set forth therein.

1.02 Adoption of the Summary Plan Description
The Plan Sponsor, as the settlor of the Plan, hereby adopts this Summary Plan Description. This Summary Plan Description amends and replaces any prior statement of the health care coverage contained in the Plan or any predecessor to the Plan.

Note: It is important to make sure that Human Resources has your current and correct address. If Human Resources does not have your current information on record, that can delay or prevent you from receiving benefit coverage.

This Summary Plan Description describes your health plan benefits under the County health plan for medical, pharmacy and dental benefits. If you have trouble understanding it, or any part of the Summary Plan Description, you can get an explanation from the County Human Resources Department at:

County of El Paso
800 E. Overland, Suite 223
El Paso, Texas 79901
(915) 546-2218

Or

HealthSCOPE Benefits
7430 Remcon Circle, Bldg C
El Paso, Texas 79912
(915) 581-8182 or (800) 854-2339
Customer Care Hours
7:00am – 6:00pm
Monday - Friday
ARTICLE 2
INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE; GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

2.01 Introduction and Purpose
Welcome to the County of El Paso Texas sponsored health care plan administered by HealthSCOPE Benefits. Your employer has provided you with this Summary Plan Description (SPD) which describes the Medical, Prescription Drug (Pharmacy) and Dental Benefits, as well as your rights and responsibilities under this SPD.

This SPD is your guide to the benefits, provisions, and programs offered by this plan. Services are subject to all provisions of the Plan, including the limitations and exclusions.

Please read this SPD carefully, paying special attention to the “Schedule of Benefits”, “Covered Medical Expenses”, and “General Limitations and Exclusions” sections to better understand how your benefits work.

The Plan benefits described in this SPD are being restated effective as of January 1, 2013. This SPD has been updated to comply with federal requirements including applicable provisions of the federal health care reform laws.
As the Plan Administrator receives additional guidance and clarification on the new health reform laws from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Department of Labor and Internal Revenue Service, the Plan Administrator may be required to make additional changes to the Summary of Plan Description.

The County of El Paso offers three coverage choices for active employees, eligible retirees and COBRA participants: Core Plan Option, Buy Up Plan Option and Consumer Driven Health (CDH Plan) Option.

The benefits under the County of El Paso Benefit Plan are self-insured. These benefits are made available to you based upon your eligibility as defined by the Plan. The County of El Paso expects you to use your Benefit Plan to its full extent in a prudent manner. Both County and plan participants contribute to the Plan Fund in order to make these benefits available to you.

The SPD is not a contract. The plan shall not be deemed to constitute a contract between the County of El Paso and any plan participant or to be a consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in the SPD shall be deemed to give any Employee the right to be retained in the service of the County of El Paso or to interfere with the right of the County of El Paso to discharge any employee at any time.

The County of El Paso is a Grandfathered Health Plan for the Core Plan Option and Buy Up Plan Option. Being a Grandfathered Health Plan means that your Plan may not include certain consumer protections of the Affordable Care Act that apply to the CDH Plan option.

We recommend that you contact the Claims Administrator to verify that your Plan will cover the medical expenses necessary to treat your illness or injury PRIOR to starting any suggested plan of medical treatment.
2.02 General Plan Information

Name of Plan: County of El Paso Health Benefit Plan

Plan Sponsor and Plan Administrator (Named Fiduciary):
County of El Paso
800 E. Overland, Suite 223
El Paso, Texas 79901
(915) 546-2218
Fax: (915) 546-8126
humanresources@epcounty.com

Source of Funding: Self-Funded

Plan Year: January 1 through December 31

Plan Type:
Medical
Dental
Prescription Drug

Third Party Administrator: HealthSCOPE Benefits
(Claims and Cobra Administrator)
7430 Remcon Circle, Bldg C
El Paso, Texas 79912
(915) 581-8182 or (800) 854-2339
www.healthscopebenefits.com
Customer Service Hours
7:00 a.m. – 6:00 p.m.
Monday - Friday
2.03 Legal Entity; Service of Process
The Plan is a legal entity. Legal notice may be filed with, and legal process served upon, the Plan Administrator.

2.04 Not a Contract
This Summary Plan Description summarizes the terms and provisions of coverage under this Plan. The Summary Plan Description shall not be deemed to constitute a contract of any type between the County of El Paso and any Participant or to be consideration for, or an inducement or condition of, the employment of any Employee. Nothing in this Summary Plan Description shall be deemed to give any Employee the right to be retained in the service of the County of El Paso or to interfere with the right of the County of El Paso to discharge any Employee at any time; provided, however, that the foregoing shall not be deemed to modify the provisions of any collective bargaining agreements which may be entered into by the County of El Paso with the bargaining representatives of any Employees.

2.05 Mental Health Parity
Pursuant to the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008, this Plan applies its terms uniformly and enforces parity between covered health care benefits and covered mental health and substance disorder benefits relating to financial cost sharing restrictions and treatment duration limitations. For further details, please contact the Plan Administrator.

2.06 Discretionary Authority
The Plan Administrator shall have full and final discretionary authority to interpret all Plan provisions, including the right to remedy possible ambiguities, inconsistencies and/or omissions in the Plan and related documents; to make determinations in regards to issues relating to eligibility for benefits; to decide disputes that may arise relative to a Plan Participants’ rights; and to determine all questions of fact and law arising under the Plan.
## ARTICLE 3
### SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>CORE PLAN OPTION</th>
<th>BUY UP PLAN OPTION</th>
<th>CDH PLAN OPTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>In-Network</td>
<td>Out-of-network</td>
<td>In-Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Annual Deductibles</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee</td>
<td>$1000</td>
<td>$2000</td>
<td>$250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee/Dependent</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
<td>$4,000</td>
<td>$500</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Plan Year Out-of-Pocket Maximum</strong></td>
<td>Excludes co-payments, deductibles and penalties</td>
<td>Excludes co-payments, deductibles and penalties</td>
<td>Includes co-payments and deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee</td>
<td>$2,500</td>
<td>No Limit</td>
<td>$2,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Employee/Dependent</td>
<td>$5,000</td>
<td>No Limit</td>
<td>$4,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hospital Co Pay (per admission)</strong></td>
<td>$100</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Hospital Deductible (per year)</strong></td>
<td>$200</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>$200</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Core Plan Option Hospital Services
(Plan pays)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>In-Network</th>
<th>Out-of-Network</th>
<th>In-Network</th>
<th>Out-of-Network</th>
<th>In-Network</th>
<th>Out-of-Network</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University Medical Center Preferred Hospital</td>
<td>95% after annual deductible</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>95% after annual deductible</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>100% after annual deductible</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other Hospital Facilities</td>
<td>80% after annual deductible</td>
<td>50% after annual deductible</td>
<td>80% after annual deductible</td>
<td>50% after annual deductible</td>
<td>100% after annual deductible</td>
<td>50% after annual deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Use of Emergency Room</td>
<td>80% after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>80% after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>80% after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>80% after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>100% after annual deductible</td>
<td>50% after annual deductible</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Emergency Use of Emergency Room</td>
<td>80% after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>50% for Non-Emergency Use after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>80% after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>50% for Non-Emergency Use after $100 co-pay and annual deductible</td>
<td>100% after annual deductible</td>
<td>50% after annual deductible</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Please Note: Emergency Room co-pay will be waived only in the case of a hospital admission*
**SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS**

The Plan will pay the specified coinsurance once the Participant has satisfied the annual deductible.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th><strong>CORE PLAN OPTION</strong></th>
<th><strong>BUY UP PLAN OPTION</strong></th>
<th><strong>CDH PLAN OPTION</strong></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>In-Network</strong> (Plan Pays)</td>
<td><strong>Out-of-Network</strong> (Plan Pays)</td>
<td><strong>In-Network</strong> (Plan Pays)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Accidental Dental Care</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Allergy Tests and Treatments</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambulance Emergency Use</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ambulance Non-Emergency Use</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assistant Surgeon</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chiropractic Care</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Durable Medical Equipment</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home Healthcare</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Home Infusion Therapy</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inpatient Hospital Care</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Inpatient Rehabilitations</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Lab and X-Ray</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Preferred Lab</strong></td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Medical Supplies</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mental Health Inpatient Stay</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mental Health Outpatient</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Occupational Therapy</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Office Visits</strong></td>
<td>100% after $35 co pay</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100% after $30 co-pay</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oral Surgery</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Outpatient Hospital Care</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physical Therapy</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Physician</strong></td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Limited to certain non-dental procedures for treatment due to accidental injury*

Summary Plan Description 2013
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Services</th>
<th>Preventive Care Services</th>
<th>100% after $35 co pay</th>
<th>No coverage</th>
<th>100% after $30 co pay</th>
<th>No Coverage</th>
<th>100%</th>
<th>No coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>100% of scheduled benefits under the Preventive Care Schedule. Routine annual exam subject to co-pay</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventive Care includes the following</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Routine annual physical exam (one per year)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mammography (one per year)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Labs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal and Prostate exams (one per year)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Immunizations (all ages)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorectal and Prostate exams (one per year)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EKG (one per year)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Well woman exam to include pap smear (one per year)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colonoscopy (age 50 &amp; older, not to exceed one per 10 years)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<p>| Prescription Drugs | 65% after deductible | Prescription Drugs are treated like any other medical expense, subject to HRA and Plan Participant Responsibility. If brand requested when a generic equivalent is available, Plan Participant will pay the difference in cost between brand and generic. |
|-------------------|-----------------------|CDH-Preventive drugs as identified by the Pharmacy Benefit Manager and in accordance with IRS regulations may be purchased with a co-payment prior to the deductible being met.|
| Retail (30 day Retail Supply) | Generic Drugs $10 co-pay | 65% after deductible | Generic Drugs $20 co-pay |
| Preferred Brand Name Drugs | Preferred Brand Name Drugs $35 co-pay |
| Non-Preferred Brand Name Drugs | Non-Preferred Brand Name Drugs $40 co-pay |
| Mail Order (90 day supply) | Generic Drugs $20 co-pay | No coverage | Generic Drugs $40 co-pay |
| Preferred Brand Name Drugs | Preferred Brand Name Drugs $70 co-pay |
| Non-Preferred Brand Name Drugs | Non-Preferred Brand Name Drugs $80 co-pay |
| Prosthetics | 80% | 65% | 80% | 65% | 100% | 65% |
| Radiation Therapy Chemotherapy | 80% | 65% | 80% | 65% | 100% | 65% |
| Skilled Nursing Facility | 80% | 65% | 80% | 65% | 100% | 65% |
| Limited to 60 days per year; In-Network and Out-of-Network combined |
| Speech Therapy | 80% | 65% | 80% | 65% | 100% | 65% |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>80%</th>
<th>65%</th>
<th>80%</th>
<th>65%</th>
<th>100%</th>
<th>65%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Substance Abuse Inpatient</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substance Abuse Outpatient</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surgeon</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transplants</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Urgent Care</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Other Covered Expenses</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>65%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

For limitations and exclusions please refer to Article 15
ARTICLE 4
DEFINITIONS

The following words and phrases shall have the following meanings when used in the Summary Plan Description. The following definitions are not an indication that charges for particular care, supplies or services are eligible for payment under the Plan, however they may be used to identify ineligible expenses; please refer to the appropriate sections of the Summary Plan Description for that information.

“Accident”
“Accident” shall mean a sudden and unforeseen event, or a deliberate act resulting in unforeseen consequences.

“Accidental Bodily Injury”
“Accidental Bodily Injury” shall mean an Injury sustained as the result of an Accident and independently of all other causes by an outside traumatic event or due to exposure to the elements.

“Actively At Work” or “Active Employment”
“Actively at Work” or “Active Employment” shall mean performance by the Employee of all the regular duties of his or her occupation at an established business location of the Participating Employer, or at another location to which he or she may be required to travel to perform the duties of his or her employment. An Employee shall be deemed actively at Work if the Employee is absent from work due to a health factor. In no event will an Employee be considered actively at Work if he or she has effectively terminated employment.

“ADA”
“ADA” shall mean the American Dental Association.

“AHA”
“AHA” shall mean the American Hospital Association.

“Allowable Expenses”
“Allowable Expenses” shall mean the Usual and Customary charge for any Medically Necessary, Reasonable eligible item of expense, at least a portion of which is covered under this Plan. When some Other Plan provides benefits in the form of services rather than cash payments, the reasonable cash value of each service rendered, in the amount that would be payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan, shall be deemed to be the benefit. Benefits payable under any Other Plan include the benefits that would have been payable had claim been duly made therefore. Non-network allowable expenses will not be greater than the prevailing In-Network allowable expenses.

“AMA”
“AMA” shall mean the American Medical Association.

“Ambulatory Surgical Center”
“Ambulatory Surgical Center” shall mean any public or private State licensed and approved (whenever required by law) establishment with an organized medical staff of Physicians, with permanent facilities that are equipped and operated primarily for the purpose of performing Surgical Procedures, with continuous Physician services and registered professional nursing service whenever a patient is in the facility, and which does not provide service or other accommodations for patients to stay overnight.

“Assignment of Benefits”
“Assignment of Benefits” shall mean an arrangement whereby the Plan Participant assigns their right to seek and receive payment of eligible Plan benefits, in strict accordance with the terms of the Plan, as summarized in this Summary Plan Description, to a Provider. If a provider accepts said arrangement, Providers’ rights to receive Plan benefits are equal to those of a Plan Participant, and are limited by the terms of this Summary Plan Description. A Provider that accepts this arrangement indicates acceptance of an “Assignment of Benefits” as consideration in full for services, supplies, and/or treatment rendered. For full information, consult the Claims Administrator.
“Assistance Eligible Individual”
“Assistance Eligible Individual” shall mean any Qualified Beneficiary who elects COBRA continuation coverage, and has satisfied all of the following conditions:

1. The qualifying event occurred at any time during the period that begins with September 1, 2008, and ends with May 31, 2010, and the Qualified Beneficiary was eligible for COBRA continuation coverage during this period;
2. The covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary must elect COBRA or applicable state continuation coverage;
3. The qualifying event with respect to the COBRA continuation coverage consists of the involuntary termination of the covered Employee’s employment and occurred during such period*; and
4. The covered Employee must have had a modified adjusted gross income of less than $145,000, if single, or $290,000, if married filing jointly, for each tax year in which the subsidy is received. Note that the available COBRA subsidy will be reduced for years in which the covered Employee’s gross income exceeds $125,000 (or $250,000 for joint returns).

*Important Note: If you experienced a reduction of hours during the period that begins with September 1, 2008 and ends with May 31, 2010, followed by an involuntary termination of employment on or after March 2, 2010 and by May 31, 2010, then your termination will constitute a qualifying event and you are entitled to a new election period for COBRA continuation coverage. Under the new election period, COBRA continuation coverage (but not the 18-month COBRA period) and the 15 months of subsidy would begin starting with the first period of coverage after the termination. See Plan Administrator to verify if the benefit is still available.

“Cancer Clinical Trials”
“Cancer Clinical Trials” shall mean treatment provided in a Phase I, Phase II, Phase III or Phase IV cancer clinical trial that meets all of the following conditions:

1. The treatment must either: A) involve a drug that is exempt under federal regulations from a new drug application; or B) be approved by: (i) one of the National Institutes of Health, (ii) the federal Food and Drug Administration in the form of an investigational new drug application, (iii) the United States Department of Defense, or (iv) the United States Veteran’s Administration;
2. The Participant must have been diagnosed with cancer;
3. Participation in the cancer clinical trial must be recommended by the Participant’s physician based upon his or her medical determination that participation would have a meaningful potential to benefit the Participant; and
4. The cancer clinical trial must have a therapeutic intent. Clinical trials solely for the purpose of testing toxicity are not covered.

“Routine Patient Care Costs”
“Routine Patient Care Costs” shall mean the costs associated with the provision of services for Cancer Clinical Trials, including drugs, items and services which would otherwise be covered under the Plan, including health services which are: A) typically provided absent a clinical trial; B) required solely for the provision of the investigational drug, item, device or service; C) clinically appropriate monitoring of the investigational item or service; D) prevention of complications arising from the provision of the investigational drug, item, device or service; and E) reasonable and necessary care arising from the provision of the investigational drug, item, device or service, including the diagnosis or treatment of complications.

Routine Patient Care Costs do not include the following costs regarding Cancer Clinical Trials (in addition to the costs of non-covered services): 1) drugs or devices not approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration that are associated with the clinical trial; 2) services other than health care services, such as travel, housing, companion expenses and other non-clinical expenses that the Participant may require as a result of the treatment provided for the purposes of the clinical trial; 3) any item or service provided solely to satisfy data collection and analysis needs for information that is not used in the clinical management; 4) health care
services that, except for the fact that they are provided in a clinical trial, are otherwise specifically excluded from the Plan; and 5) health care services customarily provided by research sponsors free of charge to persons enrolled in the clinical trial.

“Cardiac Care Unit”
“Cardiac Care Unit” shall mean a separate, clearly designated service area which is maintained within a Hospital and which meets all the following requirements:

1. It is solely for the treatment of patients who require special medical attention because of their critical condition;
2. It provides within such area special nursing care and observation of a continuous and constant nature not available in the regular rooms and wards of the Hospital;
3. It provides a concentration of special lifesaving equipment immediately available at all times for the treatment of patients confined within such area;
4. It contains at least two beds for the accommodation of critically ill patients; and
5. It provides at least one professional registered nurse, who continuously and constantly attends the patient confined in such area on a 24-hour-a-day basis.

“Centers of Excellence”
“Centers of Excellence” shall mean medical care facilities that have met stringent criteria for quality care in the specialized procedures of organ transplantation. These centers have the greatest experience in performing transplant procedures and the best survival rates. The Plan Administrator shall determine what Network Centers of Excellence are to be used.

Any Participant in need of an organ transplant may contact the Claims Administrator to initiate the pre-certification process resulting in a referral to a Center of Excellence. The Claims Administrator acts as the primary liaison with the Center of Excellence, patient and attending Physician for all transplant admission taking place at a Center of Excellence.

If a Participant chooses not to use a Center of Excellence, the payment for services will be limited to what would have been the cost at the nearest Center of Excellence.

Additional information about this option, as well as a list of Centers of Excellence, will be given to covered Employees and updated as requested.

“Certificate of Creditable Coverage”
“Certificate of Creditable Coverage” shall mean a written certification provided by any source that offers medical care coverage, including the Plan, for the purpose of confirming the duration and type of an individual’s previous coverage.

“Child”
“Child” shall mean, in addition to the Employee’s own blood descendant of the first degree or lawfully adopted Child, a Child placed with a covered Employee in anticipation of adoption, a covered Employee’s Child who is an alternate recipient under a Qualified Medical Child Support Order as required by the Federal Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993, any stepchild, an “eligible foster child,” which is defined as an individual placed with the Employee by an authorized placement agency or by judgment, decree or other order of a court of competent jurisdiction, a Child of the Employee’s Domestic Partner or any other Child for whom the Employee has obtained legal guardianship.

“CHIP” “CHIP” refers to the Children’s Health Insurance Program or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act, provision or section may be amended from time to time.
“CHIPRA”
“CHIPRA” refers to the Children’s Health Insurance Program Reauthorization Act of 2009 or any provision or section thereof, which is herein specifically referred to, as such act.

“Chiropractic Care”
“Chiropractic Care” shall mean office visits, x-rays, manipulations, supplies, heat and cold treatment.

“Claim Determination Period”
“Claim Determination Period” shall mean each calendar year.

“Clean Claim”
A “Clean Claim” is one that can be processed in accordance with the terms of this document without obtaining additional information from the service Provider or a third party. It is a claim which has no defect or impropriety. A defect or impropriety shall include a lack of required sustaining documentation as set forth and in accordance with this document, or a particular circumstance requiring special treatment which prevents timely payment as set forth in this document, and only as permitted by this document, from being made. A Clean Claim does not include claims under investigation for fraud and abuse or claims under review for Medical Necessity and Reasonableness, or fees under review for Usual and Customariness, or any other matter that may prevent the charge(s) from being covered expenses in accordance with the terms of this document.

Filing a Clean Claim. A Provider submits a Clean Claim by providing the required data elements on the standard claims forms, along with any attachments and additional elements or revisions to data elements, attachments and additional elements, of which the Provider has knowledge. The Plan Administrator may require attachments or other information in addition to these standard forms (as noted elsewhere in this document and at other times prior to claim submittal) to ensure charges constitute covered expenses as defined by and in accordance with the terms of this document. The paper claim form or electronic file record must include all required data elements and must be complete, legible, and accurate. A claim will not be considered to be a Clean Claim if the Plan Participant has failed to submit required forms or additional information to the Plan as well. For additional information refer to Article 9.

“COBRA”
“COBRA” shall mean the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

“Co-Payment”
“Co-Payment” shall mean the amount a participant will need to pay when you receive certain health care services.

“Cosmetic Surgery”
“Cosmetic Surgery” shall mean any surgery, service, drug or supply designed to improve the appearance of an individual by changing, improving and/or alteration of a physical characteristic. Please see Article 15 for additional information.

“Covered Expense”
“Covered Expense” means a Usual and Customary fee for a Reasonable, Medically Necessary service, treatment or supply, meant to improve a condition or participant’s health, which is eligible for coverage in this Plan. Covered Expenses will be determined based upon all other Plan provisions. When more than one treatment option is available, and one option is no more effective than another, the Covered Expense is the least costly option that is no less effective than any other option.

All treatment is subject to benefit payment maximums shown in the Summary of Benefits and as determined elsewhere in this document.

“Covered Mental Health Service Providers”
“Covered Mental Health Service Providers” are physicians and associated visits which are limited and subject to the Summary of Benefits and terms of this document. Psychiatrists (M.D.), psychologists (Ph.D.) or counselors licensed to provide individual psychotherapy without supervision in the State they are practicing, may bill the Plan directly.
Other licensed mental health practitioners must be under the direction of and must bill the Plan through these professionals.

“Creditable Coverage”
“Creditable Coverage” shall mean coverage of an individual under any of the following: a group health plan, health insurance coverage, Medicare, Medicaid (other than coverage consisting solely of benefits under the program for distribution of pediatric vaccines), medical and dental care for Plan Participants and certain former Plan Participants of the Uniformed Services and their dependents, a medical care program of the Indian Health Service or a tribal organization, a State health benefits risk pool, a health plan offered under the Federal Employees Health Benefits Program, a public health plan, or a health benefit plan under Section 5(e) of the Peace Corps Act, or Title XXI of the Social Security Act (State Children’s Health Insurance Program). To the extent that further clarification is needed with respect to the sources of Creditable Coverage listed in the prior sentence, please see the complete definition of Creditable Coverage that is set forth in 45 C.F.R. § 146.113(a). See sections 5.11A and 6.04.

“Custodial Care”
“Custodial Care” shall mean care or confinement provided primarily for the maintenance of the Participant, essentially designed to assist the Participant, whether or not Totally Disabled, in the activities of daily living, which could be rendered at home or by persons without professional skills or training. This care is not reasonably expected to improve the underlying medical condition, even though it may relieve symptoms or pain. Such care includes, but is not limited to, bathing, dressing, feeding, preparation of special diets, assistance in walking or getting in and out of bed, supervision over medication which can normally be self-administered and all domestic activities.

“Deductible”
“Deductible” shall mean an amount of money that is paid once a calendar year per Participant and Family Unit. Typically, there is one Deductible amount per Plan and it must be paid before any money is paid by the Plan for any covered services. Each calendar year, a new Deductible amount is required. Deductibles do not accrue toward the 100% maximum out-of-pocket payment.

“Dentist”
“Dentist” shall mean an individual holding a D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree, licensed to practice dentistry in the jurisdiction where such services are provided.

“Dependent”
“Dependent” shall mean one or more of the following person(s):

1. An Employee’s lawfully married spouse possessing a marriage license who is not divorced from the Employee.
2. An Employee’s common law spouse, based upon a common law marriage which is legally recognized in the jurisdiction in which the Employee has his or her principal residence;
3. An Employee’s Domestic Partner who meets the requirements necessary for eligibility;
4. A Child who is less than 26 years of age
5. A Child, regardless of age, who is mentally or physically incapable of sustaining his or her own living. Written proof of such incapacity and dependency satisfactory to the Plan must be furnished and approved by the Plan within 31 days after the date the Child attains the limiting age under the bullets above. The Plan may require, at reasonable intervals, subsequent proof satisfactory to the Plan.

The Plan reserves the right to require documentation, satisfactory to the Plan Administrator, which establishes a Dependent relationship.

“Detoxification”
“Detoxification” shall mean the process whereby an alcohol-intoxicated person or person experiencing the symptoms of Substance Abuse is assisted, in a facility licensed by the Department of Health, through the period of time necessary to eliminate, by metabolic or other means, the intoxicating alcohol, alcohol dependency factors or alcohol in combination with drugs as determined by a licensed Physician, while keeping the physiological risk to the patient at a minimum.
“Diagnostic Service”
“Diagnostic Service” shall mean a test or procedure performed for specified symptoms to detect or to monitor a Disease or condition. It must be ordered by a Physician or other professional Provider.

“Disease”
“Disease” shall mean any disorder which does not arise out of, which is not caused or contributed to by, and which is not a consequence of, any employment or occupation for compensation or profit; however, if evidence satisfactory to the Plan is furnished showing that the individual concerned is covered as an employee under any worker’s compensation law, occupational disease law or any other legislation of similar purpose, or under the maritime doctrine of maintenance, wages, and cure, but that the disorder involved is one not covered under the applicable law or doctrine, then such disorder shall, for the purposes of the Plan, be regarded as a Sickness, Illness or Disease.

“Domestic Partner”
“An individual who lives in the same household and shares the common resources of life in a close, personal, intimate relationship with a County Employee if, under Texas law, the individual would not be prevented from marrying the Employee on account of age, consanguinity or prior undissolved marriage to another. A domestic partner may be of the same or opposite gender as the Employee; must be eighteen years of age or older; must not be married; or related to the Employee by blood. The Employee and Domestic Partner must have resided together in the same residence for at least one year and intend to do so indefinitely. A Driver’s license or Government issued Identification Card listing a common address must be provided and two or more of the following documents will be required to demonstrate interdependence:

1. Joint deed or mortgage agreement to demonstrate common ownership of real property or a common leasehold interest in property;
2. Common ownership of a motor vehicle;
3. Proof of joint bank accounts or credit accounts;
4. Proof of designation as the primary beneficiary for life insurance or retirements benefits;
5. Assignment of a durable property power of attorney or health care power of attorney.

The Employee and Domestic Partner must sign a Declaration of Domestic Partnership. Upon termination of the relationship, a declaration of Termination of Domestic Partnership must be signed.

Note: Federal and/or State tax implications may arise when enrolling a Domestic Partner as a Dependent under the Plan. Employees should contact his or her own tax consultant or attorney to address his or her specific situation.

“Drug”
“Drug” shall mean insulin and prescription legend drugs. A prescription legend drug is a Federal legend drug (any medicinal substance which bears the legend: “Caution: Federal law prohibits dispensing without a prescription”) or a State restricted drug (any medicinal substance which may be dispensed only by prescription, according to State law) and which, in either case, is legally obtained from a licensed drug dispenser only upon a prescription of a currently licensed Physician.

“Durable Medical Equipment”
“Durable Medical Equipment” shall mean equipment which:

1. Can withstand repeated use;
2. Is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose;
3. Generally is not useful to a person in the absence of an Illness or Injury; and
4. Is appropriate for use in the home.

“Elective Surgical Procedure”
“Elective Surgical Procedure” shall mean a non-emergency surgical procedure scheduled at the patient’s convenience without jeopardizing the patient’s life or causing serious impairment to the patient’s bodily function.
“Emergency”
“Emergency” shall mean a situation where necessary treatment is required as the result of a sudden and severe medical event or acute condition. An Emergency includes poisoning, shock, and hemorrhage. Other Emergencies and acute conditions may be considered on receipt of proof, satisfactory to the Plan, that an Emergency did exist. The Plan may, at its own discretion, request satisfactory proof that an Emergency or acute condition did exist.

“Emergency Medical Condition”
“Emergency Medical Condition” shall mean a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) so that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(1)(A)). In that provision of the Social Security Act, clause (i) refers to placing the health of the individual (or, with respect to a pregnant woman, the health of the woman or her unborn child) in serious jeopardy; clause (ii) refers to serious impairment to bodily functions; and clause (iii) refers to serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part.

“Emergency Care”
“Emergency Care” shall mean, with respect to an Emergency Medical Condition:
Services provided in a Hospital emergency facility or comparable facility to evaluate and stabilize medical conditions of a recent onset and severity, including but not limited to severe pain, that would lead a prudent layperson possessing an average knowledge of medicine and health to believe that the person’s condition, sickness, or injury is of such a nature that failure to get immediate medical care could result in:
1. Placing the patient’s health in serious jeopardy;
2. Serious impairment to bodily functions;
3. Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part;
4. Serious disfigurement; or
5. In the case of pregnant woman; serious jeopardy to the health of the fetus.

“Employee”
“Employee” shall mean (1) a person who is a regular full-time Employee of the Participating Employer; or (2) county and district officers and as otherwise permitted by the Plan Administrator pursuant to Section 157.101(a) of the Texas Local Government Code, as amended.

“Employer”
“Employer” shall mean the County of El Paso Texas.

“Enrollment”
“Enrollment” information see Article 5.

“Essential Health Benefits”
“Essential Health Benefits” shall mean, under section 1302(b) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, those health benefits to include at least the following general categories and the items and services covered within the categories: ambulatory patient services; Emergency Services; hospitalization; maternity and newborn care; mental health and substance abuse disorder services, including behavioral health treatment; prescription drugs; rehabilitative and habilitative services and devices; laboratory services; preventive and wellness services and chronic disease management; and pediatric services, including oral and vision care.

“Experimental” and/or “Investigational”
“Experimental” and/or “Investigational” (“Experimental”) shall mean services or treatments that are not widely used or accepted by most practitioners or lack credible evidence to support positive short or long-term outcomes from those services or treatments; these services are not included under or as Medicare reimbursable procedures, and include services, supplies, care, procedures, treatments or courses of treatment which:
1. Do not constitute accepted medical practice under the standards of the case and by the standards of a reasonable segment of the medical community or government oversight agencies at the time rendered; or
2. Are rendered on a research basis as determined by the United States Food and Drug Administration and the AMA’s Council on Medical Specialty Societies.

All phases of clinical trials shall be considered Experimental.

A drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is Experimental:

1. If the drug or device cannot be lawfully marketed without approval of the U.S. Food and Drug Administration and approval for marketing has not been given at the time the drug or device is furnished;
2. If reliable evidence shows that the drug, device or medical treatment or procedure is the subject of ongoing Phase I, II, or III clinical trials or under study to determine its:
   a) maximum tolerated dose;
   b) toxicity;
   c) safety;
   d) efficacy; and
   e) efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis; or
3. if reliable evidence shows that the consensus among experts regarding the drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure is that further studies or clinical trials are necessary to determine its:
   a) maximum tolerated dose;
   b) toxicity;
   c) safety;
   d) efficacy; and
   e) efficacy as compared with the standard means of treatment or diagnosis.

Reliable evidence shall mean:

1. Only published reports and articles in the authoritative medical and scientific literature;
2. The written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol(s) of another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure; or
3. The written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying substantially the same drug, device, or medical treatment or procedure.

The Plan Administrator retains maximum legal authority and discretion to determine what is Experimental.

“Family Unit”
“Family Unit” shall mean the Employee, his or her spouse and Children.

“FMLA”
“FMLA” shall mean the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993, as amended.

“FMLA Leave”
“FMLA Leave” shall mean a leave of absence, which the County of El Paso is required to extend to an Employee under the provisions of the FMLA.

“GINA”
“GINA” shall mean the Genetic Information Nondiscrimination Act of 2008 (Public Law No. 110-233), which prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

“HIPAA”
“HIPAA” shall mean the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.
“Home Health Care”
“Home Health Care” shall mean the continual care and treatment of an individual if:

1. The institutionalization of the individual would otherwise have been required if home health care was not provided;
2. The treatment plan covering the home health care service is established and approved in writing by the attending Physician; and
3. The home health care is the result of an Illness or Injury.

“Home Health Care Agency”
“Home Health Care Agency” shall mean an agency or organization which provides a program of home health care and which:

1. Is approved as a Home Health Agency under Medicare;
2. Is established and operated in accordance with the applicable laws in the jurisdiction in which it is located and, where licensing is required, has been licensed and approved by the regulatory authority having the responsibility for licensing; or
3. Meets all of the following requirements:
   a. It is an agency which holds itself forth to the public as having the primary purpose of providing a home health care delivery system bringing supportive services to the home;
   b. It has a full-time administrator;
   c. It maintains written records of services provided to the patient;
   d. Its staff includes at least one registered nurse (R.N.) or it has nursing care by a registered nurse (R.N.) available; and
   e. Its employees are bonded and it provides malpractice insurance.

“Hospital”
“Hospital” shall mean an Institution that meets all of the following requirements:

1. It provides medical and Surgical facilities for the treatment and care of Injured or Sick persons on an Inpatient basis;
2. It is under the supervision of a staff of Physicians;
3. It provides 24-hour-a-day nursing service by registered nurses;
4. It is duly licensed as a hospital, except that this requirement will not apply in the case of a State tax-supported Institution;
5. It is not, other than incidentally, a place for rest, a place for the aged, a nursing home or a custodial or training-type Institution;
6. It is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals sponsored by the AMA and the AHA.

The requirement of surgical facilities shall not apply to a Hospital specializing in the care and treatment of mentally ill patients, provided such Institution is accredited as such a facility by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals sponsored by the AMA and the AHA.

Hospital shall also have the same meaning, where appropriate in context, set forth in the definition of “Ambulatory Surgical Center.”

“Illness”
“Illness” shall have the meaning set forth in the definition of “Disease.”

“Impregnation and Infertility Treatment”
“Impregnation and Infertility Treatment” shall mean artificial insemination, fertility drugs, G.I.F.T. (Gamete Intrafallopian Transfer), impotency drugs such as Viagra™, in-vitro fertilization, sterilization and/or reversal of a sterilization operation, surrogate mother, donor eggs, or any type of artificial impregnation procedure, whether or not such procedure is successful.
“Incurred”
“Incurred” shall mean that a covered expense is Incurred on the date the service is rendered or the supply is obtained. With respect to a course of treatment or procedure which includes several steps or phases of treatment, covered expenses are Incurred for the various steps or phases as the services related to each step are rendered and not when services relating to the initial step or phase are rendered. More specifically, covered expenses for the entire procedure or course of treatment are not Incurred upon commencement of the first stage of the procedure or course of treatment.

“Injury”
“Injury” shall mean an Accidental Bodily Injury, which requires treatment by a physician. It must result in loss independently of sickness and other causes.

“Inpatient”
“Inpatient” shall mean any person who, while confined to a Hospital, is assigned to a bed in any department of the Hospital other than its outpatient department and for whom a charge for Room and Board is made by the Hospital.

“Institution”
“Institution” shall mean a facility, operating within the scope of its license, whose purpose is to provide organized health care and treatment to individuals, such as a Hospital, Ambulatory Surgical Center, Psychiatric Hospital, community mental health center, residential treatment facility, psychiatric treatment facility, Substance Abuse Treatment Center, alternative birthing center, Home Health Care Center, or any other such facility that the Plan approves.

“Intensive Care Unit”
“Intensive Care Unit” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Cardiac Care Unit.”

“Leave of Absence”
“Leave of Absence” shall mean a leave of absence of an Employee that has been approved by his or her Participating Employer, as provided for in the Participating Employer’s rules, policies, procedures and practices.

“Mastectomy”
“Mastectomy” shall mean the surgical removal of all or part of a breast.

“Maximum Amount” or “Maximum Allowable Charge”
“Maximum Amount” and/or “Maximum Allowable Charge” shall mean the benefit payable for a specific coverage item or benefit under the Plan. Maximum Allowable Charge(s) will be the lesser of:

- The Usual and Customary amount;
- The allowable charge specified under the terms of the Plan;
- The negotiated rate established in a contractual arrangement with a Provider; or
- The actual billed charges for the covered services.

The Plan will reimburse the actual charge billed if it is less than the Usual and Customary amount. The Plan has the discretionary authority to decide if a charge is Usual and Customary and for a Medically Necessary and Reasonable service.

The Maximum Allowable Charge will not include any identifiable billing mistakes including, but not limited to, up-coding, duplicate charges, and charges for services not performed.

“Medical Child Support Order”
“Medical Child Support Order” See section 5.08.
“Medically Necessary”
“Medical Care Necessity”, “Medically Necessary”, “Medical Necessity” and similar language refers to health care services ordered by a Physician exercising prudent clinical judgment provided to a Plan Participant for the purposes of evaluation, diagnosis or treatment of that Plan Participant’s Sickness or Injury. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary, must be clinically appropriate in terms of type, frequency, extent, site and duration for the diagnosis or treatment of the Plan Participant’s Sickness or Injury. The Medically Necessary setting and level of service is that setting and level of service which, considering the Plan Participant’s medical symptoms and conditions, cannot be provided in a less intensive medical setting. Such services, to be considered Medically Necessary must be no more costly than alternative interventions, including no intervention and are at least as likely to produce equivalent therapeutic or diagnostic results as to the diagnosis or treatment of the Plan Participant’s Sickness or Injury without adversely affecting the Plan Participant’s medical condition.

a) It must not be maintenance therapy or maintenance treatment.
b) Its purpose must be to restore health.
c) It must not be primarily custodial in nature.
d) It must not be a listed item or treatment not allowed for reimbursement by CMS (Medicare).
e) The Plan reserves the right to incorporate CMS (Medicare) guidelines in effect on the date of treatment as additional criteria for determination of Medical Necessity and/or an Allowable Expense.

For Hospital stays, this means that acute care as an Inpatient is necessary due to the kind of services the Participant is receiving or the severity of the Participant’s condition and that safe and adequate care cannot be received as an outpatient or in a less intensified medical setting. The mere fact that the service is furnished, prescribed or approved by a Physician does not mean that it is “Medically Necessary.” In addition, the fact that certain services are excluded from coverage under this Plan because they are not “Medically Necessary” does not mean that any other services are deemed to be “Medically Necessary.”

To be Medically Necessary, all of these criteria must be met. Merely because a Physician or Dentist recommends, approves, or orders certain care does not mean that it is Medically Necessary. The determination of whether a service, supply, or treatment is or is not Medically Necessary may include findings of the American Medical Association and the Plan Administrator’s own medical advisors. The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to decide whether care or treatment is Medically Necessary.

“Medically Necessary Leave of Absence”
“Medically Necessary Leave of Absence” shall mean a Leave of Absence by a full-time student Dependent at a postsecondary educational institution that:

1. Commences while such Dependent is suffering from a serious Illness or Injury;
2. Is Medically Necessary; and
3. Causes such Dependent to lose student status for purposes of coverage under the terms of the Plan.

“Medical Record Review”
“Medical Record Review” is the process by which the Plan, based upon a medical record review and audit, determines that a different treatment or different quantity of a drug or supply was provided which is not supported in the billing, then the Plan Administrator may determine the Maximum Allowable Charge according to the medical record review and audit results.

“Medicare”
“Medicare” shall mean the program of health care for the aged established by Title XVIII of the Social Security Act of 1965, as amended.

“Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (“MHPAEA”)”
“Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity Act of 2008 (“MHPAEA”)” shall mean in the case of a group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan) that provides both medical and surgical benefits and mental health or substance use disorder benefits, such plan or coverage shall ensure that:
1. The financial requirements applicable to such mental health or substance use disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant financial requirements applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage) and that there are no separate cost sharing requirements that are applicable only with respect to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. If these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage is offered in connection with such a plan); and

2. The treatment limitations applicable to such mental health or substance use disorder benefits are no more restrictive than the predominant treatment limitations applied to substantially all medical and surgical benefits covered by the Plan (or coverage), and that there are no separate treatment limitations that are applicable only with respect to mental health or substance use disorder benefits. If these benefits are covered by the group health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in connection with such a plan).

“Mental or Nervous Disorder”
“Mental or Nervous Disorder” shall mean any disease or condition, regardless of whether the cause is organic, that is classified as a Mental or Nervous Disorder in the current edition of International Classification of Diseases, published by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, is listed in the current edition of Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, published by the American Psychiatric Association or other relevant State guideline or applicable sources.

“National Medical Support Notice” or “NMSN”
“National Medical Support Notice” See section 5.08

“Network”
“Network” shall mean the medical provider network of physicians, hospitals, and other health care providers. The Network is responsible for recruiting, credentialing, and communicating with the providers. Providers participating in the Network agree to accept the allowable fees set by the Network and agree to file claims for Plan participants. The Network Provider will be identified on the Participants identification card.

“Non-Occupational Injury”
“Non-occupational Injury” shall have the meaning set forth in the definition of “Injury.”

“Open Enrollment Period”
“Open Enrollment Period” shall mean the month of October in each Plan Year, and as otherwise required by law.

“Other Plan”
“Other Plan” shall include, but is not limited to:

1. Any primary payer besides the Plan;
2. Any other group health plan;
3. Any other coverage or policy covering the Participant;
4. Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage;
5. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a responsible party;
6. Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party;
7. Worker’s compensation or other liability insurance company; or
8. Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

“Out of Area”
“Out of Area” shall mean a geographic area. Services provided by Health Care Providers who are not in the Network Service Area (outside El Paso/Las Cruces). Participants have a “National Network” in order for benefits to be paid at the In Network level.

“Participant” / “Plan Participant”
“Participant” shall mean any Employee or Dependent who is eligible for benefits and enrolled under the Plan.
See Article 5.

“Physician”
“Physician” shall mean a Doctor of Medicine (M.D.), Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.), Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.), Doctor of Podiatry (D.P.M.), Doctor of Chiropractic (D.C.), Psychologist (Ph.D.), psychiatrist or midwife.

“Plan Year”
“Plan Year” shall mean January 1 through December 31.

“Pre-admission Tests”
“Pre-admission Tests” shall mean those Diagnostic Services done prior to scheduled Surgery, provided that:

1. The tests are approved by both the Hospital and the Physician;
2. The tests are performed on an outpatient basis prior to Hospital admission; and
3. The tests are performed at the Hospital into which confinement is scheduled, or at a qualified facility designated by the Physician who will perform the Surgery.

“Pregnancy”
“Pregnancy” shall mean carrying a child, resulting childbirth, miscarriage and non-elective abortion. The Plan considers Pregnancy as a Sickness for the purpose of determining benefits.

“Pre-existing Condition”
“Pre-existing Condition” is any Sickness, Illness, Disease or Injury (other than Pregnancy), regardless of cause, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received, by or from a Provider or practitioner duly licensed to provide such care under applicable State law and operating within the scope of practice authorized by such State law, during the 90 days prior to the date an Employee’s Service Waiting Period commences.

Coverage will be available for such condition on the day immediately following the expiration of 12 months. A Participant has the right to demonstrate any Creditable Coverage, and the applicable period shall be reduced by any Creditable Coverage unless that Creditable Coverage occurred before a Significant Break in Coverage.

“Prior Plan”
“Prior Plan” shall mean the coverage provided on a group or group-type basis by the group insurance policy, benefit plan or service plan that was terminated on the day before the Effective Date of the Plan and replaced by the Plan.

“Prior to Effective Date” or “After Termination Date”
“Prior to Effective Date” or “After Termination Date” are dates occurring before a Participant gains eligibility from the Plan, or dates occurring after a Participant loses eligibility from the Plan, as well as charges incurred prior to the effective date of coverage under the Plan or after coverage is terminated.

“Privacy Standards”
“Privacy Standards” shall mean the standards of the privacy of individually identifiable health information, as pursuant to HIPAA.

“Provider”
“Provider” shall mean a Physician, a licensed speech or occupational therapist, licensed professional physical therapist, physiotherapist, audiologist, speech language pathologist, licensed professional counselor, certified nurse practitioner, certified psychiatric/mental health clinical nurse, or other practitioner or facility defined or listed herein, or approved by the Plan Administrator.
“Psychiatric Hospital”
“Psychiatric Hospital” shall mean an Institution constituted, licensed, and operated as set forth in the laws that apply to Hospitals, which meets all of the following requirements:

1. It is primarily engaged in providing psychiatric services for the diagnosis and treatment of mentally ill persons either by, or under the supervision of, a Physician;
2. It maintains clinical records on all patients and keeps records as needed to determine the degree and intensity of treatment provided;
3. It is licensed as a psychiatric hospital;
4. It requires that every patient be under the care of a Physician; and
5. It provides 24-hour-a-day nursing service.

The term Psychiatric Hospital does not include an Institution, or that part of an Institution, used mainly for nursing care, rest care, convalescent care, care of the aged, Custodial Care or educational care.

“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO”
“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO” See section 5.08.

“Qualifying Event” See section 7.06

“Reasonable”
“Reasonable” and/or “Reasonableness” shall mean in the administrator’s discretion, services or supplies, or fees for services or supplies which are necessary for the care and treatment of illness or injury not caused by the treating Provider. Determination that fee(s) or services are reasonable will be made by the Plan Administrator, taking into consideration unusual circumstances or complications requiring additional time, skill and experience in connection with a particular service or supply; industry standards and practices as they relate to similar scenarios; and the cause of injury or illness necessitating the service(s) and/or charge(s).

This determination will consider, but will not be limited to, the findings and assessments of the following entities: (a) The National Medical Associations, Societies, and organizations; and (b) The Food and Drug Administration. To be Reasonable, service(s) and/or fee(s) must be in compliance with generally accepted billing practices for unbundling or multiple procedures. Services, supplies, care and/or treatment that results from errors in medical care that are clearly identifiable, preventable, and serious in their consequence for patients, are not Reasonable. The Plan Administrator retains discretionary authority to determine whether service(s) and/or fee(s) are Reasonable based upon information presented to the Plan Administrator. A finding of Provider negligence and/or malpractice is not required for service(s) and/or fee(s) to be considered not Reasonable.

Charge(s) and/or services are not considered to be Reasonable, and as such are not eligible for payment (exceed the Maximum Allowable Charge), when they result from Provider error(s) and/or facility-acquired conditions deemed “reasonably preventable” through the use of evidence-based guidelines, taking into consideration but not limited to CMS guidelines.

The Plan reserves for itself and parties acting on its behalf the right to review charges processed and/or paid by the Plan, to identify charge(s) and/or service(s) that are not Reasonable and therefore not eligible for payment by the Plan.

“Rehabilitation Hospital”
“Rehabilitation Hospital” shall mean an Institution which mainly provides therapeutic and restorative services to Sick or Injured people. It is recognized as such if:

1. It carries out its stated purpose under all relevant Federal, State and local laws;
2. It is accredited for its stated purpose by either the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals or the Commission on Accreditation for Rehabilitation Facilities; or
3. It is approved for its stated purpose by Medicare.

Summary Plan Description 2013
“Reinstatement of Employment”
“Reinstatement of Employment” shall mean a Participant who has been reinstated under the Plan. A reinstated Participant and his/her dependents, if previously enrolled in the Plan, shall be reinstated with no loss of coverage. See section 5.01.

“Retiree”
“Retiree” as defined by the Plan Sponsor. See section 5.02.

“Room and Board”
“Room and Board” shall mean a Hospital’s charge for:

1. Room and linen service;
2. Dietary service, including meals, special diets and nourishment;
3. General nursing service; and
4. Other conditions of occupancy which are Medically Necessary.

“Scheduled benefit” or “Scheduled benefit amount”
“Scheduled Benefit” or “Scheduled benefit amount” means a specified dollar amount that will be considered for reimbursement under the Plan for a particular type of medical care, service or supply provided. Scheduled benefits are based upon covered expenses not otherwise limited or excluded under the terms of the Plan. A partial listing of scheduled benefit amounts may be found in Article 3, “Schedule of Benefits”. A listing of scheduled benefits may be obtained on the web site at http://intranet/hr/health.htm.

“Security Standards”
“Security Standards” shall mean the final rule implementing HIPAA’s Security Standards for the Protection of Electronic PHI, as amended.

“Service Waiting Period”
“Service Waiting Period” shall mean an interval of time an Employee must be employed prior to becoming eligible to enroll in the Plan. The waiting period shall be 90 days of continuous full-time employment.

“Sickness”
“Sickness” shall have the meaning set forth in the definition of “Disease.”

“Significant Break in Coverage”
“Significant Break in Coverage” shall mean a period of 63 consecutive days during each of which an individual does not have any Creditable Coverage.

“Special Enrollment”
“Special Enrollment” See section 5.06

“Substance Abuse”
“Substance Abuse” shall mean any use of alcohol, any Drug (whether obtained legally or illegally), any narcotic, or any hallucinogenic or other illegal substance, which produces a pattern of pathological use, causing impairment in social or occupational functioning, or which produces physiological dependency evidenced by physical tolerance or withdrawal. It is the excessive use of a substance, especially alcohol or a drug. The DSM-IV definition is applied as follows:

A. A maladaptive pattern of substance use leading to clinically significant impairment or distress, as manifested by one (or more) of the following, occurring within a 12-month period:

1. Recurrent substance use resulting in a failure to fulfill major role obligations at work, school or home (e.g., repeated absences or poor work performance related to substance use; substance-related absences, suspensions or expulsions from school; neglect of children or household);
2. Recurrent substance use in situations in which it is physically hazardous (e.g., driving an automobile or operating a machine when impaired by substance use);
3. Recurrent substance-related legal problems (e.g., arrests for substance-related disorderly conduct); or
4. Continued substance use despite having persistent or recurrent social or interpersonal problems caused or exacerbated by the effects of the substance (e.g., arguments with spouse about consequences of intoxication, physical fights);

B. The symptoms have never met the criteria for Substance Dependence for this class of substance.

“Substance Abuse Treatment Center”
“Substance Abuse Treatment Center” shall mean an Institution which provides a program for the treatment of Substance Abuse by means of a written treatment plan approved and monitored by a Physician. This Institution must be:
1. Affiliated with a Hospital under a contractual agreement with an established system for patient referral;
2. Accredited as such a facility by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Hospitals; or
3. Licensed, certified or approved as an alcohol or Substance Abuse treatment program or center by a State agency having legal authority to do so.

Substance Dependence: Substance use history which includes the following: (1) substance abuse (see above); (2) continuation of use despite related problems; (3) development of tolerance (more of the drug is needed to achieve the same effect); and (4) withdrawal symptoms.

“Surgery”
“Surgery” shall mean any of the following:
1. The incision, excision, debridement or cauterization of any organ or part of the body, and the suturing of a wound;
2. The manipulative reduction of a fracture or dislocation or the manipulation of a joint including application of cast or traction;
3. The removal by endoscopic means of a stone or other foreign object from any part of the body or the diagnostic examination by endoscopic means of any part of the body;
4. The induction of artificial pneumothorax and the injection of sclerosing solutions;
5. Arthrodesis, paracentesis, arthrocentesis and all injections into the joints or bursa;
6. Obstetrical delivery and dilatation and curettage; or
7. Biopsy.

“Surgical Procedure”
“Surgical Procedure” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Surgery.”

“Total Disability”
“Total Disability” shall mean an individual is determined as being disabled for Social Security purposes and provides such evidence to the Plan of the determination as the Plan Administrator may, in its discretion, require.

“Totally Disabled”
“Totally Disabled” shall have the same meaning set forth in the definition of “Total Disability.”

“Uniformed Services”
“Uniformed Services” shall mean the Armed Forces, the Army National Guard and the Air National Guard, when engaged in active duty for training, inactive duty training, or full-time National Guard duty, the commissioned corps of the Public Health Service, and any other category of persons designated by the President of the United States in time of war or Emergency.
“USERRA”
“USERRA” shall mean the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994 (“USERRA”) as amended.

“Usual and Customary”
“Usual and Customary” (U&C) shall mean covered expenses which are identified by the Plan Administrator, taking into consideration the fee(s) which the Provider most frequently charges the majority of patients for the service or supply, the cost to the Provider for providing the services, the prevailing range of fees charged in the same “area” by Providers of similar training and experience for the service or supply, and the Medicare reimbursement rates. The term(s) “same geographic locale” and/or “area” shall be defined as a metropolitan area, county, or such greater area as is necessary to obtain a representative cross-section of Providers, persons or organizations rendering such treatment, services, or supplies for which a specific charge is made. To be Usual and Customary, fee(s) must be in compliance with generally accepted billing practices for unbundling or multiple procedures.

The term “Usual” refers to the amount of a charge made for medical services, care, or supplies, to the extent that the charge does not exceed the common level of charges made by other medical professionals with similar credentials, or health care facilities, pharmacies, or equipment suppliers of similar standing, which are located in the same geographic locale in which the charge is incurred.

The term “Customary” refers to the form and substance of a service, supply, or treatment provided in accordance with generally accepted standards of medical practice to one individual, which is appropriate for the care or treatment of the same sex, comparable age and who receive such services or supplies within the same geographic locale.

The term “Usual and Customary” does not necessarily mean the actual charge made nor the specific service or supply furnished to a Plan Participant by a Provider of services or supplies, such as a physician, therapist, nurse, hospital, or pharmacist. The Plan Administrator will determine what the Usual and Customary charge is, for any procedure, service, or supply, and whether a specific procedure, service or supply is Usual and Customary.

Usual and Customary charges may, at the Plan Administrator’s discretion, alternatively be determined and established by the Plan using normative data such as, but not limited to, Medicare cost to charge ratios, average wholesale price (AWP) for prescriptions and/or manufacturer’s retail pricing (MRP) for supplies and devices.

All other defined terms in this Summary Plan Description shall have the meanings specified in the Summary Plan Description where they appear.
ARTICLE 5
ELIGIBILITY FOR COVERAGE
[SPECIAL RESTRICTIONS FOR PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS]

5.01 Eligibility for Individual Coverage
Each Employee will become eligible for coverage under this Plan with respect to himself or herself on the initial date of full time employment. The Employee effective date will be the first day following the Service Waiting period of 90 days. Each Employee who was covered under the prior Plan, if any, will be eligible on the Effective Date of this Plan. Any Service Waiting Period or portion thereof satisfied under the Prior Plan, if any, will be applied toward satisfaction of the Service Waiting Period of the Plan. If a Participant separates from employment and the Participant is Reinstated pursuant to the timeframes outlined in the County of El Paso policies the service waiting period will be waived.

5.02 Eligibility for Retiree Coverage
A covered Employee is eligible for Retiree coverage under the same plan from the first day that he or she is a Retired Employee of the Employer through Texas County and District Retirement System, but must enroll and pay the first month’s premium to the Plan Administrator within 31 days of being eligible for enrollment or lose their eligibility.

To enroll in Retiree coverage, an Employee must complete and sign an enrollment application and an Authorization for Direct Payment. The enrollment will be “timely” if the completed form and the first month’s premium is received by the Plan Administrator no later than 31 days after the person becomes eligible for Retiree coverage which is on the termination date as an Active Employee. If the Plan Administrator does not receive the first month’s premium within 31 days after the Employee becomes eligible for Retiree coverage, the Employee will lose their eligibility for Retiree coverage.

5.03 Eligibility Dates for Dependent Coverage
Each Employee will become eligible for coverage under this Plan for his or her Dependents on the latest of the following dates:

1. His or her date of eligibility for coverage for himself or herself under the Plan;
2. The date coverage for his or her Dependents first becomes available under any amendment to the Plan, if such coverage was not provided under the Plan on the Effective Date of the Plan; and
3. The first date upon which he or she acquires a Dependent.

In no event will any Dependent Child be covered as a Dependent of more than one Employee who is covered under the Plan.

Any reference in this Plan to an Employee’s Dependent being covered means that such Employee is covered for Dependent Coverage.

Note: Federal and/or State tax implications may arise when enrolling a Domestic Partner as a Dependent under the Plan. Employees should contact his or her own tax consultant or attorney to address his or her specific situation.
5.04 Effective Dates of Coverage; Conditions
The coverage for which an individual is eligible under this Plan will become effective on the date specified below, subject to the conditions of this section.

1. Enrollment Form. Coverage for an Employee or his or her Dependents must be requested by the Employee on a form furnished by the Plan Administrator. This form must be completed and signed by the Employee and will become effective on the date such Employee or Dependents are eligible, provided the Employee has enrolled for such coverage on a form satisfactory to the Plan Administrator within the 31-day period immediately following the date of eligibility.

2. Birth of Dependent Child. In the event of the birth of a child, the child will automatically be covered for the first 31 days following the birth. For the coverage to continue beyond the 31 days, the Employee must notify the Employer of the birth and complete all necessary paperwork before the 31 days has lapsed, as well as pay the required premiums. If notification and required premiums are not made, coverage will terminate at the end of the 31 days following the birth.

Please note, the claim for maternity care is not considered an enrollment application for enrollment of the newborn infant.

3. Newly Acquired Dependents. If an Employee acquires a Dependent while covered under the Plan, coverage for the newly acquired Dependent shall be effective on the date the Dependent becomes eligible, provided application is made to the Plan within 31 days of the date of eligibility and any required contributions are made.

The Pre-existing Condition limitation does not apply to a Participant or Dependent that has not yet reached age 19.

4. Requirement for Employee Coverage. No coverage for Dependents of an Employee will become effective unless the Employee is, or simultaneously becomes, eligible for coverage for himself or herself under the Plan.

5. Coverage as Both Employee and Dependent. No person may be simultaneously covered under this Plan as both an Employee and a Dependent.

6. Medicaid Coverage. An individual’s eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account by the Plan in determining that individual’s eligibility under the Plan.

7. FMLA Leave. Regardless of any requirements set forth in the Plan, the Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA.

5.05 Benefits for the Survivors of Certain Public Servants
Eligible survivors of certain public servants who died as a result of personal injury sustained in the line of duty in the individual’s position, as described, are entitled to purchase or continue to purchase health insurance benefits under Chapter 1551, Texas Insurance Code, as provided in this section.

A survivor is eligible if he or she is the surviving spouse of the individual or surviving dependent of the individual.

5.05A Certain Public Servants
This entitlement is available to eligible survivors of individuals who served in the following positions:

1. an individual elected, appointed, or employed as a peace officer by the state or a political subdivision of the state under Article 2.12, Code of Criminal Procedure, or other law;
2. a member of the class of employees of the correctional institutions division formally designated as custodial personnel under section 615.006 by the Texas Board of Criminal Justice or its predecessor in function;
3. a jailer or guard of a county jail who is appointed by the sheriff and who:
   (a) performs a security, custodial, or supervisory function over the admittance, confinement, or discharge of prisoners; and
   (b) is certified by the Commission on Law Enforcement Officer Standards and Education
4. an individual who is employed by the state or a political or legal subdivision and is subject to certification by the Texas Commission on Fire Protection or an individual employed by the state or a political or legal subdivision whose principal duties are aircraft crash and rescue fire fighting who is employed by a political subdivision of the state; or
5. an individual who is employed by the state or a political subdivision of the state and who is considered by the governmental employer to be a trainee and is employed as a trainee for a position otherwise described in section 615.071 of the Texas Government Code.

5.05B Eligible Surviving Spouse
An eligible surviving spouse of a deceased individual who was employed by a political subdivision of the state is entitled to purchase or continue to purchase health insurance benefits from the political subdivision that employed the deceased individual, including health coverage:
1. provided by or through a political subdivision under:
   a. a health insurance policy or health benefit plan written by a health insurer; or
   b. a self-insured health benefits plan.
2. under Chapter 172, Local Government Code.

The surviving spouse is entitled to purchase or continue to purchase health insurance coverage until the date the surviving spouse becomes eligible for federal Medicare benefits.

5.05C Eligible Surviving Dependent
An eligible surviving dependent who is a minor child is entitled to purchase or continue to purchase health insurance coverage until the date the dependent reaches the age of 26 or a later date to the extent required by state or federal law.

An eligible surviving dependent who is not a minor child is entitled to purchase or continue to purchase health insurance coverage until the earlier or:
1. the date the dependent becomes eligible for group health insurance through another employer; or
2. the date the dependent becomes eligible for federal Medicare benefits.

5.06 Special Enrollment
The Plan provides the following special enrollment periods that allow Employee’s to enroll in the Plan.

5.06A Loss of Other Coverage
If an Employee declined enrollment for himself or herself or his or her Dependents (including his or her spouse) because of other health coverage, he or she may enroll for coverage for himself or herself and/or his or her Dependents if the other health coverage is lost. The Employee must make written application for special enrollment within 31 days of the date the other health coverage was lost.

The following conditions apply to any eligible Employee and Dependents:
An Employee may enroll during this special enrollment period due to Loss of Other Coverage:
1. If the Employee is eligible for coverage under the terms of this Plan;
2. When enrollment was previously offered, the Employee declined because of coverage under another group health plan or health insurance coverage. The Employee must have provided a written statement that other health coverage was the reason for declining enrollment under this Plan; and
3. If the other coverage was terminated due to loss of eligibility for the coverage (including due to legal separation, divorce, death, termination of employment, or reduction in the number of hours), or because employer contributions for the coverage were terminated.

The Employee is not eligible for this special enrollment due to Loss of Other Coverage if:

1. The other coverage was COBRA continuation coverage and the Employee did not exhaust the maximum time available to him or her for that COBRA coverage; or
2. The other coverage was lost due to non-payment of requisite contribution / premium or for cause (such as making a fraudulent claim or an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact in connection with the other plan).

If the conditions for special enrollment due to Loss of Other Coverage are satisfied, and the Employee submits the written application in time, coverage for the Employee and/or his or her Dependent(s) will be effective on the date the other coverage was lost.

5.06B New Dependent
If a covered Employee acquires a new Dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, he or she may be able to enroll his or her new Dependent during a special enrollment period. The Employee must make written application for special enrollment no later than 31 days after he or she acquires the new Dependent.

The following conditions apply to any eligible Employee who has acquired a new Dependent:
An Employee may enroll his or her newly acquired Dependent during this special enrollment period if:

1. The covered Employee is eligible for coverage under the terms of this Plan; and
2. The covered Employee has acquired a new Dependent through marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption

Coverage shall begin on the following:

a. On the date of the marriage
b. On the date of birth
c. On the date of the adoption or placement for adoption

5.06C Additional Special Enrollment Rights
Employees and Dependents who are eligible but not enrolled are entitled to enroll under the following circumstances:

1. The Employee’s or Dependent’s Medicaid or State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP) coverage has terminated as a result of loss of eligibility and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after the termination; or
2. The Employee or Dependent becomes eligible for a contribution / premium assistance subsidy under Medicaid or a State Child Health Insurance Plan (i.e. CHIP), and the Employee requests coverage under the Plan within 60 days after eligibility is determined.

5.07 Open Enrollment
Participants may enroll for coverage during Open Enrollment Periods. Coverage for Participants enrolling during this period will become effective on January 1, of the following Plan year, unless the Employee has not satisfied the Service Waiting Period. In the event that the Service Waiting Period has not been satisfied, coverage for the Employee and his or her Dependents will become effective on the day following completion of the Service Waiting Period.

“Open Enrollment Period” shall mean the month of October in each Plan Year.

Summary Plan Description 2013
5.08 Qualified Medical Child Support Orders

The Plan Administrator shall enroll for immediate coverage under this Plan any Alternate Recipient who is the subject of a Medical Child Support Order that is a “Qualified Medical Child Support Order” (“QMCSO”) if such an individual is not already covered by the Plan as an Eligible Dependent, once the Plan Administrator has determined that such order meets the standards for qualification set forth below.

“Alternate Recipient” shall mean any Child of a Participant who is recognized under a Medical Child Support Order as having a right to enrollment under this Plan as the Participant’s Eligible Dependent. For purposes of the benefits provided under this Plan, an Alternate Recipient shall be treated as an Eligible Dependent.

“Medical Child Support Order” shall mean any judgment, decree or order (including approval of a domestic relations settlement agreement) issued by a court of competent jurisdiction that:

1. Provides for child support with respect to a Participant’s Child or directs the Participant to provide coverage under a health benefits plan pursuant to a State domestic relations law (including a community property law); or
2. Enforces a law relating to medical child support described in Social Security Act §1908 (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822) with respect to a group health plan.

“National Medical Support Notice” or “NMSN” shall mean a notice that contains the following information:

1. Name of an issuing State agency;
2. Name and mailing address (if any) of an employee who is a Participant under the Plan;
3. Name and mailing address of one or more Alternate Recipients (i.e., the child or children of the Participant or the name and address of a substituted official or agency that has been substituted for the mailing address of the Alternate Recipients(s)); and
4. Identity of an underlying child support order.

“Qualified Medical Child Support Order” or “QMCSO” is a Medical Child Support Order that creates or recognizes the existence of an Alternate Recipient’s right to, or assigns to an Alternate Recipient the right to, receive benefits for which a Participant or Eligible Dependent is entitled under this Plan. In order for such order to be a QMCSO, it must clearly specify the following:

1. The name and last known mailing address (if any) of the Participant and the name and mailing address of each such Alternate Recipient covered by the order;
2. A reasonable description of the type of coverage to be provided by the Plan to each Alternate Recipient, or the manner in which such type of coverage is to be determined;
3. The period of coverage to which the order pertains; and
4. The name of this Plan.

In addition, a National Medical Support Notice shall be deemed a QMCSO if it:

1. Contains the information set forth above in the definition of “National Medical Support Notice”;
2. a. Identifies either the specific type of coverage or all available group health coverage. If the Employer receives an NMSN that does not designate either specific type(s) of coverage or all available coverage, the Employer and the Plan Administrator will assume that all are designated;
   b. Informs the Plan Administrator that, if a group health plan has multiple options and the participant is not enrolled, the issuing agency will make a selection after the NMSN is qualified, and, if the agency does not respond within 20 days, the child will be enrolled under the Core Plan); and

Summary Plan Description 2013
3. Specifies that the period of coverage may end for the Alternate Recipient(s) only when similarly situated dependents are no longer eligible for coverage under the terms of the Plan, or upon the occurrence of certain specified events.

However, such an order need not be recognized as “qualified” if it requires the Plan to provide any type or form of benefit, or any option, not otherwise provided to the Participants and Eligible Plan Participants without regard to this section, except to the extent necessary to meet the requirements of a State law relating to medical child support orders, as described in Social Security Act §1908 (as added by Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1993 §13822).

Upon receiving a Medical Child Support Order, the Plan Administrator shall, as soon as administratively possible:

1. Notify the Participant and each Alternate Recipient covered by the Order (at the address included in the Order) in writing of the receipt of such Order and the Plan’s procedures for determining whether the Order qualifies as a QMCSO; and

2. Make an administrative determination if the order is a QMCSO and notify the Participant and each affected Alternate Recipient of such determination.

Upon receiving a National Medical Support Notice, the Plan Administrator shall:

1. Notify the State agency issuing the notice with respect to the child whether coverage of the child is available under the terms of the Plan and, if so:
   a. Whether the child is covered under the Plan; and
   b. Either the effective date of the coverage or, if necessary, any steps to be taken by the custodial parent or by the official of a State or political subdivision to effectuate the coverage; and

2. Provide to the custodial parent (or any State official serving in a substitute capacity) a description of the coverage available and any forms or documents necessary to effectuate such coverage.

To give effect to this requirement, the Plan Administrator shall:

1. Establish reasonable, written procedures for determining the qualified status of a Medical Child Support Order or National Medical Support Notice; and

2. Permit any Alternate Recipient to designate a representative for receipt of copies of the notices that are sent to the Alternate Recipient with respect to the Order.

5.09 Special Restrictions for Pre-Existing Conditions

A Pre-existing Condition limitation will apply for all Employees and Dependents entering or reentering the Plan after the Effective Date, except as set forth in the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (“HIPAA”). No coverage is provided for expenses in connection with a Pre-existing Condition.

A “Pre-existing Condition” is any Sickness, Illness, Disease or Injury (other than Pregnancy), regardless of cause, for which medical advice, diagnosis, care or treatment was recommended or received, by or from a Provider, during the 90 days immediately prior to the Enrollment date on the Plan.

Coverage will be available for such condition on the day immediately following the expiration of 12 months. A Participant has the right to demonstrate any Creditable Coverage, and the applicable period shall be reduced by any Creditable Coverage unless that Creditable Coverage occurred before a Significant Break in Coverage.
The Pre-existing Condition limitation does not apply to any Participant or Dependent that has not yet reached age 19.

5.09A Proof of Creditable Coverage
A Participant may prove Creditable Coverage by either of two methods:

1. For Creditable Coverage the Participant may present a written Certificate of Coverage from the source or entity that provided the coverage showing:
   a. The date the Certificate was issued;
   b. The name of the group health plan that provided the coverage;
   c. The name of the Participant or Dependent to whom the Certificate applies;
   d. The name, address, and telephone number of the plan administrator or issuer providing the Certificate;
   e. A telephone number for further information (if different);
   f. Either:
      (1) A statement that the Participant or Dependent has at least 18 months (546 days) of Creditable Coverage, not counting days of coverage before a Significant Break in Coverage; or
      (2) The date any waiting period (and affiliation period, if applicable) began and the date Creditable Coverage began; and
   g. The date Creditable Coverage ended, unless the Certificate indicates that coverage is continuing as of the date of the Certificate; or

2. If the Participant for any reason is unable to obtain a Certificate from another plan (including because the Creditable Coverage was effective prior to July 1, 1996), he or she may demonstrate Creditable Coverage by other evidence, including but not limited to documents, records, third-party statements, or telephone calls by this Plan to a third-party Provider. This Plan will treat a Participant as having provided a Certificate if that individual:
   a. Attests to the period of Creditable Coverage;
   b. Presents relevant corroborating evidence of some Creditable Coverage during the period; and
   c. Cooperates with the Plan Administrator’s efforts to verify his or her status.

A Participant has the right to request a Certificate from his or her prior health plan, and the Plan Administrator will help the Participant in obtaining the Certificate.

5.09B Notice of Pre-Existing Condition Exclusion
If, within a reasonable time after receiving the information about Creditable Coverage described in the section entitled “Proof of Creditable Coverage,” the Claims Administrator determines that an exclusion for Pre-existing Conditions applies, it will notify the Participant of that conclusion and will specify the source of any information on which it relied in reaching the determination. Such notification will also explain the Plan’s appeals procedures and give the Participant a reasonable opportunity to present additional evidence.

If the Claims Administrator later determines that an individual did not have the claimed Creditable Coverage, the Claims Administrator may modify its initial determination to the contrary. In that case, the individual will be notified of the reconsideration; however, until a final determination is reached, the Claims Administrator will act in accordance with its initial determination in favor of the Participant for the purpose of approving medical services.

5.10 “GINA”
“GINA” prohibits group health plans, issuers of individual health care policies, and employers from discriminating on the basis of genetic information.

The term “genetic information” means, with respect to any individual, information about:
1. Such individual’s genetic tests;
2. The genetic tests of family members of such individual; and
3. The manifestation of a disease or disorder in family members of such individual.

The term “genetic information” includes participating in clinical research involving genetic services. Genetic tests would include analysis of human DNA, RNA, chromosomes, proteins, or metabolite that detect genotypes, mutations, or chromosomal changes. Genetic information is a form of Protected Health Information (PHI) as defined by and in accordance with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), and is subject to applicable Privacy and Security Standards.

Family members as it relates to GINA include dependents, plus all relatives to the fourth degree, without regard to whether they are related by blood, marriage, or adoption. Underwriting as it relates to GINA includes any rules for determining eligibility, computing premiums or contributions, and applying preexisting conditions. Offering reduced premiums or other rewards for providing genetic information would be impermissible underwriting.

GINA will not prohibit a health care Provider who is treating an individual from requesting that the patient undergo genetic testing. The rules permit the Plan to obtain genetic test results and use them to make claims payment determinations when it is necessary to do so to determine whether the treatment provided to the patient was medically advisable and/or necessary.

The Plan may request, but not require, genetic testing in certain very limited circumstances involving research, so long as the results are not used for underwriting, and then only with written notice to the individual that participation is voluntary and will not affect eligibility for benefits, premiums or contributions. In addition, the Plan will notify and describe its activity to the Health and Human Services secretary of its activities falling within this exception.

While the Plan may collect genetic information after initial enrollment as authorized by law, it may not do so in connection with any annual renewal process where the collection of information affects subsequent enrollment. The Plan will not adjust premiums or increase group contributions based upon genetic information, request or require genetic testing or collect genetic information either prior to or in connection with enrollment or for underwriting purposes.
ARTICLE 6
TERMINATION OF COVERAGE

6.01 Termination Dates of Individual Coverage
The coverage of any Participant for himself or herself under this Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date of termination of the Plan;
2. The day of the month in, or with respect to which, he or she requests that such coverage be terminated, provided such request is made on or before such date and is permitted in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §125;
3. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Participant has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself to which he or she has agreed;
4. The date of the month in which he or she ceases to be eligible for such coverage under the Plan;
5. The date in which the termination of employment occurs; or
6. Immediately after a Participant or his or her Dependent submits, or has knowledge of the submission of, a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan, including enrollment information.
7.

6.02 Termination Dates of Retiree Coverage
The coverage of any Retiree who is covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date of termination of the Plan;
2. The date of death of the covered Retiree; or
3. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Retiree has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for himself or herself to which he or she has agreed

6.03 Termination Dates of Dependent Coverage
The coverage for any Dependents of any Participant who are covered under the Plan will terminate on the earliest to occur of the following dates:

1. The date of termination of the Plan;
2. Upon the discontinuance of coverage for Dependents under the Plan;
3. The date of termination of the Participant’s coverage for himself or herself under the Plan;
4. The date of the expiration of the last period for which the Participant has made a contribution, in the event of his or her failure to make, when due, any contribution for coverage for Dependents to which he or she has agreed;
5. In the case of a Child age 26 or older for whom coverage is being continued due to mental or physical inability to earn his or her own living, the earliest to occur of:
   a. Cessation of such inability;
   b. Failure to furnish any required proof of the uninterrupted continuance of such inability or to submit to any required examination; or
   c. Upon the Child’s no longer being dependent on the Participant for his or her support;
6. The day immediately preceding the date such person ceases to be a Dependent, as defined herein, except as may be provided for in other areas of this section; or
7. Immediately after a Participant or his or her Dependent submits, or has knowledge of the submission of, a fraudulent claim or any fraudulent information to the Plan, including enrollment information.
6.04 Certificates of Creditable Coverage

The Plan generally will automatically provide a Certificate of Creditable Coverage to anyone who loses coverage in the Plan. In addition, a Certificate of Coverage will be provided upon request, at any time while the individual is covered under a plan and up to 24 months after the individual loses coverage under the Plan.

The Plan will make reasonable efforts to collect information applicable to any Dependents and to include that information on the Certificate of Coverage, but the Plan will not issue an automatic Certificate of Coverage for Dependents until the Plan has reason to know that a Dependent is or has been covered under the Plan.
ARTICLE 7
CONTINUATION OF COVERAGE

7.01 Continuation During FMLA Leave
The Plan shall at all times comply with FMLA. During any leave taken under FMLA, the Plan Participant will maintain coverage under this Plan on the same conditions as coverage would have been provided if the covered Plan Participant had been continuously employed during the entire leave period.

If provisions under the Plan change while the Plan Participant is on FMLA Leave, the changes will be effective for him or her on the same date as they would have been had he or she not taken leave.

An Employee must continue to pay his or her portion of the Plan contribution, if any, during the FMLA Leave. Payment must be made within 30 days of the due date established by the Plan Administrator. If payment is not received, coverage will terminate on the last date for which the contribution was received in a timely manner.

7.02 Recovery of Plan Contributions
The Participating Employer has the right to recover the portion of the Plan contributions it paid to maintain coverage under the Plan during an unpaid FMLA Leave if the Plan Participant does not return to work at the end of the leave. This right will not apply if failure to return is due to the continuation, recurrence or onset of a Serious Health Condition that entitles the Plan Participant to FMLA Leave (in which case the Participating Employer may require medical certification) or other circumstances beyond the Plan Participant’s control at the discretion of the Plan Sponsor.

7.03 Reinstatement of Coverage
The law requires that coverage be reinstated upon the Plan Participant’s return to work following an FMLA Leave whether or not the Employee maintained coverage under the Plan during the FMLA Leave.

On reinstatement, all provisions and limits of the Plan will apply as they would have applied if FMLA Leave had not been taken. The Service Waiting Period and the Pre-existing Condition limitation will be credited as if the Employee had been continually covered under the Plan.

NOTE: For complete information regarding FMLA rights, contact the County of El Paso Human Resources.
humanresources@epcounty.com

7.04 Continuation During COBRA - Introduction
The right to this form of continued coverage was created by a Federal law, under the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended (“COBRA”). COBRA Continuation Coverage can become available to Participants when they otherwise would lose their group health coverage. It also can become available to other members of the Participants family who are covered under the Plan when they otherwise would lose their group health coverage. The entire cost (plus a reasonable administration fee) must be paid by the person. Coverage will end in certain instances, including if the Participant or their covered dependents fail to make timely payment of contributions or premiums. Participants should check with their employer to see if COBRA applies to them and/or their covered dependents.

7.05 COBRA Continuation Coverage
“COBRA Continuation Coverage” is a continuation of Plan coverage when coverage otherwise would end because of a life event known as a “Qualifying Event.” Life insurance, accidental death and dismemberment benefits and weekly income or long-term disability benefits (if a part of the employer’s plan) are not considered for continuation under COBRA.

7.06 Qualifying Events
Specific Qualifying Events are listed below. After a Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage must be offered to each person who is a “Qualified Plan Participant.” The Employee, the Employee’s spouse, and the
Employee’s dependent children could become Qualified Plan Participants if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the Qualifying Event.

A covered Employee (meaning an employee covered under the Plan) will become a Qualified Plan Participant if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because either one of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The hours of employment are reduced; or
2. The employment ends for any reason other than gross misconduct.

The spouse of a covered Employee will become a Qualified Plan Participant if he or she loses his or her coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The spouse dies;
2. The spouse’s hours of employment are reduced;
3. The spouse’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
4. The spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
5. The spouse becomes divorced or legally separated from his or her spouse.

Dependent children will become Qualified Plan Participants if they lose coverage under the Plan because any of the following Qualifying Events happens:

1. The parent-covered Employee dies;
2. The parent-covered Employee’s hours of employment are reduced;
3. The parent-covered Employee’s employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
4. The parent-covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
5. The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
6. The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a Dependent Child.

**7.07 Employer Notice of Qualifying Events**

When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct), reduction of hours of employment, death of the covered Employee or the covered Employee’s becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), the Employer must notify the COBRA Administrator of the Qualifying Event.

**7.08 Employee Notice of Qualifying Events**

Each covered Employee or Qualified Plan Participant is responsible for providing the Plan Administrator with the following notices, in writing, either by U.S. First Class Mail or hand delivery:

1. Notice of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event that is a divorce or legal separation of a covered Employee (or former employee) from his or her spouse;
2. Notice of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event that is an individual’s ceasing to be eligible as a Dependent Child under the terms of the Plan;
3. Notice of the occurrence of a second Qualifying Event after a Qualified Plan Participant has become entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage with a maximum duration of 18 (or 29) months;
4. Notice that a Qualified Plan Participant entitled to receive Continuation Coverage with a maximum duration of 18 months has been determined by the Social Security Administration (“SSA”) to be disabled at any time during the first 60 days of Continuation Coverage; and
5. Notice that a Qualified Plan Participant, with respect to whom a notice described above has been provided, has subsequently been determined by the SSA to no longer be disabled.

The Plan Administrator is:
County of El Paso
Plan Administrator
800 E. Overland, Suite 223
El Paso, Texas 79901
(915) 546-2218
Notice forms are available from the Plan Administrator and must be used when providing the notice.

7.09 Deadline for providing the notice
For Qualifying Events described above, the notice must be furnished by the date that is 30 days after the latest of:

1. The date on which the relevant Qualifying Event occurs;
2. The date on which the Qualified Plan Participant loses (or would lose) coverage under the Plan as a result of the Qualifying Event; or
3. The date on which the Qualified Plan Participant is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan’s SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan’s procedures for providing such notice to the Plan Administrator.

For the disability determination described above, the notice must be furnished by the date that is 30 days after the latest of:

1. The date of the disability determination by the Social Security Administration (“SSA”);
2. The date on which a Qualifying Event occurs;
3. The date on which the Qualified Plan Participant loses (or would lose) coverage under the Plan as a result of the Qualifying Event; or
4. The date on which the Qualified Plan Participant is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan’s SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan’s procedures for providing such notice to the Plan Administrator.

In any event, this notice must be furnished before the end of the first 18 months of Continuation Coverage.

For a change in disability status described above, the notice must be furnished by the date that is 30 days after the later of:

1. The date of the final determination by the SSA that the Qualified Plan Participant is no longer disabled; or
2. The date on which the Qualified Plan Participant is informed, through the furnishing of the Plan’s SPD or the general notice, of both the responsibility to provide the notice and the Plan’s procedures for providing such notice to the Plan Administrator.

The notice must be postmarked (if mailed), or received by the County of El Paso (if hand delivered), by the deadline set forth above. If the notice is late, the opportunity to elect or extend COBRA Continuation Coverage is lost, and if the person is electing COBRA Continuation Coverage, his or her coverage under the Plan will terminate on the last date for which he or she is eligible under the terms of the Plan, or if the person is extending COBRA Continuation Coverage, such Coverage will end on the last day of the initial 18-month COBRA coverage period.

7.10 Who Can Provide the Notice
Any individual who is the covered Employee (or former employee), a Qualified Plan Participant with respect to the Qualifying Event, or any representative acting on behalf of the covered Employee (or former employee) or Qualified Plan Participant, may provide the notice, and the provision of notice by one individual shall satisfy any responsibility to provide notice on behalf of all related Qualified Plan Participants with respect to the Qualifying Event.

7.11 Required Contents of the Notice
The notice must contain the following information:

1. Name and address of the covered Employee or former employee;
2. Identification of the initial Qualifying Event and its date of occurrence, if the person is already receiving COBRA Continuation Coverage and wishes to extend the maximum coverage period;
3. A description of the Qualifying Event (for example, divorce, legal separation, cessation of dependent status, entitlement to Medicare by the covered Employee or former employee, death of the covered Employee or former employee, disability of a Qualified Plan Participant or loss of disability status);
4. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is divorce or legal separation, name(s) and address(es) of spouse and dependent child(ren) covered under the Plan, date of divorce or legal separation, and a copy of the decree of divorce or legal separation;
5. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is Medicare entitlement of the covered Employee or former employee, date of entitlement, and name(s) and address(es) of spouse and Dependent Child(ren) covered under the Plan;
6. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is a Dependent Child’s cessation of Dependent status under the Plan, name and address of the Child, reason the Child ceased to be an eligible Dependent (for example, attained limiting age, lost student status, married or other);
7. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is the death of the covered Employee or former employee, the date of death, and name(s) and address(es) of spouse and Dependent Child(ren) covered under the Plan;
8. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is disability of a Qualified Plan Participant, name and address of the disabled Qualified Plan Participant, name(s) and address(es) of other family members covered under the Plan, the date the disability began, the date of the SSA’s determination, and a copy of the SSA’s determination;
9. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is loss of disability status, name and address of the Qualified Plan Participant who is no longer disabled, name(s) and address(es) of other family members covered under the Plan, the date the disability ended and the date of the SSA’s determination; and
10. A certification that the information is true and correct, a signature and date.

If a copy of the decree of divorce, legal separation or the SSA’s determination cannot be provided by the deadline for providing the notice, complete and provide the notice, as instructed, by the deadline and submit the copy of the decree of divorce, legal separation or the SSA’s determination within 30 days after the deadline. The notice will be timely if done so. However, no COBRA Continuation Coverage, or extension of such Coverage, will be available until the copy of the decree of divorce, legal separation or the SSA’s determination is provided.

If the notice does not contain all of the required information, the Plan Administrator may request additional information. If the individual fails to provide such information within the time period specified by the Plan Administrator in the request, the Plan Administrator may reject the notice if it does not contain enough information for the Plan Administrator to identify the plan, the covered Employee (or former employee), the Qualified Plan Participants, the Qualifying Event or disability, and the date on which the Qualifying Event, if any, occurred.

7.12 Electing COBRA Continuation Coverage
Complete instructions on how to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage will be provided by the Plan Administrator within 14 days of receiving the notice of the Qualifying Event. The individual then has 60 days in which to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. The 60-day period is measured from the later of the date coverage terminates and the date of the notice containing the instructions. If COBRA Continuation Coverage is not elected in that 60-day period, then the right to elect it ceases.

Each Qualified Plan Participant will have an independent right to elect COBRA Continuation Coverage. Covered Employees may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA Continuation Coverage on behalf of their children.

In the event that the Plan Administrator determines that the individual is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage, the Plan Administrator will provide to the individual an explanation as to why he or she is not entitled to COBRA Continuation Coverage.

7.13 Duration of COBRA Continuation Coverage
COBRA Continuation Coverage will be available up to the maximum time period shown below. Generally, multiple Qualifying Events which may be combined under COBRA will not continue coverage for more than 36 months beyond the date of the original Qualifying Event. When the Qualifying Event is “entitlement to Medicare,” the 36-month continuation period is measured from the date of the original Qualifying Event. For all other
Qualifying Events, the continuation period is measured from the date of the Qualifying Event, not the date of loss of coverage.

When the Qualifying Event is the death of the covered Employee (or former employee), the covered Employee’s (or former employee’s) becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), a divorce or legal separation, or a Dependent Child’s losing eligibility as a Dependent Child, COBRA Continuation Coverage lasts for up to a total of 36 months.

When the Qualifying Event is the end of employment or reduction of the covered Employee’s hours of employment, and the covered Employee became entitled to Medicare benefits less than 18 months before the Qualifying Event, COBRA Continuation Coverage for Qualified Plan Participants other than the covered Employee lasts until 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement. For example, if a covered Employee becomes entitled to Medicare eight months before the date on which his or her employment terminates, COBRA Continuation Coverage for his or her spouse and children can last up to 36 months after the date of Medicare entitlement, which is equal to 28 months after the date of the Qualifying Event (36 months minus 8 months).

Otherwise, when the Qualifying Event is the end of employment (for reasons other than gross misconduct) or reduction of the covered Employee’s hours of employment, COBRA Continuation Coverage generally lasts for only up to a total of 18 months. There are two ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage can be extended.

7.14 Disability Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage
If an Employee or anyone in an Employee’s family covered under the Plan is determined by the SSA to be disabled and the Employee notifies the Plan Administrator as set forth above, the Employee and his or her entire family may be entitled to receive up to an additional 11 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a total maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA Continuation Coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA Continuation Coverage. An extra fee will be charged for this extended COBRA Continuation Coverage.

7.15 Second Qualifying Event Extension of COBRA Continuation Coverage
If an Employee’s family experiences another Qualifying Event while receiving 18 months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, the spouse and Dependent Children in the family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA Continuation Coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if notice of the second Qualifying Event properly is given to the Plan as set forth above. This extension may be available to the spouse and any Dependent Children receiving COBRA Continuation Coverage if the covered Employee or former employee dies, becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both), or gets divorced or legally separated, or if the Dependent Child stops being eligible under the Plan as a Dependent Child, but only if the event would have caused the spouse or Dependent Child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first Qualifying Event not occurred.

7.16 Shorter Duration of COBRA Continuation Coverage
COBRA Continuation Coverage also may end before the end of the maximum period on the earliest of the following dates:

1. The date the employer ceases to provide a group health plan to any employee;
2. The date on which coverage ceases by reason of the Qualified Plan Participant’s failure to make timely payment of any required contributions or premium;
3. The date that the Qualified Plan Participant first becomes, after the date of election, covered under any other group health plan (as an employee or otherwise), or entitled to either Medicare Part A or Part B (whichever comes first). However, a Qualified Plan Participant who becomes covered under a group health plan which has a pre-existing condition limit must be allowed to continue COBRA Continuation Coverage for the length of a pre-existing condition or to the COBRA maximum time period, if less; or
4. The first day of the month that begins more than 30 days after the date of the SSA’s determination that the Qualified Plan Participant is no longer disabled, but in no event before the end of the maximum coverage period that applied without taking into consideration the disability extension.
7.17 Contribution and/or Premium Requirements
Once COBRA Continuation Coverage is elected, the individual must pay for the cost of the initial period of coverage within 45 days. Payments then are due on the first day of each month to continue coverage for that month. If a payment is not received within 30 days of the due date, COBRA Continuation Coverage will be canceled and will not be reinstated.

7.18 Additional Information
Additional information about the Plan and COBRA Continuation Coverage is available from the Plan Administrator or COBRA Administrator, please see page 3 of this Summary Plan Description:

7.19 Current Addresses
In order to protect the rights of the Employee’s family, the Plan Participant should keep the Plan Administrator (who is identified above) informed of any changes in the addresses of family members.

7.20 The Trade Act of 2002
Two provisions under the Trade Act of 2002 (the “Trade Act”) affect the benefits received under COBRA. First, certain eligible individuals who lose their jobs due to international trade agreements may receive a 65% tax credit for premiums paid for certain types of health insurance, including COBRA contribution or premiums. Second, eligible individuals under the Trade Act who do not elect COBRA continuation within the election period will be allowed an additional 60-day period to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If the qualified Plan Participant elects continuation during this second election period, the coverage period will run from the beginning date of the second election period. You should consult the Plan Administrator if you believe the Trade Act applies to you.
ARTICLE 8
PLAN ADMINISTRATION

The Plan is administered by the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator has retained the services of the Third Party Administrator to provide certain claims processing and other technical services.

8.01. Plan Administrator

The Plan is administered by the Plan Administrator within the purview of applicable law and in accordance with these provisions. An individual or entity may be appointed by the Plan Sponsor to be Plan Administrator and serve at the convenience of the Plan Sponsor. If the Plan Administrator resigns, dies, is otherwise unable to perform, is dissolved, or is removed from the position, the Plan Sponsor shall appoint a new Plan Administrator as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan Administrator shall administer this Plan in accordance with its terms and establish its policies, interpretations, practices, and procedures. It is the express intent of this Plan that the Plan Administrator shall have maximum legal discretionary authority to construe and interpret the terms and provisions of the Plan, to make determinations regarding issues which relate to eligibility for benefits (including the determination of what services, supplies, care and treatments are Experimental), to decide disputes which may arise relative to a Participant’s rights, and to decide questions of Plan interpretation and those of fact relating to the Plan. The decisions of the Plan Administrator as to the facts related to any claim for benefits and the meaning and intent of any provision of the Plan, or its application to any claim, shall receive the maximum deference provided by law and will be final and binding on all interested parties. Benefits under this Plan will be paid only if the Plan Administrator decides, in its discretion, that the Participant is entitled to them.

8.02. Duties of the Plan Administrator

The duties of the Plan Administrator include the following:

1. To administer the Plan in accordance with its terms;
2. To determine all questions of eligibility, status and coverage under the Plan;
3. To interpret the Plan, including the authority to construe possible ambiguities, inconsistencies, omissions and disputed terms;
4. To make factual findings;
5. To decide disputes which may arise relative to a Participant’s rights and/or availability of benefits;
6. To prescribe procedures for filing a claim for benefits, to review claim denials and appeals relating to them and to uphold or reverse such denials;
7. To keep and maintain the Summary Plan Descriptions and all other records pertaining to the Plan;
8. To appoint and supervise a third party administrator to pay claims;
9. To establish and communicate procedures to determine whether a medical child support order is a QMCSO;
10. To delegate to any person or entity such powers, duties and responsibilities as it deems appropriate; and
11. To perform each and every function necessary for or related to the Plan’s administration.

8.03. Amending and Terminating the Plan

The Plan Sponsor expects to maintain this Plan indefinitely; however, as the settlor of the Plan, the Plan Sponsor, through its directors and officers, may, in its discretion, at any time, amend, suspend or terminate the Plan in whole or in part. This includes amending the benefits under the Plan.

Any such amendment, suspension or termination shall be enacted by order of the Plan Sponsor in accordance with applicable Federal and State law and any applicable governing documents.

If the Plan is terminated, the rights of the Participants are limited to expenses incurred before termination. All amendments to this Plan shall become effective as of a date established by the Plan Sponsor.
ARTICLE 9
CLAIM PROCEDURES; PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

The procedures outlined below must be followed by Participants to obtain payment of health benefits under this Plan.

9.01 Health Claims
All claims and questions regarding health claims should be directed to the Claims Administrator. The Plan Administrator shall be ultimately and finally responsible for adjudicating such claims and for providing full and fair review of the decision on such claims in accordance with the following provisions. Benefits under the Plan will be paid only if the Plan Administrator decides in its discretion that the Participant is entitled to them. The responsibility to process claims in accordance with the Summary Plan Description may be delegated to the Third Party Administrator; provided, however, that the Third Party Administrator is not a fiduciary of the Plan and does not have the authority to make decisions involving the use of discretion.

Each Participant claiming benefits under the Plan shall be responsible for supplying, at such times and in such manner as the Plan Administrator in its discretion may require, written proof that the expenses were incurred or that the benefit is covered under the Plan. If the Plan Administrator in its discretion determines that the Participant has not incurred a covered expense or that the benefit is not covered under the Plan, or if the Participant fails to furnish such proof as is requested, no benefits shall be payable under the Plan.

A call from a Provider who wants to know if an individual is covered under the Plan, or if a certain procedure is covered by the Plan, prior to providing treatment is not a “claim,” since an actual claim for benefits is not being filed with the Plan. These are simply requests for information, and any response is not a guarantee of benefits, since payment of benefits is subject to all Plan provisions, limitations and exclusions. Once treatment is rendered, a Clean Claim must be filed with the Plan (which will be a “Post-service Claim”). At that time, a determination will be made as to what benefits are payable under the Plan.

Benefits will be payable to a Plan Participant, or to a Provider that has accepted an assignment of benefits as consideration in full for services rendered.

According to Federal regulations which apply to the Plan, there are four types of claims: Pre-service (Urgent and Non-urgent), Concurrent Care and Post-service. However, as noted below, because of this Plan’s design, there are no Pre-service Urgent Care Claims which may be filed with the Plan.

1. Pre-service Claims. A “Pre-service Claim” is a claim for a benefit under the Plan where the Plan conditions receipt of the benefit, in whole or in part, on approval of the benefit in advance of obtaining medical care. However, if the Plan does not require the Participant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no “Pre-service Claim.” The Participant simply follows the Plan’s procedures with respect to any notice which may be required after receipt of treatment, and files the claim as a Post-service Claim.

A “Pre-service Urgent Care Claim” is any claim for medical care or treatment with respect to which the application of the time periods for making non-urgent care determinations could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the Participant or the Participant’s ability to regain maximum function, or, in the opinion of a physician with knowledge of the Participant’s medical condition, would subject the Participant to severe pain that cannot be adequately managed without the care or treatment that is the subject of the claim.

If a Participant needs medical care for a condition which could seriously jeopardize his or her life, obtain such care without delay, and communicate with the Plan as soon as reasonably possible.

The Plan does not require the Participant to obtain approval of any urgent care or emergency medical services or admissions prior to getting treatment for an urgent care or emergency situation, so there are no “Pre-service Urgent Care Claims” under the Plan. The Participant simply follows the Plan’s procedures
with respect to any notice which may be required after receipt of treatment, and files the claim as a Post-service Claim.

Pre-admission certification of a non-emergency Hospital admission is a “claim” only to the extent of the determination made – that the type of procedure or condition warrants Inpatient confinement for a certain number of days. The rules regarding Pre-service Claims will apply to that determination only. Once a Participant has the treatment in question, the claim for benefits relating to that treatment will be treated as a Post-service Claim.

2. Concurrent Claims. A “Concurrent Claim” arises when the Plan has approved an on-going course of treatment to be provided over a period of time or number of treatments, and either:

   a. The Plan determines that the course of treatment should be reduced or terminated; or
   b. The Participant requests extension of the course of treatment beyond that which the Plan has approved.

If the Plan does not require the Participant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment, then there is no need to contact the Plan Administrator to request an extension of a course of treatment. The Participant simply follows the Plan’s procedures with respect to any notice which may be required after receipt of treatment, and files the claim as a Post-service Claim.

3. Post-service Claims. A “Post-service Claim” is a claim for a benefit under the Plan after the services have been rendered.

9.02 When Claims Must Be Filed
Claims (which must be Clean Claims) must be filed with the Claims Administrator no later than March 31 of the following calendar year. Benefits are based upon the Plan’s provisions at the time the charges were incurred. Charges are considered incurred when treatment or care is given or supplies are provided. Claims filed later than that date shall be denied.

A Pre-service Claim (including a Concurrent Claim that also is a Pre-service Claim) is considered to be filed when the request for approval of treatment or services is made and received by the Claims Administrator in accordance with the Plan’s procedures. However, a Post-service Claim is considered to be filed when the following information is received by the Claims Administrator, together with a Form HCFA or Form UB92:

1. The date of service;
2. The name, address, telephone number and tax identification number of the Provider of the services or supplies;
3. The place where the services were rendered;
4. The diagnosis and procedure codes;
5. The amount of charges;
6. The name of the Plan;
7. The name of the covered Plan Participant; and
8. The name of the patient.

Upon receipt of this information, the claim will be deemed to be initiated with the Plan. The Claims Administrator will determine if enough information has been submitted to enable proper consideration of the claim (a Clean Claim). If not, more information may be requested as provided herein. This additional information must be received by the Claims Administrator within 45 days (48 hours in the case of Pre-service Urgent Care Claims) from receipt by the Participant of the request for additional information. Failure to do so may result in claims being declined or reduced.
9.03 Timing of Claim Decisions  
Upon receiving a Clean Claim, the Claims Administrator shall notify the Participant, in accordance with the provisions set forth below, of any adverse benefit determination (and, in the case of Pre-service Claims and Concurrent Claims, of decisions that a claim is payable in full) within the following timeframes:

1. **Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims**:
   a. If the Participant has provided all of the information needed to process the claim, in a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 15 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15-day extension period.

   b. If the Participant or a Provider has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim (a Clean Claim has not been submitted), then the Participant will be notified by Claims Administrator as to what specific information is needed as soon as possible, after receipt of the claim. The Participant will be notified of a determination of benefits within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, either prior to the end of the extension period (if additional information was requested during the initial processing period), or by the date agreed to by the Claims Administrator and the Participant (if additional information was requested during the extension period).

2. **Concurrent Claims**:
   a. **Plan Notice of Reduction or Termination**. If the Claims Administrator is notifying the Participant of a reduction or termination of a course of treatment (other than by Plan amendment or termination), before the end of such period of time or number of treatments, the Participant will be notified sufficiently in advance of the reduction or termination to allow the Participant to appeal and obtain a determination on review of that adverse benefit determination before the benefit is reduced or terminated.

   b. **Request by Participant Involving Urgent Care**. If the Claims Administrator receives a request from a Participant to extend the course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments that is a claim involving Urgent Care, as soon as possible, taking into account the medical exigencies, but not later than 24 hours after receipt of the claim, as long as the Participant makes the request at least 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments. If the Participant submits the request with less than 24 hours prior to the expiration of the prescribed period of time or number of treatments, the request will be treated as a claim involving Urgent Care and decided within the Urgent Care timeframe.

   c. **Request by Participant Involving Non-urgent Care**. If the Claims Administrator receives a request from the Participant to extend the course of treatment beyond the period of time or number of treatments that is a claim not involving Urgent Care, the request will be treated as a new benefit claim and decided within the timeframe appropriate to the type of claim (either as a Pre-service Non-urgent Claim or a Post-service Claim).

3. **Post-service Claims**:
   a. If the Participant has provided a Clean Claim, in a reasonable period of time, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the claim, unless an extension has been requested, then prior to the end of the 15-day extension period.

   b. If the Participant has not provided all of the information needed to process the claim and additional information is requested during the initial processing period, then the Participant will be notified of a determination of benefits prior to the end of the extension period, unless additional information is
requested during the extension period, then the Participant will be notified of the determination by a
date agreed to by the Plan Administrator and the Participant.

4. **Extensions – Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims.** This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15
days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to
matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the Participant, prior to the expiration of the initial
15-day processing period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the
Plan expects to render a decision.

5. **Extensions – Post-service Claims.** This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 15 days, provided
that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the
control of the Plan and notifies the Participant, prior to the expiration of the initial 30-day processing
period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to
render a decision.

6. **Calculating Time Periods.** The period of time within which a benefit determination is required to be made
shall begin at the time a claim is deemed to be filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan.

**9.04 Notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination**
The Claims Administrator shall provide a Plan Participant with a notice, either in writing or electronically (or, in the
case of pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, with written or electronic notice
following within 3 days), containing the following information:

1. A reference to the specific portion(s) of the Summary Plan Description upon which a denial is based;
2. Specific reason(s) for a denial;
3. A description of any additional information necessary for the Participant to perfect the claim and an
   explanation of why such information is necessary;
4. A description of the Plan’s review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures, including a
   statement of the Participant’s rights following an adverse benefit determination on final review;
5. A statement that the Participant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to,
   and copies of, all documents, records and other information relevant to the Participant’s claim for benefits;
6. The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did
   not rely upon their advice (or a statement that the identity of the expert will be provided, upon request);
7. Any rule, guideline, protocol or similar criterion that was relied upon in making the determination (or a
   statement that it was relied upon and that a copy will be provided to the Participant, free of charge, upon
   request);
8. In the case of denials based upon a medical judgment (such as whether the treatment is Medically
   Necessary or Experimental), either an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the
determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Participant’s medical circumstances, or a statement that
such explanation will be provided to the Participant, free of charge, upon request.
9. In a claim involving urgent care, a description of the Plan’s expedited review process.

**Appeal of Adverse Benefit Determinations**

**9.05 Full and Fair Review of All Claims**
In cases where a claim for benefits is denied, in whole or in part, and the Participant believes the claim has been
denied wrongly, the Participant may appeal the denial and review pertinent documents. The claims procedures of
this Plan provide a Participant with a reasonable opportunity for a full and fair review of a claim and adverse benefit
determination. More specifically, the Plan provides:

1. 180 days following receipt of a notification of an initial adverse benefit determination within which to
   appeal the determination;
2. The opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the
   claim for benefits;
3. For a review that does not afford deference to the previous adverse benefit determination and that is conducted by an appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan, who shall be neither the individual who made the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual;

4. For a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the Participant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the prior benefit determination;

5. That, in deciding an appeal of any adverse benefit determination that is based in whole or in part upon a medical judgment, the Plan fiduciary shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment, who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual;

6. For the identification of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice; or

7. That a Participant will be provided, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Participant’s claim for benefits in possession of the Plan Administrator or the Third Party Administrator; information regarding any voluntary appeals procedures offered by the Plan; any internal rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion relied upon in making the adverse determination; and an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Participant’s medical circumstances.

9.06 Requirements for Appeal

The Participant must file an appeal of a post-service claim in writing within 180 days following receipt of the notice of an adverse benefit determination.

For pre-service urgent care claims, if the Plan Participant chooses to initiate an appeal orally, the Plan Participant may telephone:

HealthSCOPE Benefits
7430 Remcon Circle Bldg C
El Paso, Texas 79912
Phone: (915) 581-8182
Fax: (915) 581-7537

Oral appeals should be submitted in writing as soon as possible after it has been initiated. To file any appeal in writing, the Participant’s appeal must be addressed as follows:

1. For Pre-service Claims:

   Participants should refer to their identification card for the name and address of the utilization review administrator. All pre-service claims must be sent to the utilization review administrator.

2. For Post-service Claims:

   HealthSCOPE Benefits
   7430 Remcon Circle Bldg C
   El Paso, Texas 79912
   Phone: (915) 581-8182
   Fax: (915) 581-7537

   It shall be the responsibility of the Participant to submit proof that the claim for benefits is covered and payable under the provisions of the Plan. Any appeal must include:

   1. The name of the Plan Participant;
   2. The Plan Participant’s social security number;
   3. The group name or identification number;

Summary Plan Description 2013
4. All facts and theories supporting the claim for benefits. **Failure to include any theories or facts in the appeal will result in their being deemed waived. In other words, the Participant will lose the right to raise factual arguments and theories which support this claim if the Participant fails to include them in the appeal;**
5. A statement in clear and concise terms of the reason or reasons for disagreement with the handling of the claim; and
6. Any material or information that the Participant has which indicates that the Participant is entitled to benefits under the Plan.

If the Participant provides all of the required information, it may be that the expenses will be eligible for payment under the Plan.

**9.07 Timing of Notification of Benefit Determination on Review**
The Plan Administrator shall notify the Participant of the Plan’s benefit determination on review within the following timeframes:

1. **Pre-service Non-urgent Care Claims:** Within a reasonable period of time appropriate to the medical circumstances, but not later than 30 days after receipt of the appeal.
2. **Concurrent Claims:** The response will be made in the appropriate time period based upon the type of claim – Pre-service Urgent, Pre-service Non-urgent or Post-service.
3. **Post-service Claims:** Within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 60 days after receipt of the appeal.
4. **Calculating Time Periods.** The period of time within which the Plan’s determination is required to be made shall begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan, without regard to whether all information necessary to make the determination accompanies the filing.

**9.08 Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review**
The Plan Administrator shall provide a Participant with notification, with respect to pre-service urgent care claims, by telephone, facsimile or similar method, and with respect to all other types of claims, in writing or electronically, of a Plan’s adverse benefit determination on review, setting forth:

1. The specific reason or reasons for the denial;
2. Reference to the specific portion(s) of the summary plan description on which the denial is based;
3. The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with the claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice;
4. A statement that the Plan Participant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the Plan Participant’s claim for benefits;
5. If an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination, a statement that such rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination and that a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion will be provided free of charge to the Plan Participant upon request;
6. If the adverse benefit determination is based upon a medical judgment, a statement that an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the Plan Participant’s medical circumstances, will be provided free of charge upon request;
7. A statement of the Plan Participant’s rights, following an adverse benefit determination on final review; and

8. The following statement: “You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency.”

9.09 Furnishing Documents in the Event of an Adverse Determination
In the case of an adverse benefit determination on review, the Plan Administrator shall provide such access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in the section relating to “Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Review” as appropriate.

9.10 Decision on Review to be Final
If, for any reason, the Participant does not receive a written response to the appeal within the appropriate time period set forth above, the Participant may assume that the appeal has been denied. The decision by the Plan Administrator or other appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan on review will be final, binding and conclusive and will be afforded the maximum deference permitted by law. All claim review procedures provided for in the Plan must be exhausted before any legal action is brought.

9.11 Appointment of Authorized Representative
A Participant is permitted to appoint an authorized representative to act on his or her behalf with respect to a benefit claim or appeal of a denial. An assignment of benefits by a Participant to a Provider will not constitute appointment of that Provider as an authorized representative. To appoint such a representative, the Participant must complete a form which can be obtained from the Plan Administrator or the Claims Administrator. However, in connection with a claim involving Urgent Care, the Plan will permit a health care professional with knowledge of the Participant’s medical condition to act as the Participant’s authorized representative without completion of this form. In the event a Participant designates an authorized representative, all future communications from the Plan will be with the representative, rather than the Participant, unless the Participant directs the Plan Administrator, in writing, to the contrary.

9.12 Physical Examinations
The Plan reserves the right to have a Physician of its own choosing examine any Participant whose condition, Sickness or Injury is the basis of a claim. All such examinations shall be at the expense of the Plan. This right may be exercised when and as often as the Plan may reasonably require during the pendency of a claim. The Participant must comply with this requirement as a necessary condition to coverage.

9.13 Autopsy
The Plan reserves the right to have an autopsy performed upon any deceased Participant whose condition, Sickness, or Injury is the basis of a claim. This right may be exercised only where not prohibited by law.

9.14 Payment of Benefits
All benefits under this Plan are payable, in U.S. Dollars, to the covered Plan Participant whose Sickness or Injury, or whose covered Dependent’s Sickness or Injury, is the basis of a claim. In the event of the death or incapacity of a covered Plan Participants and in the absence of written evidence to this Plan of the qualification of a guardian for his or her estate, this Plan may, in its discretion, make any and all such payments to the individual or institution which, in the opinion of this Plan, is or was providing the care and support of such Employee.

9.15 Assignments
Benefits for medical expenses covered under this Plan may be assigned by a Participant to the Provider as consideration in full for services rendered; however, if those benefits are paid directly to the Plan Participant, the Plan shall be deemed to have fulfilled its obligations with respect to such benefits. The Plan will not be responsible for determining whether any such assignment is valid. Payment of benefits which have been assigned will be made directly to the assignee unless a written request not to honor the assignment, signed by the covered Plan Participant and the assignee, has been received before the proof of loss is submitted.
No Participant shall at any time, either during the time in which he or she is a Participant in the Plan, or following his or her termination as a Participant, in any manner, have any right to assign his or her right to sue to recover benefits under the Plan, to enforce rights due under the Plan or to any other causes of action which he or she may have against the Plan or its fiduciaries.

A Provider which accepts an assignment of benefits, in accordance with this Plan as consideration in full for services rendered, is bound by the rules and provisions set forth within the terms of this document.

9.16 Recovery of Payments
Occasionally, benefits are paid more than once, are paid based upon improper billing or a misstatement in a proof of loss or enrollment information, are not paid according to the Plan’s terms, conditions, limitations or exclusions, or should otherwise not have been paid by the Plan. As such this Plan may pay benefits that are later found to be greater than the Maximum Allowable Charge. In this case, this Plan may recover the amount of the overpayment from the source to which it was paid, primary payers, or from the party on whose behalf the charge(s) were paid. As such, whenever the Plan pays benefits exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan, the Plan Administrator has the right to recover any such erroneous payment directly from the person or entity who received such payment and/or from other payers and/or the Plan Participant or dependent on whose behalf such payment was made.

A Plan Participant, Dependent, Provider, another benefit plan, insurer, or any other person or entity who receives a payment exceeding the amount of benefits payable under the terms of the Plan or on whose behalf such payment was made, shall return or refund the amount of such erroneous payment to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand. The Plan Administrator shall have no obligation to secure payment for the expense for which the erroneous payment was made or to which it was applied.

The person or entity receiving an erroneous payment may not apply such payment to another expense. The Plan Administrator shall have the discretion to choose who will repay the Plan for an erroneous payment and whether such payment shall be reimbursed in a lump sum. When a Plan Participant or other entity does not comply with the provisions of this section, the Plan Administrator shall have the authority, in its discretion, to deny payment of any claims for benefits by the Plan Participant and to deny or reduce future benefits payable (including payment of future benefits for other injuries or illnesses) under the Plan by the amount due as reimbursement to the Plan. The Plan Administrator may also, in its discretion, deny or reduce future benefits (including future benefits for other injuries or illnesses) under any other group benefits plan maintained by the Plan Sponsor. The reductions will equal the amount of the required reimbursement.

Providers and any other person or entity accepting payment from the Plan or to whom a right to benefits has been assigned, in consideration of services rendered, payments and/or rights, agrees to be bound by the terms of this Plan and agree to submit claims for reimbursement in strict accordance with their State’s health care practice acts, ICD-9 or CPT standards, Medicare guidelines, HCPCS standards, or other standards approved by the Plan Administrator or insurer. Any payments made on claims for reimbursement not in accordance with the above provisions shall be repaid to the Plan within 30 days of discovery or demand or incur prejudgment interest of 1.5% per month. If the Plan must bring an action against a Plan Participant, Provider or other person or entity to enforce the provisions of this section, then that Plan Participant, Provider or other person or entity agrees to pay the Plan’s attorneys’ fees and costs, regardless of the action’s outcome.

Further, Plan Participants and/or their dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal representative, or assigns (Plan Participants) shall assign or be deemed to have assigned to the Plan their right to recover said payments made by the Plan, from any other party and/or recovery for which the Plan Participant(s) are entitled, for or in relation to facility-acquired condition(s), Provider error(s), or damages arising from another party’s act or omission for which the Plan has not already been refunded.

The Plan reserves the right to deduct from any benefits properly payable under this Plan the amount of any payment which has been made:

1. In error;
2. Pursuant to a misstatement contained in a proof of loss or a fraudulent act;
3. Pursuant to a misstatement made to obtain coverage under this Plan within two years after the date such coverage commences;
4. With respect to an ineligible person;
5. In anticipation of obtaining a recovery if a Plan Participant fails to comply with the Plan’s Third Party Recovery, Subrogation and Reimbursement provisions; or
6. Pursuant to a claim for which benefits are recoverable under any policy or act of law providing for coverage for occupational injury or disease to the extent that such benefits are recovered. This provision (6) shall not be deemed to require the Plan to pay benefits under this Plan in any such instance.

The deduction may be made against any claim for benefits under this Plan by a Plan Participant or by any of his Covered Dependents if such payment is made with respect to the Plan Participant or any person covered or asserting coverage as a Dependent of the Plan Participant.

If the Plan seeks to recoup funds from a Provider, due to a claim being made in error, a claim being fraudulent on the part of the Provider, and/or the claim that is the result of the Provider’s misstatement, said Provider shall, as part of its assignment to benefits from the Plan, abstain from billing the plan participant for any outstanding amount(s).

9.17 Medicaid Coverage
A Participant’s eligibility for any State Medicaid benefits will not be taken into account in determining or making any payments for benefits to or on behalf of such Participant. Any such benefit payments will be subject to the State’s right to reimbursement for benefits it has paid on behalf of the Participant, as required by the State Medicaid program; and the Plan will honor any Subrogation rights the State may have with respect to benefits which are payable under the Plan.
ARTICLE 10
COORDINATION OF BENEFITS

10.01 Benefits Subject to This Provision
This provision shall apply to all benefits provided under any section of this Plan.

10.02 Excess Insurance
If at the time of injury, sickness, disease or disability there is available, or potentially available any Coverage (including but not limited to Coverage resulting from a judgment at law or settlements), the benefits under this Plan shall apply only as an excess over such other sources of Coverage.

The Plan’s benefits will be excess to, whenever possible:

a) Any primary payer besides the Plan;
b) Any first party insurance through medical payment coverage, personal injury protection, no-fault coverage, uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage;
c) Any policy of insurance from any insurance company or guarantor of a third party;
d) Worker’s compensation or other liability insurance company; or
e) Any other source, including but not limited to crime victim restitution funds, any medical, disability or other benefit payments, and school insurance coverage.

10.03 Vehicle Limitation
When medical payments are available under any vehicle insurance, the Plan shall pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for vehicle plan and/or policy deductibles. This Plan shall always be considered secondary to such plans and/or policies. This applies to all forms of medical payments under vehicle plans and/or policies regardless of its name, title or classification.

10.04 Allowable Expenses.
“Allowable Expenses” shall mean the Usual and Customary charge for any Medically Necessary, Reasonable, eligible item of expense, at least a portion of which is covered under this Plan. When some Other Plan provides benefits in the form of services rather than cash payments, the reasonable cash value of each service rendered, in the amount that would be payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan, shall be deemed to be the benefit. Benefits payable under any Other Plan include the benefits that would have been payable had claim been duly made therefore.

10.05 “Claim Determination Period”
“Claim Determination Period” shall mean each calendar year.

10.06 “Application to Benefit Determinations”
The plan that pays first according to the rules in the section entitled “Order of Benefit Determination” will pay as if there were no other plan involved. The secondary and subsequent plans will pay the balance due up to 100% of the total Allowable Expenses. When there is a conflict in the rules, this Plan will never pay more than 50% of Allowable Expenses when paying secondary. Benefits will be coordinated on the basis of a Claim Determination Period.

When medical payments are available under automobile insurance, this Plan will pay excess benefits only, without reimbursement for automobile plan deductibles. This Plan will always be considered the secondary carrier regardless of the individual’s election under personal injury protection (PIP) coverage with the automobile insurance carrier.

In certain instances, the benefits of the Other Plan will be ignored for the purposes of determining the benefits under this Plan. This is the case when:

1. The Other Plan would, according to its rules, determine its benefits after the benefits of this Plan have been determined; and
2. The rules in the section entitled “Order of Benefit Determination” would require this Plan to determine its benefits before the Other Plan.

10.07 “Order of Benefit Determination”
For the purposes of the section entitled “Application to Benefit Determinations,” the rules establishing the order of benefit determination are:

1. A plan without a coordinating provision will always be the primary plan;
2. The benefits of a plan which covers the person on whose expenses claim is based, other than as a dependent, shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers such person as a dependent;
3. If the person for whom claim is made is a dependent child covered under both parents’ plans, the plan covering the parent whose birthday (month and day of birth, not year) falls earlier in the year will be primary, except:
   a. When the parents are separated or divorced, and the parent with the custody of the child has not remarried, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent without custody; or
   b. When the parents are divorced and the parent with custody of the child has remarried, the benefits of a plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with custody shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent, and the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the stepparent will be determined before the benefits of a plan which covers that child as a dependent of the parent without custody.

Notwithstanding the above, if there is a court decree which would otherwise establish financial responsibility for the child’s health care expenses, the benefits of the plan which covers the child as a dependent of the parent with such financial responsibility shall be determined before the benefits of any Other Plan which covers the child as a dependent child; and

4. When the rules above do not establish an order of benefit determination, the benefits of a plan which has covered the person on whose expenses claim is based for the longer period of time shall be determined before the benefits of a plan which has covered such person the shorter period of time.

10.08 Right to Receive and Release Necessary Information
For the purpose of determining the applicability of and implementing the terms of this provision or any provision of similar purpose of any Other Plan, this Plan may, without the consent of or notice to any person, release to or obtain from any insurance company, or other organization or individual, any information with respect to any person, which the Plan deems to be necessary for such purposes. Any person claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan such information as may be necessary to implement this provision.

10.09 Facility of Payment
Whenever payments which should have been made under this Plan in accordance with this provision have been made under any Other Plans, the Plan Administrator may, in its discretion, pay any organizations making such other payments any amounts it shall determine to be warranted in order to satisfy the intent of this provision, and amounts so paid shall be deemed to be benefits paid under this Plan and, to the extent of such payments, this Plan shall be fully discharged from liability.

10.10 Right of Recovery
Whenever payments have been made by this Plan with respect to Allowable Expenses in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of payment necessary at that time to satisfy the intent of this Article, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person’s legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such Allowable Expenses, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents.
ARTICLE 11
MEDICARE

11.01 Applicable to Active Employees and Their Spouses Ages 65 and Over
An active Employee and his or her spouse (ages 65 and over) may, at the option of such Employee, elect or reject coverage under this Plan. If such Employee elects coverage under this Plan, the benefits of this Plan shall be determined before any benefits provided by Medicare. If coverage under this Plan is rejected by such Employee, benefits listed herein will not be payable even as secondary coverage to Medicare.

11.02 Applicable to All Other Participants Eligible for Medicare Benefits
To the extent required by Federal regulations, this Plan will pay before any Medicare benefits. There are some circumstances under which Medicare would be required to pay its benefits first. In these cases, benefits under this Plan would be calculated as secondary payor (as described under the Article entitled “Coordination of Benefits”). The Participant will be assumed to have full Medicare coverage (that is, both Part A & B) whether or not the Participant has enrolled for the full coverage. If the Provider accepts assignment with Medicare, covered expenses will not exceed the Medicare-approved expenses.

11.03 Applicable to Medicare Services Furnished to End Stage Renal Disease (“ESRD”) Plan Participants Who Are Covered Under This Plan
If any Participant is eligible for Medicare benefits because of ESRD, the benefits of the Plan will be determined before Medicare benefits for the first 30 months of Medicare entitlement (with respect to charges incurred on or after August 5, 1997), unless applicable Federal law provides to the contrary, in which event the benefits of the Plan will be determined in accordance with such law.
ARTICLE 12
THIRD PARTY RECOVERY, SUBROGATION AND REIMBURSEMENT

12.01  Payment Condition

1. The Plan, in its discretion, may elect to conditionally advance payment of benefits in those situations
where an injury, sickness, disease or disability is caused in whole or in part by, or results from the acts or
omissions of Plan Participants, and/or their dependents, beneficiaries, estate, heirs, guardian, personal
representative, or assigns (collectively referred to hereinafter in this section as “Plan Participant(s)” or a third
party, where any party besides the Plan may be responsible for expenses arising from an incident, and/or
other funds are available, including but not limited to no-fault, uninsured motorist, underinsured motorist,
medical payment provisions, third party assets, third party insurance, and/or grantor(s) of a third party
(collectively “Coverage”).

2. Plan Participant(s), his or her attorney, and/or legal guardian of a minor or incapacitated individual agrees
that acceptance of the Plan’s conditional payment of medical benefits is constructive notice of these
provisions in their entirety and agrees to maintain one hundred percent (100%) of the Plan’s conditional
payment of benefits or the full extent of payment from any one or combination of first and third party sources
in trust, without disruption except for reimbursement to the Plan or the Plan’s assignee. By accepting benefits
the Plan Participant(s) agrees the Plan shall have an equitable lien on any funds received by the Plan
Participant(s) and/or their attorney from any source and said funds shall be held in trust until such time as the
obligations under this provision are fully satisfied. The Plan Participant(s) agrees to include the Plan’s name
as a co-payee on any and all settlement drafts.

3. In the event a Plan Participant(s) settles, recovers, or is reimbursed by any Coverage, the Plan
Participant(s) agrees to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or that will be paid by the Plan on behalf of
the Plan Participant(s). If the Plan Participant(s) fails to reimburse the Plan out of any judgment or settlement
received, the Plan Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (fees and costs) associated with
the Plan’s attempt to recover such money.

4. If there is more than one party responsible for charges paid by the Plan, or may be responsible for charges
paid by the Plan, the Plan will not be required to select a particular party from whom reimbursement is due.
Furthermore, unallocated settlement funds meant to compensate multiple injured parties of which the Plan
Participant(s) is/are only one or a few, that unallocated settlement fund is considered designated as an
“identifiable” fund from which the plan may seek reimbursement.

12.02  Subrogation

Subrogation applies to situations where the Covered Person is injured and another party is responsible for
payment of health care expenses (s)he incurs because of the injury. The other party may be an individual,
insurance company or some other public or private entity. Automobile accident injuries or personal injury on
another’s property are examples of cases frequently subject to subrogation.

The Subrogation provision allows for the right of recovery for certain payments. Any payments made for the
Covered Person’s injuries under the Plan may be recovered from the other party. Any payments made to the
Covered Person for such injury may be recovered from the Covered Person from any judgment or settlement
of his or her claims against the other party or parties.

By accepting Coverage under the Plan, the Covered Person automatically assigns to the Plan any rights the
Covered Person may have to recover all or part of any payments made by the Plan from any other party,
including an insurer or another group health program. The Covered Person has a duty to notify the Plan
Administrator of any recovery or potential right of recovery from a third party whose action or inaction
caused injury, and the Plan Administrator may act as the Covered Person’s substitute in the event any
payment made by this Plan for health care benefits, including any payment for a Pre-existing Condition, is or
becomes the responsibility of another party. Such payments shall be referred to as Reimbursable Payments. This assignment allows the Plan to pursue any claim that the Covered Person may have, whether or not the Covered Person chooses to pursue that claim.

The Covered Person must cooperate fully and provide all information needed under the Plan to recover payments, execute any papers necessary for such recovery, and do whatever else is necessary to secure such rights to the Plan. The other party may be sued in order to recover the payments made for the Covered Person under the Plan.

12.03 Right of Reimbursement

Specifically, by accepting Coverage under the Plan the Covered Person agrees that if the Covered Person receives any recovery in the form of a judgment, settlement, payment or compensation (regardless of fault, negligence or wrongdoing) from (1) a tortfeasor, (2) a liability insurer for a tortfeasor, or (3) any other source, including but not limited to any form of insured or underinsured motorist coverage, any medical payments, no-fault or school insurance coverages, workers’ compensation coverage, premises liability coverage, any medical malpractice recovery, or any other form of insurance coverage (“Recovery”), the Covered Person must notify the Plan Administrator of any recovery or potential right of recovery from a third party whose action or inaction caused injury, and repay the Plan in full for any medical, dental, vision, or disability benefits which have been paid or which will in the future be payable under the Plan for expenses already incurred or which are reasonably foreseeable at the time of such Recovery.

Pursuant to Texas Local Government Code Chapter 172 and Section 172.015, the Plan is subrogated to a covered person’s right of recovery for personal injuries caused by the tortuous conduct of a third party. The Plan has an equitable lien against the Recovery rights of the Covered Person and has the right to be paid from any such Recovery any and all monies or properties: (1) paid; (2) payable to; or (3) for the benefit of, a Covered Person to the extent of benefits paid by the Plan (“Subrogated Amount”), whether or not the Covered Person has been “made whole” for the injuries received. This right applies on a first-dollar basis (i.e., has priority over other rights), applies whether the funds paid to (or for the benefit of) the Covered Person constitute a full or partial recovery, and applies to funds paid for non-health care charges or attorney fees, or other costs and expenses. This right for first priority in contravention of the “make whole” doctrine shall not be affected or limited in any way by the manner in which the Covered Person or any person or entity responsible for paying any Recovery attempts to designate or characterize the Recovery, regardless of whether the recovery itemizes or identifies an amount awarded for Plan benefits or medical expenses, or is specifically linked to certain kinds of damages or payments. Payment of the Subrogated Amount to the Plan shall be without reduction, set-off or abatement for attorney’s fees or costs incurred by the Covered Person in the collection of damages. The Plan shall also be entitled to seek any other equitable remedy against any party possessing or controlling such monies or properties. At the discretion of the Plan Administrator, the Plan may reduce any future Eligible Expenses otherwise available to the Covered Person under the Plan by an amount up to the total amount of Subrogated Amount that is subject to the equitable lien. All rights of recovery will be limited to the amount of payments made under this Plan.

The equitable lien shall also attach to the first right of Recovery to any money or property that is obtained by anybody, including but not limited to the Covered Person, the Covered Person’s attorney, and/or a trust for the direct or indirect benefit of the Insured or for his/her “special needs,” as a result of an exercise of the Covered Person’s rights of Recovery.

The Plan may, in its sole discretion, require the Covered Person, as a pre-condition to receiving benefit payments, to sign a subrogation agreement and to agree in writing to assist the Plan to secure the Plan’s right to payment of the Subrogation Amount from the third party. In the event that the Plan does not receive payment of the Subrogated Amount, the Plan may, in its sole discretion, bring legal action against the Covered Person or reduce or set-off the unpaid Subrogated Amount against any future benefit payments to the Covered Person. If the Plan takes legal action to enforce its subrogation rights, the Plan shall be entitled to recover its attorneys’ fees and costs from the Covered Person.
The following provisions apply to the Plan’s right of subrogation, reimbursement, and creation of an equitable lien:

1. **“Pursue and Pay.”** The Plan Administrator has elected a “pursue and pay” in connection with the subrogation, reimbursement and equitable lien rights. At its sole discretion, the Plan Administrator may elect to “pursue and pay” in connection with the subrogation, reimbursement and equitable lien rights for all claims involving Eligible Expenses of $500 or more. Pursuant to the election of “pursue and pay”, the Plan Administrator has the right to apply the subrogation, reimbursement and equitable lien rights prior to making any benefit payments under the Plan, and such payment shall be reduced by any amounts that were paid by any other party as described in this section.

2. **Scope of Subrogation, Reimbursement and Equitable Lien Rights.** The subrogation, reimbursement and equitable lien rights apply to any benefits paid by the Plan on behalf of the Covered Person as a result of the Injuries sustained, including, but not limited to:
   a. Any no-fault insurance;
   b. Medical benefits coverage under any automobile liability plan. This includes the Covered Person’s Plan or any third party’s policy under which the Covered Person is entitled to benefits;
   c. Under-insured and uninsured motorist coverage;
   d. Any automobile medical payments and personal injury protection benefits;
   e. Any third party’s liability insurance;
   f. Any premises/guest medical payments coverage;
   g. Any medical malpractice recovery;
   h. Workers’ compensation benefits. The right of subrogation, reimbursement and equitable lien attach to any right to payment for workers’ compensation, whether by judgment or settlement, where the Plan has paid expenses otherwise eligible as Covered Services prior to a determination that the Covered Services arose out of and in the course of employment. Payment by Workers’ Compensation insurers or the employer will be deemed to mean that such a determination has been made.
   Any other governmental agency reimbursement (i.e., state medical malpractice compensation funds).

12.04 Separation of Funds

1. Benefits paid by the Plan, funds recovered by the Plan Participant(s), and funds held in trust over which the Plan has an equitable lien exist separately from the property and estate of the Plan Participant(s), such that the death of the Plan Participant(s), or filing of bankruptcy by the Plan Participant(s), will not affect the Plan’s equitable lien, the funds over which the Plan has a lien, or the Plan’s right to subrogation and reimbursement.

12.05 Wrongful Death

1. In the event that the Plan Participant(s) dies as a result of his or her injuries and a wrongful death or survivor claim is asserted against a third party or any Coverage, the Plan’s subrogation and reimbursement rights shall still apply.

12.06 Obligations

1. It is the Plan Participant(s)’ obligation at all times, both prior to and after payment of medical benefits by the Plan:
   a) To cooperate with the Plan, or any representatives of the Plan, in protecting its rights, including discovery, attending depositions, and/or cooperating in trial to preserve the Plan’s rights;
b) To provide the Plan with pertinent information regarding the sickness, disease, disability, or injury, including accident reports, settlement information and any other requested additional information;
c) To take such action and execute such documents as the Plan may require to facilitate enforcement of its subrogation and reimbursement rights;
d) To do nothing to prejudice the Plan’s rights of subrogation and reimbursement;
e) To promptly reimburse the Plan when a recovery through settlement, judgment, award or other payment is received; and
f) To not settle or release, without the prior consent of the Plan, any claim to the extent that the Plan Participant may have against any responsible party or Coverage.

2. If the Plan Participant(s) and/or his or her attorney fails to reimburse the Plan for all benefits paid or to be paid, as a result of said injury or condition, out of any proceeds, judgment or settlement received, the Plan Participant(s) will be responsible for any and all expenses (whether fees or costs) associated with the Plan’s attempt to recover such money from the Plan Participant(s).

3. The Plan’s rights to reimbursement and/or subrogation are in no way dependent upon the Plan Participant(s)’ cooperation or adherence to these terms.

12.07 Offset

1. Failure by the Plan Participant(s) and/or his or her attorney to comply with any of these requirements may, at the Plan’s discretion, result in a forfeiture of payment by the Plan of medical benefits and any funds or payments due under this Plan on behalf of the Plan Participant(s) may be withheld until the Plan Participant(s) satisfies his or her obligation.

12.08 Minor Status

1. In the event the Plan Participant(s) is a minor as that term is defined by applicable law, the minor’s parents or court-appointed guardian shall cooperate in any and all actions by the Plan to seek and obtain requisite court approval to bind the minor and his or her estate insofar as these subrogation and reimbursement provisions are concerned.

2. If the minor’s parents or court-appointed guardian fail to take such action, the Plan shall have no obligation to advance payment of medical benefits on behalf of the minor. Any court costs or legal fees associated with obtaining such approval shall be paid by the minor’s parents or court-appointed guardian.

12.09 Language Interpretation

1. The Plan Administrator retains full and final discretionary authority to construe and interpret the language of this provision, to determine all questions of fact and law arising under this provision, and to administer the Plan’s subrogation and reimbursement rights. The Plan Administrator may amend the Plan at any time without notice.

12.10 Severability

1. In the event that any section of this provision is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.
ARTICLE 13
MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

13.01 Clerical Error/Delay
Clerical errors made on the records of the Plan and delays in making entries on such records shall not invalidate coverage nor cause coverage to be in force or to continue in force. Rather, the Effective Dates of coverage shall be determined solely in accordance with the provisions of this Plan regardless of whether any contributions with respect to Participants have been made or have failed to be made because of such errors or delays. Upon discovery of any such error or delay, an equitable adjustment of any such contributions will be made.

13.02 Conformity With Applicable Laws
This Plan shall be deemed to automatically be amended to conform as required by any applicable law, regulation or the order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction governing provisions of this Plan, including, but not limited to, stated maximums, exclusions or limitations. In the event that any law, regulation or the order or judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction causes the Plan Administrator to pay claims which are otherwise limited or excluded under this Plan, such payments will be considered as being in accordance with the terms of this Summary Plan Description.

13.03 Fraud
The following actions by any Participant, or a Participant’s knowledge of such actions being taken by another, constitute fraud and will result in immediate termination of all coverage under this Plan for the entire Family Unit of which the Participant is a member:

1. Attempting to submit a claim for benefits (which includes attempting to fill a prescription) for a person who is not a Participant of the Plan;
2. Attempting to file a claim for a Participant for services which were not rendered or Drugs or other items which were not provided;
3. Providing false or misleading information in connection with enrollment in the Plan; or
4. Providing any false or misleading information to the Plan.

13.04 Headings
The headings used in this Summary Plan Description are used for convenience of reference only. Participants are advised not to rely on any provision because of the heading.

13.05 No Waiver or Estoppel
No term, condition or provision of this Plan shall be deemed to have been waived, and there shall be no estoppel against the enforcement of any provision of this Plan, except by written instrument of the party charged with such waiver or estoppel. No such written waiver shall be deemed a continuing waiver unless specifically stated therein, and each such waiver shall operate only as to the specific term or condition waived and shall not constitute a waiver of such term or condition for the future or as to any act other than the one specifically waived.

13.06 Plan Contributions
The Plan Administrator shall, from time to time, evaluate the funding method of the Plan and determine the amount to be contributed by the Plan Sponsor and the amount to be contributed (if any) by each Participant.

The Plan Sponsor shall fund the Plan in a manner consistent with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, and such other laws and regulations as shall be applicable to the end that the Plan shall be funded on a lawful and sound basis; but, to the extent permitted by governing law, the Plan Administrator shall be free to determine the manner and means of funding the Plan. The amount of the Participant’s contribution (if any) will be determined from time to time by the Plan Sponsor. Current plan year contributions are available through the Human Resources Department.

Summary Plan Description 2013 59
13.07 Right to Receive and Release Information
For the purpose of determining the applicability of and implementing the terms of these benefits, the Plan Administrator may, without the consent of or notice to any person, release or obtain any information necessary to determine the acceptability of any applicant or Participant for benefits from this Plan. In so acting, the Plan Administrator shall be free from any liability that may arise with regard to such action. Any Participant claiming benefits under this Plan shall furnish to the Plan Administrator such information as may be necessary to implement this provision.

13.08 Written Notice
Any written notice required under this Plan which, as of the Effective Date, is in conflict with the law of any governmental body or agency which has jurisdiction over this Plan shall be interpreted to conform to the minimum requirements of such law.

13.09 Right of Recovery
Whenever payments have been made by this Plan in a total amount, at any time, in excess of the maximum amount of benefits payable under this Plan, the Plan shall have the right to recover such payments, to the extent of such excess, from any one or more of the following as this Plan shall determine: any person to or with respect to whom such payments were made, or such person’s legal representative, any insurance companies, or any other individuals or organizations which the Plan determines are responsible for payment of such amount, and any future benefits payable to the Participant or his or her Dependents.

13.10 Statements
All statements made by the Plan Sponsor or by a Plan Participant will, in the absence of fraud, be considered representations and not warranties, and no statements made for the purpose of obtaining benefits under this document will be used in any contest to avoid or reduce the benefits provided by the document unless contained in a written application for benefits and a copy of the instrument containing such representation is or has been furnished to the Plan Participant.

Any Plan Participant who knowingly and with intent to defraud the Plan, files a statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any material fact, commits a fraudulent act. The Plan Participant may be subject to civil action or criminal prosecution. Fraudulently claiming benefits may be punishable by a substantial fine, imprisonment, or both.

13.11 Claims Review Procedures
In addition to the Plan’s Medical Record Review process, the Claims Administrator may use its discretionary authority to utilize an independent bill review and/or claim audit program or service for a complete claim. While every claim may not be subject to a bill review or audit, the Claims Administrator has the discretionary authority for selection of claims subject to review or audit.

The analysis will be employed to identify charges billed in error and/or charges that are not Usual and Customary and/or Medically Necessary and Reasonable, if any, and may include a patient medical billing records review and/or audit of the patient’s medical charts and records.

Upon completion of an analysis, a report will be submitted to the Claims Administrator or its agent to identify the charges deemed in excess of the Usual and Customary and Reasonable amounts or other applicable provisions, as outlined in this Summary Plan Description.

Despite the existence of any agreement to the contrary, the Claims Administrator has the discretionary authority to reduce any charge to a Usual and Customary and Reasonable charge, in accord with the terms of this Summary Plan Description.
13.12 Language Interpretation

The Plan Administrator retains full and final discretionary authority to construe and interpret the language of this Summary Plan Description, to determine all questions of fact and law arising under this Summary Plan Description, and to administer the Plan’s subrogation and reimbursement rights. The Plan Administrator may amend the Plan at any time without notice.

13.13 Severability

In the event that any section of this Summary Plan Description is considered invalid or illegal for any reason, said invalidity or illegality shall not affect the remaining sections of this provision and Plan. The section shall be fully severable. The Plan shall be construed and enforced as if such invalid or illegal sections had never been inserted in the Plan.
ARTICLE 14
COVERED MEDICAL EXPENSES

14.01 Medical Benefits
Subject to the Plan’s provisions, limitations and exclusions, the following are covered major medical benefits:

1. Allergy Services. Charges related to the Treatment of allergies;
2. Ambulance. Transportation by professional licensed ambulance, including approved available air transportation to a local Hospital or transfer to the nearest facility having the capability to treat the condition.
3. Ambulatory Surgical Center. Services of an Ambulatory Surgical Center for Medically Necessary care provided;
4. Anesthesia. Anesthesia, anesthesia supplies, and administration of anesthesia by facility staff;
5. Birthing Center. Services of a Birthing Center for Medically Necessary care provided within the scope of its license;
7. Chemotherapy. Charges for chemotherapy/radiation;
8. Chiropractic Care. Spinal adjustment and manipulation, x-rays for manipulation and adjustment and other modalities performed by a Physician or other licensed practitioner, as limited in the Summary of Benefits;
   a. Result of an injury which occurs while the Plan Participant or dependent is covered under this plan;
   b. Excision of impacted unerupted teeth or of a tumor or cyst, or incision and drainage of an abscess or cyst;
   c. Oral surgery not involving any tooth structure;
   d. Correction of a birth defect of a child
10. Diabetic Equipment. Covered Charges include Medical Expenses incurred by a Qualified Participant for the installation and use of an insulin infusion pump or other equipment or supplies used in the treatment of diabetes. Covered Charges also include expenses directly related to diabetic self-management education programs and those items associated with the treatment of diabetes. Such items, when obtained for a Covered Person, may include the following:
   a) Diabetic Equipment- blood glucose monitors, insulin pumps and necessary accessories, insulin infusion devices (one per year) and podiatric appliances (one pair of diabetic-related shoes per year).
   b) Diabetic Supplies-test strips for blood glucose monitors, visual reading and urine test strips, lancets and lancet devices, injection aids, and glucagon emergency kits.
11. Diagnostic Tests; Examinations. Charges for x-rays, microscopic tests, laboratory tests, esophagoscopy, gastroscopy, proctosigmoidoscopy, colonoscopy and other diagnostic tests and procedures;

Summary Plan Description 2013
12. **Durable Medical Equipment.** Charges for rental, up to the purchase price, of Durable Medical Equipment, including glucose home monitors for insulin-Dependent diabetics. At its option, and with its advance written approval, the Plan may cover the purchase of such items when it is less costly and more practical than rental. The Plan does not pay for:

   a. Any purchases without its advance written approval;
   b. Replacements or repairs; or
   c. The rental or purchase of items which do not fully meet the definition of “Durable Medical Equipment”;

13. **Foot Disorders.** Surgical treatment of foot disorders, including associated services, performed by a licensed podiatrist (excluding routine foot care);

14. **General Limits.** Payment for any of the expenses listed herein are subject to all plan exclusions, limitations and provisions. Benefits for Pregnancy expenses are paid the same as any other illness.

15. **Glaucoma.** Treatment of glaucoma, cataract Surgery and one set of lenses (contacts or frame-type);

16. **Home Health Care.** Charges by a Home Health Care Agency:

   a. Registered Nurses or Licensed Practical Nurses;
   b. Certified home health aides under the direct supervision of a Registered Nurse;
   c. Registered therapist performing physical, occupational or Speech Therapy;
   d. Physician calls in the office, home, clinic or Outpatient department;
   e. Services, drugs and medical supplies which are Medically Necessary for the treatment of the Plan Participant that would have been provided in the Hospital, but not including Custodial Care; and
   f. Rental of Durable Medical Equipment or the purchase of this equipment if economically justified, whichever is less.

   **NOTE:** Transportation services are not covered under this benefit;

17. **Hospice Care.** Charges relating to Hospice Care, provided the Plan Participant has a life expectancy of 6 months or less, subject to the maximums, if any, stated in the Summary of Benefits. Covered Hospice expenses are limited to:

   a. Room and Board for Confinement in a Hospice;
   b. Ancillary charges furnished by the Hospice while the patient is confined therein, including rental of Durable Medical Equipment which is used solely for treating an Injury or Sickness;
   c. Medical supplies, drugs and medicines prescribed by the attending Physician, but only to the extent such items are necessary for pain control and management of the terminal condition;
   d. Physician services and nursing care by a Registered Nurse, Licensed Practical Nurse or a Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.);
   e. Home health aide services;
   f. Home care furnished by a Hospital or Home Health Care Agency, under the direction of a Hospice, including Custodial Care if it is provided during a regular visit by a Registered Nurse, a Licensed Practical Nurse or a home health aide;
   g. Medical social services by licensed or trained social workers, Psychologists or counselors;
   h. Nutrition services provided by a licensed dietitian;
   i. Respite care; and
   j. Bereavement counseling, which is a supportive service provided by the Hospice team to Plan Participants in the deceased’s Family after the death of the Terminally Ill person, to assist the Plan Participants in adjusting to the death. Benefits will be payable if the following requirements are met:
(1) On the date immediately before his or her death, the Terminally Ill person was in a Hospice Care Program and a Plan Participant under the Plan; and
(2) Charges for such services are Incurred by the Plan Participants within 6 months of the Terminally Ill person’s death.

The Hospice Care Program must be renewed in writing by the attending Physician every 30 days. Hospice Care ceases if the terminal Illness enters remission;

18. **Hospital.** Charges made by a Hospital for:

   a. Inpatient Treatment
      
      (1) Daily Semi-Private Room and Board charges;
      (2) Intensive Care Unit (ICU) and Cardiac Care Unit (CCU) Room and Board charges;
      (3) General nursing services; and
      (4) Medically Necessary services and supplies furnished by the Hospital, other than Room and Board
   
   b. Outpatient Treatment
      
      (1) Emergency room;
      (2) Treatment for chronic conditions;
      (3) Physical Therapy treatments;
      (4) Hemodialysis; and
      (5) X-ray, laboratory and linear therapy;

19. **Mastectomy.** The Federal Women’s Health and Cancer Rights Act, signed into law on October 21, 1998, contains coverage requirements for breast cancer patients who elect reconstruction in connection with a Mastectomy. The Federal law requires group health plans that provide Mastectomy coverage to also cover breast reconstruction Surgery and prostheses following Mastectomy.

   As required by law, you are being provided this notice to inform you about these provisions. The law mandates that individuals receiving benefits for a Medically Necessary Mastectomy will also receive coverage for:
   
   a. Reconstruction of the breast on which the Mastectomy has been performed;
   b. Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance; and
   c. Prostheses and physical complications from all stages of Mastectomy, including lymphedemas; in a manner determined in consultation with the attending Physician and the patient.

   This coverage will be subject to the same annual Deductible and coinsurance provisions that currently apply to Mastectomy coverage, and will be provided in consultation with you and your attending Physician;

20. **Medical Supplies.** Dressings, casts, splints, trusses, braces and other Medically Necessary medical supplies, with the exception of dental braces or corrective shoes, but including syringes for diabetic and allergy diagnosis, and lancets and chemstrips for diabetics;

21. **Newborn Care.** Hospital and Physician nursery care for Newborns who are natural children of the Employee or spouse and properly enrolled in the Plan, as set forth below. Hospital charges for well baby care for a newborn are considered to be eligible charges of the mother during the Hospital stay.

   a. Hospital routine care for a Newborn during the child’s initial Hospital Confinement at birth; and
   b. The following Physician services for well-baby care during the Newborn’s initial Hospital Confinement at birth:
      
      (1) The initial Newborn examination and a second examination performed prior to discharge from the Hospital; and
(2) Circumcision. 

NOTE: The Plan will cover Hospital and Physician nursery care for an ill Newborn as any other medical condition, provided the Newborn is properly enrolled in the Plan. These benefits are provided under the baby’s coverage;

22. Nursing Services. Services of a Registered Nurse or Licensed Practical Nurse;

23. Occupational Therapy. Treatment or services rendered by a registered occupational therapist, under the direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or at a facility or institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing Outpatient facility;

24. Oral Surgery. Oral Surgery in relation to the bone, including tumors, cysts and growths, not related to the teeth and extraction of soft tissue impacted teeth by a Physician or Dentist, correction of congenital anomaly in a child who was covered under the Plan from birth;


26. Pathology Services. Charges for Pathology Services;

27. Physical Therapy. Treatment or services rendered by a physical therapist, under direct supervision of a Physician, in a home setting or a facility or institution whose primary purpose is to provide medical care for an Illness or Injury, or at a free-standing duly licensed Outpatient therapy facility;

28. Physician Services. Services of a Physician for Medically Necessary care, including office visits, Hospital Inpatient care, Hospital Outpatient visits and exams, clinic care, surgical opinion consultations and stand-by services for a Pediatrician for Caesarean section;

29. Preferred Provider Organization. A current list of PPO Providers is available on the Network website: www.advantagecarenetwork.com

Each participant has a free choice of any physician and surgeon and the physician/patient relationship shall be maintained. The participant, together with his or her physician, is ultimately responsible for determining the appropriate course of medical treatment, regardless of whether the plan will pay for all or a portion of the cost of such care. The network does not participate in the patient/provider relationship. The participating providers listed in this directory are independent contractors and are not employees of the network. This list of PPO Providers is subject to change;

30. Pregnancy Expenses. Dependent wife or dependent daughter are eligible for coverage for any expenses in connection with Pregnancy;

Under the Newborn’s and Mothers’ Health Protection Act of 1996, group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not restrict benefits for any Hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn Child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother’s or newborn’s attending Provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a Provider obtain authorization from the Plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours). In no event will an “attending provider” include a plan, hospital, managed care organization, or other issuer.

Benefits are payable in the same manner as for medical or Surgical care of an Illness, shown in the “Summary of Benefits” and this section, and subject to the same maximums;

31. Preventive Care. Charges for preventive care services;
32. **Private Duty Nursing.** Private duty nursing (outpatient only);

33. **Prosthetics, Orthotics, Supplies and Surgical Dressings.** Prosthetic devices (other than dental) to replace all or part of an absent body organ or part, including replacement due to natural growth or pathological change, but not including charges for repair or maintenance. Orthotic devices, but excluding orthopedic shoes and other supportive devices for the feet;

34. **Radiation Therapy.** Charges for radiation and dialysis therapy and treatment;

35. **Respiration Therapy.** Respiration therapy services, when rendered in accordance with a Physician’s written treatment plan;

36. **Routine Patient Care Costs.** Charges for Routine Patient Care Costs as defined by the Plan associated with a Cancer Clinical Trial within the Plan’s definition.

37. **Second Surgical Opinions.** Charges for second surgical opinions;

38. **Self-Inflicted Injuries.** Medical expenses incurred as a result of intentionally self-inflicted injuries (or injuries resulting from attempted suicide) are covered to the same extent that medical expenses are otherwise covered by this Plan.

39. **Skilled Nursing Facility.** Charges made by a Skilled Nursing Facility or a Convalescent Care Facility, up to the limits set forth in the Summary of Benefits, in connection with convalescence from an Illness or Injury (excluding drug addiction, chronic brain syndrome, alcoholism, senility, mental retardation or other Mental or Nervous Disorders) for which the Plan Participant is confined;

40. **Speech Therapy.** Speech therapy by a Physician or qualified speech therapist, when needed due to a Sickness or Injury (other than a functional nervous disorder) or due to surgery performed as the result of a Sickness or Injury, excluding Speech Therapy services that are educational in any part or due to articulation disorders, tongue thrust, stuttering, lisping, abnormal speech development, changing an accent, dyslexia, hearing loss which is not medically documented or similar disorders;

41. **Sterilization.** Charges related to sterilization procedures;

42. **Surgery.** Surgical operations and procedures, unless otherwise specifically excluded under the Plan, and limited as follows:

   a. Multiple procedures adding significant time or complexity will be allowed at:

      (1) 100% of the full Usual and Customary Fee value for the first or major procedure;

      (2) 50% of the Usual and Customary Fee value for the secondary and subsequent procedures;

   b. Bilateral procedures which add significant time or complexity, which are provided at the same operative session, will be allowed at 100% of Usual and Customary Fee value for the major procedure, and 50% of the Usual and Customary Fee value for the secondary or lesser procedure;

   c. Charges made for services rendered by an assistant surgeon will be allowed at 20% of the Usual, and Customary Fee value for the type of surgery performed;

   d. No benefit will be payable for incidental procedures, such as appendectomy during an abdominal Surgery, performed during a single operative session;

43. **Surgical Treatment of Jaw.** Surgical treatment of Diseases, Injuries, fractures and dislocations of the jaw by a Physician or Dentist, correction of congenital anomaly in a child who was covered under the Plan from birth;
44. **Transplants.** Organ or tissue transplants are covered for the following human to human organ or tissue transplant procedures:

   a. Bone marrow;
   b. Heart;
   c. Lung;
   d. Heart and lung;
   e. Liver;
   f. Pancreas;
   g. Kidney; and
   h. Cornea.

In accordance with Health Care Reform, Transplants must comply with the Essential Health Benefits under section 1302(b) of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

Covered expenses will be considered the same as any other Sickness for Plan Participant’s or Dependents as a recipient of an organ or tissue transplant. Covered expenses include:

   a. Organ or tissue procurement from a cadaver consisting of removing, preserving and transporting the donated part;
   b. Services and supplies furnished by a Provider; and
   c. Drug therapy treatment to prevent rejection of the transplanted organ or tissue.

44. **Utilization Management.** Failure to comply with Utilization Management will result in a higher cost to Participants. “Utilization Management” includes hospital pre-admission certification, continued stay review, length-of-stay determination and discharge planning. These programs are designed to ensure that Medically Necessary, high-quality patient care is provided and enables maximum benefits under the Plan. See pre-certification requirements in the section entitled “Cost Containment.”

The following services will require pre-certification

- Inpatient Hospitalization;
- Transplant evaluations and procedures (organ and/or tissue);
- Home Health Services;
- Durable Medical Equipment in excess of $1,000 billed per date of service;
- Emergency admissions within 24 hours after the services are provided;
- Transfers to a NICU within 24 hours of the infant’s transfer;
- Physical Therapy, Occupational Therapy, Speech Therapy or Cognitive Therapy;
- Inpatient Mental/Nervous facility based programs;
- Inpatient Substance Abuse facility based programs;
- Hospice Care;
- Endovascular procedures;
- Chemotherapy;
- PET Scan;
- Sclerotherapy

**14.02 Mental Health and Substance Abuse Benefits**
The Plan shall conform to the Mental Health Parity and Addiction Equity act of 2008, as amended. For further details, contact the Claims Administrator.
14.03 **Inpatient Benefits**
Subject to the limitations contained in the Summary of Benefits, the Plan will pay covered expenses for:

1. Semi-private hospital Room and Board;
2. Miscellaneous facility charges on days a Room and Board charge is covered;
3. Individual psychotherapy;
4. Group psychotherapy;
5. Psychological testing;
6. Family counseling; and

The benefits above are also available when receiving treatment during the day only or during the night only at a day/night Psychiatric Hospital or at a Substance Abuse Treatment Center and/or Rehabilitation Hospital.

14.04 **Outpatient Benefits**
Subject to the limitations contained in the Summary of Benefits, the Plan will pay covered expenses for:

1. Individual psychotherapy;
2. Group psychotherapy;
3. Psychological testing;
4. Family counseling;
5. Convulsive therapy treatment; and
6. Prescription drugs or medicines for the treatment of mental illness or chemical dependency.
ARTICLE 15
GENERAL LIMITATIONS AND EXCLUSIONS

Exclusions shall include any expense for a service or supply that is provided by someone other than a Health Care Provider or an expense (provided by a Health Care Provider) that does not meet the definition of Covered Expenses. This is not an exhaustive list of limitations or exclusions.

1. Abortion. Expenses incurred directly or indirectly as the result of an abortion except when the life of the mother would be threatened if the fetus were carried to term, or when complications arise;

2. Acupuncture. Charges relating directly or indirectly to acupuncture;

3. Alopecia. For the services and/or supplies related to the treatment of alopecia;

4. Assistant Surgeon. For assistant surgeon fees in excess of 20% of the reasonable and customary charge for the surgeon;

5. Biofeedback. Biofeedback;

6. Broken Appointments. For broken appointments;

7. Caretaker. For homemaker or caretaker services;

8. Chelation Therapy. Services and supplies;

9. Completion of Claim Form. Charges for completion of a claim form or charges for failure to keep a scheduled visit;

10. Cosmetic Surgery. Charges for Cosmetic Surgery with the following exceptions:

   a) Treatment provided for the correction of defects incurred in an accidental injury sustained by the participant; or

   b) Treatment provided for reconstructive surgery following cancer surgery; or

   c) Surgery performed on a newborn child for the treatment or correction of a congenital defect; or

   d) Surgery performed on a covered dependent child (other than a newborn child) under the age of 19 for the treatment or correction of congenital defect other than conditions of the breast; or

   e) Reconstruction of the breast on which a mastectomy has been performed; surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to achieve a symmetrical appearance; and prosthesis and treatment of physical complications, including lymphedemas, at all stages of the mastectomy; or

   f) Reconstructive surgery performed on a covered dependent child under the age of 19 due to craniofacial abnormalities to improve the function of, or attempt to create a normal appearance of an abnormal structure caused by a congenital defect, developmental deformities, trauma, tumors, infections, or disease.

11. Custodial Care. Custodial Care, domiciliary care or rest cures, or home health care except as specifically provided herein;
12. **Donor.** For services rendered to any individual who requires them by reason of acting as a donor of any organ or element of their body unless the recipient of this organ or element is a covered Participant under the plan;

13. **Dental Expenses.** For dental expenses except as shown in this section titled Teeth Irregularities;

14. **Education or Training Program.** Services performed by a Physician or other Provider enrolled in an education or training program when such services are related to the education or training program, except as specifically provided herein;

15. **Estate Planning.** Charges for financial or legal counseling, drafting a will or estate planning;

16. **Eyeglasses, Contacts, and Refractions.** Charges for eyeglasses, contacts, or examination for prescription or fitting of eyeglasses or contact lenses. Eye refractions (except for aphakic patients, and soft lenses or sclera shells intended for use in the treatment of Disease or Injury);

17. **Family.** Services rendered by a member of the Covered Person’s family to include grandparents, parents, brothers, sisters, cousins, aunts, uncles, nieces, nephews or similar in-laws related by marriage to the Covered Person;

18. **Felony.** Injury resulting from the commission or an attempt to commit a felony;

19. **Foot.** Charges for routine foot care;

20. **Funeral.** Charges for funeral arrangements;

21. **Government.** That are expenses to the extent paid, or which the Participant is entitled to have paid or obtain without cost, in accordance with the laws or regulations of any government;

22. **Hair Pieces.** Wigs, artificial hair pieces, human or artificial hair transplants, or any drug, prescription or otherwise, used to eliminate baldness, services and supplies related to the treatment of alopecia; except as related to loss of hair due to chemotherapy.

23. **Health Care Provider.** Provider who is not legally licensed to provide these services or supplies in the United States. Health Care Provider must be located within the United States in order for charges to be considered. This exclusion may be waived in an accident or life-threatening emergency;

24. **Hearing Devices.** Hearing aids or examinations for the prescription or fitting of hearing aids;

25. **Hypnosis.** For treatment by hypnosis, except as part of the physicians treatment of a mental illness or when hypnosis is used in lieu of an anesthetic;

26. **Impregnation and Infertility Treatment.** Following charges related to Impregnation and Infertility Treatment or any reversal of sterilization procedures or surgery;

27. **Incurred by Other Persons.** For expenses actually incurred by other persons;

28. **Massage Therapy.** Charges for massage therapy services;

29. **Medicare.** For benefits that are provided, or which would have been provided had the Participant enrolled, applied for, or maintained eligibility for such care and service benefits, under Title XVIII of the Federal Social Security Act of 1965 (Medicare), including any amendments thereto, or under any Federal law or regulation, except as provided in the sections entitled ‘Coordination of Benefits’ and ‘Medicare’
30. **Negligence.** For injuries resulting from negligence, misfeasance, malfeasance, nonfeasance or malpractice on the part of any licensed Physician;

31. **No Legal Obligation.** That are provided to a Participant for which the Provider of a service customarily makes no direct charge, or for which the Participant is not legally obligated to pay, or for which no charges would be made in the absence of this coverage, including but not limited to fees, care, supplies, or services for which a person, company or any other entity except the Participant or this benefit plan, may be liable for necessitating the fees, care, supplies, or services;

32. **Non-Medically Necessary.** Treatment which is not medically necessary for the care and treatment of any injury or illness;

33. **Non-Prescription Drugs.** Charges for non-prescription drugs;

34. **Not Acceptable.** That are not accepted as standard practice by the AMA, ADA, or the Food and Drug Administration;

35. **Not Actually Rendered.** That are not actually rendered;

36. **Not Specifically Covered.** That are not specifically covered under this Plan;

37. **Obesity.** Expenses related to obesity, morbid obesity, weight reduction or dietetic control;

38. **Oral Surgery.** Oral Surgery or dental treatment, except as specifically provided in the Plan;

39. **Organ Transplants.** Expenses related to donation of a human organ or tissue, except as specifically provided;

40. **Orthopedic Shoes.** Orthopedic shoes, unless they are an integral part of a leg brace and the cost is included in the orthotist’s charge, and other supportive devices for the feet;

41. **Personal Convenience Items.** Equipment that does not meet the definition of Durable Medical Equipment, including air conditioners, humidifiers and exercise equipment, whether or not recommended by a Physician;

42. **Prior to Coverage.** That are rendered or received prior to any period of coverage;

43. **Private Duty Nursing.** For private duty nursing services in a hospital setting;

44. **Prohibited by Law.** To the extent that payment under this plan is prohibited by any law of the jurisdiction in which the Plan Participant or dependent resides at the time the expenses or incurred;

45. **Provider Error.** Required as a result of unreasonable provider error;

46. **Radial Keratotomy.** Radial keratotomy or other plastic surgeries on the cornea in lieu of eyeglasses;

47. **Reasonable and Customary.** For charges which are in excess of reasonable and customary charges, as established by the Claims Administrator, or for charges for unnecessary care or treatment;

48. **Remediation Therapy.** For remediation therapy services;

49. **Respite Care.** Charges for respite care;

50. **Rolfing Services.** Charges for Rolfing services;
51. **Sex Change Operation.** Expenses related to a sex change operation or treatment of sexual dysfunction not related to organic disease;

52. **Taxes.** For any city or state taxes charged for services and supplies.

53. **Teeth Irregularities.** For the prevention or correction of teeth irregularities and malocclusion of jaws by wire appliances, braces, or other mechanical aids, or any other care, repair, removal, replacement or treatment of teeth, or surrounding tissues, except:

   a. When necessitated by damage to sound natural teeth or surrounding tissues as a result of an injury which occurs while the employee or dependent, as the case may be, is covered under this plan, or

   b. For excision of impacted unerupted teeth or of a tumor or cyst, or incision and drainage of an abscess or cyst, or

   c. For any other oral surgical procedure not involving any tooth structure, alveolar process, or gingival tissues, or

   d. For correction of a birth defect of a child.

54. **Temporomandibular Joint Disorder.** Charges for the diagnosis and treatment of, or in connection with, temporomandibular joint disorders, myofacial pain dysfunction or orthognathic treatment;

55. **Timely Filing.** For expenses which are submitted after March 31st of the given calendar year for services or supplies, which were incurred in the prior calendar year;

56. **Travel.** Travel, whether or not recommended by a Physician, except as specifically provided herein;

57. **Unrelated Services.** For services and supplies not related to the diagnosed illness or injury, which is being treated;

58. **Vitamins.** Vitamins, vitamin B-12 except when used for Pernicious Anemia or Crohn’s Disease;

59. **Vocational Therapy.** For charges for vocational therapy;

60. **War.** Injury or sickness resulting from declared war;

61. **Worker’s Compensation.** Injury or sickness arising out of, or in the course of, any employment for wage or profit including self-employment, when the employee or dependent is entitled to benefits under any Workers’ Compensation or similar law;
ARTICLE 16
PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

The County of El Paso contracts with a Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM) to manage its pharmacy benefits program. In 2013, the County’s PBM is Medco Health Solutions (Medco). Check with the Plan Administrator or Claims Administrator to confirm the current PBM.

Prescription Drug Benefits is merely a name for the benefits in this section. It does not provide benefits covering expenses incurred for all prescription drugs. There are exclusions, Co-Payment features, and, if applicable to this Plan, Deductible and maximum benefit features.

The Schedules of Benefits outline the Co-payments, Coinsurance amounts and any applicable Deductibles that apply to the covered Prescription Drug Expenses described below.

If a prescription drug is dispensed by a preferred pharmacy to a person for treatment of a disease or injury, a benefit will be paid, determined from the Benefit Amount subsection, but only if the preferred pharmacy’s charge for the drug is more than the Co-payment per prescription or refill.

Benefit amounts provided under this section will not be subject to any provision under this Plan for coordination of benefits with other plans, except the provision for coordinating benefits under this Plan with any Medicare benefits.

A. Selecting a Pharmacy

Preferred Retail Pharmacy

When you go to a Participating Preferred Pharmacy:

• present your Identification Card to the pharmacist along with your Prescription Order,
• provide the pharmacist with the birth date and relationship of the patient,
• sign the insurance claim log.

Participating Preferred Pharmacies have agreed to accept as payment in full the least of:

• the billed charges, or
• the Allowable Amount as determined by Medco, or
• other contractually determined payment amounts.

You are responsible for paying any Deductibles, Copayment Amounts and any pricing differences, when applicable. You may be required to pay for limited or non-covered services. No claim forms are required.

If you are unsure whether a Pharmacy is a Participating Preferred Pharmacy, you may access the Medco website at www.medco.com or contact the Medco Customer Service team at 1-800-711-0917 or toll-free number shown on your Identification Card.

Medco Contact Information
www.medco.com
1-800-711-0917

Mail–Order Pharmacy

The mail–order program provides delivery of Covered Drugs directly to your home address. If you and your covered Dependents elect to use the mail–order service, refer to your Schedule of Benefits for applicable payment levels.

Some drugs may not be available through the mail–order program. If you have any questions about this mail–order

Summary Plan Description 2013
program, need assistance in determining the amount of your payment, or need to obtain the mail−order prescription form, you may access the website at www.medco.com or contact Medco Customer Service team at 1-800-711-0917 or the toll−free number on your Identification Card. Mail the completed form, your Prescription Order(s) and payment to the address indicated on the form.

B. Benefit Amount

The benefit amount for each covered prescription drug or refill dispensed by a preferred pharmacy will be an amount equal to the Payment Percentage of the total charges. The total charge is determined by:

- the preferred pharmacy; and
- the PBM.

Any amount so determined will be paid to the preferred pharmacy on your behalf.

In figuring the benefit amount, a Separate Brand Name Fee may apply to brand name drugs in addition to any applicable Co-Payment. The amount of the Separate Brand Name Fee will be equal to the difference between the cost of the brand name drug and the generic equivalent. The Separate Brand Name Fee will apply to any brand name drug dispensed when the Covered Person requests a brand name drug and the prescription is written for a generic drug with instructions “Dispense as Written”.

No benefit will be paid for a prescription drug dispensed by a non-preferred pharmacy under this benefit section except for an emergency condition, in which case the benefit will be payable at the preferred level of coverage.

C. Limitations

No benefits are paid under this section:

- For a device of any type unless specifically included as a prescription drug.
- For any drug entirely consumed at the time and place it is prescribed.
- For less than a 30 day supply of any drug dispensed by a mail order pharmacy.
- For more than a 30 day supply per prescription or refill. However, this limitation does not apply to a supply of up to 90 days per prescription or refill for drugs which are provided by a mail order pharmacy.
- For the administration or injection of any drug.
- For the following injectable drugs:
  - fertility drugs;
  - allergy sera or extracts; and
  - Imitrex, if it is more than the 48th such kit or 96th such vial dispensed to the person in any year.

- For any refill of a drug that is more than the number of refills specified by the prescriber. Before recognizing charges, the PBM may require a new prescription or evidence as to need:
  - If the prescriber has not specified the number of refills; or
  - If the frequency or number of prescriptions or refills appears excessive under accepted medical practice standards.

- For any refill of a drug dispensed more than one year after the latest prescription for it or as permitted by the law of the jurisdiction in which the drug is dispensed.
- For any drug provided by or while the person is an inpatient in any health care facility; or for any drug provided on an outpatient basis in any health care facility to the extent benefits are paid for it under any other part of this Plan or under any other medical or prescription drug expense benefit plan carried or sponsored by your Employer.
• For any drugs which do not, by federal or state law, require a prescription order (i.e. an over-the-counter (OTC) drug), even if a prescription is written.
• Any Prescription Drug for which there is an over-the-counter (OTC) product which has the same active ingredient and strength.
• For immunization agents.
• For biological sera and blood products.
• For nutritional supplements.
• For any fertility drugs.
• For more than 8 unit doses per 30 day supply for the following drugs used for the treatment of erectile dysfunction, impotence, or sexual dysfunction or inadequacy:
  • sildenafil citrate;
  • phentolamine;
  • apomorphine;
  • alprostadil; or
  • any other prescription drug that is in a similar or identical class has a similar or identical mode of action or exhibits similar or identical outcomes.

Note: This limitation applies whether or not the prescription drug is delivered in oral, injectable, or topical (including, but not limited to, gels, creams, ointments, and patches) forms. If the drug is not taken orally, the dosage covered will be determined by the PBM based on the comparable cost for a 30 day supply of pills.

• For any drug dispensed by a mail order pharmacy for use for the treatment of erectile dysfunction, impotence, or sexual dysfunction or inadequacy.
• For any smoking cessation aids or drugs.
• For Appetite Suppressants
• For a prescription drug dispensed by a mail order pharmacy that is not a preferred pharmacy.
• For any prescription written for the drugs Caverjet, MUSE and Edex.

D. Prior Authorization or Pre-Certification for Certain Prescription Drugs

Prior Authorization or Pre-Certification of the necessity of certain prescription drugs is required before the drug is dispensed by a pharmacy. Coverage for certain designated prescription drugs is subject to prior authorization criteria. This means that in order to ensure that a drug is safe, effective, and part of a specific treatment plan, certain medications may require prior authorization and the evaluation of additional clinical information before dispensing.

When you submit a Prescription Order to a Preferred Pharmacy for one of these designated medications, the Pharmacist will be alerted online if your Prescription Order is on the list of medication which requires Prior Authorization or Pre-certification before it can be filled. If this occurs, your Health Care Practitioner will be required to submit an authorization form. This form may also be submitted by your Health Care Practitioner in advance of the request to the Pharmacy. The Health Care Practitioner can obtain the authorization form by accessing the Medco website at www.medco.com or contacting Medco’s Provider Line at 1-800-753-2851. The requested medication may be approved or denied for coverage under the Plan based upon its accordance with established clinical criteria.

It is your responsibility to arrange for the prescriber of the drug to contact the PBM to request certification. This call must be made as soon as reasonably possible before the drug is to be dispensed. Copies of laboratory and/or medical records may be requested. If such information is requested, it must be provided in order to certify the necessity of the drug.

Medco Contact Information
www.medco.com
1-800-753-2851
E. Preferred Drug Step Therapy

Coverage for certain designated prescription drugs may be subject to a step therapy program. Step therapy programs favor the use of clinically acceptable alternative medications or preferred drugs that may be less costly for you prior to those medications on the step therapy list of drugs being covered under the Plan. When you submit a Prescription Order to a Participating Pharmacy for one of these designated medications, the Pharmacist will be alerted if the online review of your prescription claims history indicates an acceptable alternative medication has not been previously tried. A toll free number is provided for your Health Care Practitioner to call and obtain additional program and criteria information. A list of step therapy medications and possible alternatives are available to you and your Health Care Practitioner on the Medco website at www.medco.com.

Medco Contact Information
www.medco.com

F. Quantity Duration or Quantity Limits

The maximum quantity of a given prescription drug indicates the number of units to be dispensed and is determined based on pertinent medical information and clinical efficacy and safety. Quantities of some drugs are restricted regardless of the quantity ordered by the Health Care Practitioner. To determine if a specific drug is subject to this limitation, you may access the Medco website at www.medco.com or contact Medco’s Customer Service team at 1-800-711-0917 or the toll-free number on your Identification Card.

If a Prescription Order is written for a certain quantity of medication to be taken in a time period directed by a Health Care Practitioner, the Prescription Order will only be covered for a clinically appropriate pre-determined quantity of medication for the specified amount of time. Dispensing limits are based upon FDA dosing recommendations and nationally recognized clinical guidelines.

If you require a Prescription Order in excess of the established dispensing, ask your Health Care Practitioner to submit a request for clinical review on your behalf. The Health Care Practitioner can obtain an override request form by accessing the Medco website at www.medco.com or by contacting Medco’s Provider Line at 1-800-753-2851. The request will be approved or denied after evaluation of the submitted clinical information.

The following list of prescription drugs is subject to change but describes certain prescription drugs subject to Quantity Duration or Quantity Limits at either a retail or the mail order pharmacy:

Hypnotic Agents:
Ambien (zolpidem)
Ambien CR (zolpidem)
Edluar (zolpidem sublingual)
Lunesta (eszopiclone)
Rozerem (ramelteon)
Sonata (zaleplon)
Silenor (doxepin)
Zolpimist (zolpidem oral spray)
G. General Exclusions Applicable to Prescription Drug Expense Coverage

Coverage is not provided for the following prescription drug charges:

- Those that are not prescribed by the Covered Person's physician or dentist.
- Those, as determined by the PBM, to be experimental or investigational. A drug will be determined to be experimental or investigational if:
  - there are insufficient outcomes data available from controlled clinical trials published in the peer reviewed literature to substantiate its safety and effectiveness for the disease or injury involved; or
  - if required by the FDA, approval has not been granted for marketing; or
  - a recognized national medical or dental society or regulatory agency has determined, in writing, that it is experimental, investigational or for research purposes; or
  - the written protocol or protocols used by the treating facility or the protocol or protocols of any other facility studying substantially the same drug or the written informed consent used by the treating facility or by another facility studying the same drug states that it is experimental, investigational or for research purposes.

However, this exclusion will not apply with respect to drugs that:

- have been granted treatment investigational new drug (IND) or Group c/treatment IND status*
- are being studied at the Phase III level in a national clinical trial sponsored by the National Cancer Institute*

(*If the PBM determines that available scientific evidence demonstrates that the drug is effective or shows promise of being effective for the disease.)

- Those that are made only because there is coverage.
- Those that a Covered Person is not legally obliged to pay.
- Those, as determined by the PBM, to be for custodial care.
- To the extent allowed by the law of the jurisdiction where the group contract is delivered, those
  - Furnished, paid for, or for which benefits are provided or required by reason of the past or present service of any person in the armed forces of a government.
  - Furnished, paid for, or for which benefits are provided or required under any law of a government. (This does not include a plan established by a government for its own employees or their dependents or Medicaid.) An example is benefits provided, to the extent required by law, under "no-fault" auto insurance law.
- Those for performance, athletic performance, or lifestyle enhancement drugs or supplies, except to the extent coverage for such drugs or supplies is specifically provided in your Booklet.
- Those for or related to artificial insemination, in vitro fertilization or embryo transfer procedures, except to the extent coverage for such procedures is specifically provided in your Booklet.

Any exclusion above will not apply to the extent that coverage of the charges is required under any law that applies to the coverage.

These excluded charges will not be used when figuring benefits.

The law of the jurisdiction where a person lives when a claim occurs may prohibit some benefits. If so, they will not be paid.
H. Drug Benefit Glossary

The following definitions of certain words and phrases will help you understand the benefits to which the definitions apply. Some definitions which apply only to a specific benefit appear in the benefit section. If a definition appears in a benefit section and also appears in the Glossary, the definition in the benefit section will apply in lieu of the definition in the Glossary.

(1) **Brand Name Drug**

A prescription drug which is protected by trademark registration

(2) **Compound Drugs**

Drugs that have been measured and mixed with U. S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA)−approved pharmaceutical ingredients by a pharmacist to produce a unique formulation that is Medically Necessary because commercial products either do not exist or do not exist in the correct dosage, size, or form. The drugs used must meet the following requirements:

1. The drugs in the compounded product are Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved;
2. The approved product has an assigned National Drug Code (NDC); and
3. The primary active ingredient is a Covered Drug under the Plan.

(3) **Co-pay**

This is a fee, charged to a person, which represents a portion of the applicable expense. It is specified in the Summary of Coverage.

As to a prescription drug dispensed by a preferred pharmacy, this is the fee charged to a person at the time the prescription drug is dispensed payable directly to the pharmacy for each prescription or refill at the time the prescription or refill is dispensed. For drugs dispensed as packaged kits, the fee applies to each kit at the time it is dispensed. In no event will the co-pay be greater than the prescription or refill.

(3) **Custodial Care**

1. This means services and supplies furnished to a person mainly to help him or her in the activities of daily life. This includes board and room and other institutional care. The person does not have to be disabled. Such services and supplies are custodial care without regard to:
   - by whom they are prescribed; or
   - by whom they are recommended; or
   - by whom or by which they are performed.

(4) **Dentist**

This means a legally qualified dentist. Also, a physician who is licensed to do the dental work he or she performs.

(5) **Emergency Condition**

2. This means the sudden and, at that time, unexpected onset of a change in a person's physical or mental condition which, if the procedure or treatment was not performed right away could, as determined by the PBM, reasonably be expected to result in:
   - loss of life or limb; or
   - significant impairment to bodily function; or
   - permanent dysfunction of a body part.

(6) **Generic Drug**

A prescription drug which is not protected by trademark registration, but is produced and sold under the chemical formulation name.
7) **Mail Order Pharmacy**
An establishment where prescription drugs are legally dispensed by mail.

8) **Medication Formulary**
A listing of prescription drugs which have been evaluated and selected by the PBM clinical pharmacists for their therapeutic equivalency and efficacy. This listing includes both brand name drugs and generic drugs and is subject to periodic review and modification by the PBM.

9) **Necessary**
A service or supply furnished by a particular Health Care Provider is necessary if the PBM determines that it is appropriate for the diagnosis, the care or the treatment of the disease or injury involved.

To be appropriate, the service or supply must:

- be care or treatment, as likely to produce a significant positive outcome as, and no more likely to produce a negative outcome than, any alternative service or supply, both as to the disease or injury involved and the person's overall health condition;
- be a diagnostic procedure, indicated by the health status of the person and be as likely to result in information that could affect the course of treatment as, and no more likely to produce a negative outcome than, any alternative service or supply, both as to the disease or injury involved and the person's overall health condition; and
- as to diagnosis, care and treatment be no more costly (taking into account all health expenses incurred in connection with the service or supply) than any alternative service or supply to meet the above tests.

In determining if a service or supply is appropriate under the circumstances, the PBM will take into consideration:

- information provided on the affected person's health status;
- reports in peer reviewed medical literature;
- reports and guidelines published by nationally recognized healthcare organizations that include supporting scientific data;
- generally recognized professional standards of safety and effectiveness in the United States for diagnosis, care or treatment;
- the opinion of health professionals in the generally recognized health specialty involved; and
- any other relevant information brought to the PBM's attention.

In no event will the following services or supplies be considered to be necessary:

- those that do not require the technical skills of a medical, a mental health or a dental professional; or
- those furnished mainly for the personal comfort or convenience of the person, any person who cares for him or her, any person who is part of his or her family, any Health Care Provider or healthcare facility; or
- those furnished solely because the person is an inpatient on any day on which the person's disease or injury could safely and adequately be diagnosed or treated while not confined; or
- those furnished solely because of the setting if the service or supply could safely and adequately be furnished in a physician's or a dentist's office or other less costly setting.

10) **Non-Occupational Disease**
A non-occupational disease is a disease that does not:

- arise out of (or in the course of) any work for pay or profit; or
- result in any way from a disease that does.

A disease will be deemed to be non-occupational regardless of cause if proof is furnished that the person:

- is covered under any type of workers' compensation law; and

Summary Plan Description 2013
• is not covered for that disease under such law.

(11) Non-Occupational Injury
A non-occupational injury is an accidental bodily injury that does not:
• rise out of (or in the course of) any work for pay or profit; or
• result in any way from an injury which does.

(12) Non-Preferred Pharmacy
A pharmacy which is not party to a contract with the PBM, or a pharmacy which is party to such a contract but does not dispense prescription drugs in accordance with its terms.

(13) Pharmacy
An establishment where prescription drugs are legally dispensed.

(14) Physician
This means a legally qualified physician.

(15) Preferred Pharmacy
A pharmacy, including a mail order pharmacy, which is party to a contract with the PBM to dispense drugs to persons covered under this Plan, but only:
• while the contract remains in effect; and
• while such a pharmacy dispenses a prescription drug under the terms of its contract with the PBM.

(16) Prescriber
Any person, while acting within the scope of his or her license, who has the legal authority to write an order for a prescription drug.

(17) Prescription
An order of a prescriber for a prescription drug. If it is an oral order, it must promptly be put in writing by the pharmacy.

(18) Prescription Drugs
Any of the following:
• A drug, biological, compounded prescription or contraceptive device which, by Federal Law, may be dispensed only by prescription and which is required to be labeled "Caution: Federal Law prohibits dispensing without prescription".
• An injectable contraceptive drug prescribed to be administered by a paid healthcare professional.
• An injectable drug prescribed to be self-administered or administered by any other person except one who is acting within his or her capacity as a paid healthcare professional. Covered injectable drugs include insulin.
• Disposable needles and syringes which are purchased to administer a covered injectable prescription drug.
• Disposable diabetic supplies, other than alcohol swabs.

(19) Reasonable Charge
Only that part of a charge which is reasonable is covered. The reasonable charge for a prescription drug dispensed by a non-preferred pharmacy is the lowest of:
• the charge the PBM determines to be appropriate, based on factors such as the cost of providing the same or a similar drug and the manner in which charges for it are made; and
• the charge the PBM determines to be the prevailing charge level made for the drug in the geographic area where it is dispensed.
In determining the reasonable charge for a prescription drug that is:

- unusual; or
- not often provided in the area; or
- provided by only a small number of pharmacies in the area;

the PBM may take into account factors, such as:

- the compounding complexity of the drug;
- the prevailing charge in other areas.
- the availability of the product or its ingredients.

I. Preventive Care Drugs (for the CDHP or CDH Plan)

Prescription drugs that can help keep you from developing a health condition are called preventive prescription drugs. They can help you maintain your quality of life and avoid expensive treatment, healing to reduce your overall healthcare costs.

If you doctor prescribes a preventive prescription drug on this list, it will be covered at 0% coinsurance, with a copay before you have met your deductible.

The following is a list of the most commonly prescribed preventive drug types. The list is not all-inclusive and does not guarantee coverage.

- Ace Inhibitors (hypertension, diabetes)
- Antihyperlipidemics (high cholesterol)
- Beta-Blockers (hypertension)
- Angiotensin II Receptor Antagonists (hypertension)
- Diuretics (hypertension)
- Miscellaneous Antihypertensives (hypertension)
- Direct Renin Inhibitor (hypertension)
- Antiadrenergic Antihypertensives (hypertension)
- Calcium Channel Blockers (heart disease, hypertension)
- Blood Thinning Agents (stroke prevention)
- Antiasthmatics (asthma)
- Asthma Supplies (asthma)
- Antidiabetic Drugs (diabetes)
- Diabetic Supplies (diabetes)
- Osteoporosis Drugs (osteoporosis)
- Pediatric Vitamins with Fluoride
- Prenatal Multivitamins with Iron and Folic Acid
- Contraceptives
ARTICLE 17  
COST CONTAINMENT

17.01 Pre-Certification Procedures. The Covered Person must obtain Pre-certification from the Claims Administrator for the following covered services, procedures or supplies in order to receive Coverage. Failure to receive the required pre-certification will result in loss of coverage for the service, procedure or supply:

Urgent Care or Emergency Admissions:
If a Participant needs medical care for a condition which could seriously jeopardize his or her life, obtain such care without delay, and communicate with the Plan as soon as reasonably possible.

If a Participant must be admitted on an Emergency basis, the Participant should follow the Physician’s instructions carefully and contact the pre-certification department as follows:

1. For Emergency admissions after business hours on Friday, on a weekend or over a holiday weekend, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 72 hours after the admission date, but no later than the first business day following the Emergency admission, by or on behalf of the covered patient; and
2. For Emergency admissions on a weekday, a call to the pre-certification department must be made within 24 hours after the admission date.

The Plan does not require the Participant to obtain approval of a medical service prior to getting treatment for an urgent care or emergency situation, so there are no “Pre-service Urgent Care Claims” under the Plan. The Participant simply follows the Plan’s procedures with respect to any notice which may be required after receipt of treatment, and files the claim as a Post-service Claim.

Non-emergency Admissions:
For Inpatient Hospital stays that are scheduled in advance, a call to the pre-certification department should be completed as soon as possible before actual services are rendered. Once the pre-certification call is received, it will be routed to an appropriate review specialist who will create an on-line patient file. The review specialist will contact the Participant’s attending Physician to obtain information and to discuss the specifics of the admission request. An on-line expert system that features state-of-the-art, widely accepted clinical review criteria is used to effectively guide the review process. If appropriate, alternative care will be explored with the Physician.

If, after assessing procedure necessity, the need for an Inpatient confinement is confirmed, the review specialist will determine the intensity of management required and will remain in contact with the Physician or Hospital during the confinement.

If, at any time during the review process, Medical Necessity cannot be validated, the review specialist will refer the episode to a board-certified Physician advisor who will immediately contact the attending Physician to negotiate an appropriate treatment plan. At the end of the Hospital confinement, the review specialist is also available to assist with discharge planning and will work closely with the attending Physician and Hospital to ensure that medically appropriate arrangements are made.
17.02 Alternate Course of Treatment

Certain types of conditions, such as spinal cord injuries, cancer, AIDS or premature births, may require long-term, or perhaps lifetime, care.

If the Plan Administrator should determine that an alternate course of treatment is appropriate, and if the attending Physician agrees to the alternate course of treatment, all Medically Necessary expenses stated in the treatment plan will be eligible for payment under the Plan, even if these expenses normally would not be eligible for payment under the Plan. In the event the Participant and the attending Physician select an alternative course of treatment, coverage under the Plan will be based upon the charge allowed for the alternate course of treatment.
ARTICLE 18
SCHEDULE OF DENTAL BENEFITS

The Plan will pay as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Dental Services</th>
<th>Benefit Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Preventive Dental Services</td>
<td>100% of Reasonable &amp; Customary charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic Dental Services</td>
<td>80% of Reasonable &amp; Customary charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Major Dental Services</td>
<td>50% of Reasonable &amp; Customary charges</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Orthodontic Services</td>
<td>50% of Reasonable &amp; Customary charges</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The Plan will pay for the services provided by a Dentist who is legally licensed in the USA to provide these services and supplies.

**Maximum Benefit Amounts:**

- The maximum calendar year benefit payable under the plan for a Covered Person for all dental benefits is $1,500. This includes Preventive, Basic and Major Dental Service.
- The maximum lifetime benefit payable under the plan for a Covered Person for Orthodontic benefits is $1,000.

**18.01 Dental Definitions**

**Dentist.**
A Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.) or a Doctor of Medical Dentistry (D.M.D.) who holds a lawful license authorizing the person to practice dentistry in the locale in which the service is rendered. A Dentist's practice must be located within the United States. Non-USA Health Care Providers shall not be Eligible.

**Alternative Treatment**
There is often more than one method of satisfactory treatment for a given dental condition. If this is the case, the Covered Dental Expenses will be limited to Reasonable and Customary charge which would be appropriate for these services and supplies which are customarily employed nationwide in the treatment of the disease or injury concerned and which are recognized by the dental profession to be appropriate methods of treatment in accordance with broadly accepted national standards of dental practice, taking into account the total current oral condition of the Covered Person.

**Emergency Palliative Treatment.**
Any dental procedures necessary to alleviate (but not cure) acute pain or temporarily alleviate (but not cure) conditions requiring the immediate attention of a Dentist to prevent irreparable harm to the Covered Person.

**Benefits Payable.**
If, because of a non-occupational condition, a Covered Person, while covered for benefits under this Section, incurs Covered Expenses, this Plan will pay the Benefit Percentage of Reasonable and Customary expenses in excess of the Deductible, if applicable. The Benefit Percentage, the Deductible, and the Maximum Benefits are shown in the Section titled "Schedule of Dental Benefits".

**Incurred Date**
The date the service is received.
**Deductible.**
The Deductible amount is the dollar amount of Covered Expenses, which must be paid by the Covered Person before reimbursement for any additional Covered Expenses can be paid. The deductible applies separately to each Covered Person in each calendar year, subject to the following:

When covered family members satisfy their Maximum Family Deductible limit, the family deductible will be considered satisfied for all covered family members for the remainder of that calendar year.

**Dental Implant.**
An artificial tooth that is anchored in the gums or jawbone to replace a missing tooth.

**Benefits Percentage.**
The percentage of benefits payable during any one calendar year for Reasonable and Customary charges after the deductible amount is satisfied is shown in the Section titled "Schedule of Dental Benefits".

**Maximum Benefits.**
Benefits paid to any Covered Person for dental expenses for Preventive, Basic and Major Services (combined) in any one calendar year shall not exceed the maximum as specified in Section titled "Covered Dental Expenses".

**Covered Expenses.**
The term Covered Expense means an eligible charge actually incurred by or on behalf of a Covered Person for the charges listed below but only if the expenses are incurred while such Covered Person is covered for Dental Expense Benefits and only to the extent that the services or supplies are recommended by a physician (or dentist) and are essential for the necessary care and treatment of the dental problem suffered by the Covered Person.

**Pre-Determination of Benefits**
A charge incurred by a Covered Person is eligible only when the dentist's proposed course of treatment ("Treatment Plan") has been submitted to and reviewed by the Plan Administrator, and returned to the dentist showing the estimated benefits. No "Treatment Plan" need be submitted if the total charges do not exceed $300 or if emergency care is required. A "Treatment Plan" is the dentist's report that:

a) Itemizes the dentist's recommended services,

b) Shows the dentist's charge for each service,

c) Is accompanied by supporting x-rays or other diagnostic records where required or requested by the Plan Administrator.

**Eligible Charge**
An Eligible Charge is one the dentist makes for a covered Preventive, Basic or Major dental service furnished, provided the service:

a) Is on the list of dental services,

b) Is part of a "Treatment Plan" as described above, and

c) Isn't listed in the "Dental Limitations, Extensions and Exclusions".

*If a dental service is performed that is not on the list of dental services, but the list contains one or more other services that under customary dental practices are suitable for the condition being treated, for the purpose of coverage the listed services that the Plan Administrator determines would produce a satisfactory result will be considered to have been performed.

The amount of the eligible charge for a service is equal to the charge made by the dentist, not to exceed the maximum eligible charge applying to that service in the list of dental services.
Inurred Charge.
A charge will be considered to be incurred:

a) For an appliance or modification of an appliance - on the date the appliance is seated.
b) For a crown, bridge or gold restoration - on the date the appliance is seated.
c) For root canal therapy - on the date the pulp chamber is opened.
d) For all other services - on the date the service is received.
e) All other terms shall have the same meaning as specified in Section titled, "Dental Definitions".

18.02 Covered Expenses
The following is a brief description of the types of expenses that will be considered for coverage under the Plan, subject to the limitations contained in the Summary of Benefits. Charges must be for services and supplies customarily employed for treatment of the dental condition, and rendered in accordance with ADA accepted standards of practice. Coverage will be limited to Usual and Customary Fees.

Preventive Dental Service

1. Routine oral examinations and prophylaxis (cleaning, scaling and polishing teeth), two per calendar year;
2. Bitewing x-rays, two per calendar year;
3. Topical application of fluoride for Dependent Children under age 19, two per calendar year;

Basic Dental Services

1. All Medically Necessary x-rays;
2. Full mouth x-rays, but not more than one series per calendar year;
3. Panoramic x-rays, but not more than one per calendar year;
4. Amalgam, silicate, acrylic, synthetic porcelain and composite filling restorations to restore diseased or accidentally broken teeth. Gold foil restorations are not eligible;
5. Simple extractions;
6. Repair or recementing of crowns, inlays, onlays, bridgework or dentures or relining of dentures;
7. Endodontics, including pulpotomy, direct pulp capping, root canal treatment and placement of a temporary crown in connection with a root canal;
8. Anesthetic services, except local infiltration or block anesthetics, performed by, or under the direct personal supervision of, and billed for by a Dentist, other than the operating Dentist or his or her assistant;
9. Periodontal examinations, treatment and surgery;
10. Consultations;
11. Space maintainers (not made of precious metals) that replace prematurely lost teeth for Dependent children under age 19. No payment will be made for duplicate space maintainers;
12. Emergency palliative treatment of an acute condition requiring immediate care;
13. Injection of antibiotic drugs by the attending dentist.
14. Periapical x-rays
15. Oral Surgery- apicoectomies,impactions, and extractions (including alveolectomy, alveoplasty, and tori removal in connection with extractions);
Major Dental Services
All Major Dental Services require 12 months of continuous coverage in order for services to be covered.

1. Prosthodontic services (initial installation or replacement of bridgework or dentures) will be covered only when a Participant has been covered continuously for 12 months;
2. Initial fixed bridgework and dentures replacing teeth extracted while covered under this Plan;
3. Replacement of bridgework or partial dentures when an additional tooth or teeth must be replaced;
4. Cast metal, or ceramic material inlays, onlays, or crown restoration;
5. Replacement of an existing crowns, denture or fixed bridgework, or the addition of teeth to an existing partial removable denture or bridgework, to replace one or more natural teeth:
   a. Where the existing denture or bridgework was installed at least five years prior to its replacement and it cannot be made serviceable; or
   b. First installation (including adjustments during the six month period following installation of a removable denture (partial or full);
   c. Where the existing denture is an immediate temporary denture, and necessary replacement by the permanent denture takes place within 12 months;
6. Implants

Orthodontic Services

1. Preliminary study, including cephalometric radiographs, diagnostic casts and treatment plan;
2. Interceptive, interventive or preventive orthodontic services;
3. Fixed and removable appliance placement, and active treatment per month after the first month; and
4. Extractions in connection with orthodontic services.
18.03 Dental Exclusions, Limitations and Extension

Extension of Dental Benefits. If the Dental expense coverage for you or a dependent is terminated, the protection will be extended to cover charges incurred within the next 30 days for Basic services, provided benefits would have been paid had the coverage remained in effect, and treatment was begun prior to the date of termination.

The following exclusions and limitations are in addition to those set forth in the Articles entitled “General Limitations and Exclusions,” and “Schedule of Benefits.”

1. Adjustments. Charges for services to alter vertical dimension (work done or appliance used to increase the distance between nose and chin); to restore or maintain occlusion (work done or appliance used to change the way the top and bottom teeth meet or mesh); to replace tooth structure lost as a result of abrasion or attrition; for splinting; or for treatment of disturbances of the temporomandibular joint;

2. Administrative Costs. For administrative costs of completing claim forms or reports or for providing dental records;

3. After the Termination Date. The Plan will not pay for services or supplies furnished after the date coverage terminates, even if payments have been predetermined for a course of treatment submitted before the termination date. However, benefits for covered dental expenses incurred for the following procedures will be payable as though the coverage had continued in force:
   a. A prosthetic device, such as full or partial dentures, if the Dentist took the impression and prepared the abutment teeth while the patient was a Participant in the Plan, and delivers and installs the device within two months following termination of coverage;
   b. A crown, if the Dentist prepared the tooth for the crown while the patient was a Participant in the Plan, and installs the crown within two months following termination of coverage; and
   c. Root canal therapy if the Dentist opened the tooth while the patient was a Participant in the Plan, and completes the treatment within two months following termination of coverage;

4. Broken Appointments. For charges for broken or missed dental appointments;

5. Cosmetic. Charges for cosmetic dental work. This includes, but is not limited to, characterization of dentures and services to correct congenital or developmental malformations. This exclusion will not apply to cosmetic work needed as a result of Accidental Injuries, but damage resulting from biting or chewing is not considered an Accidental Injury. This exclusion also does not apply to covered Orthodontic Treatment;

6. Crowns. For crowns for teeth that are restorable by other means or for the purpose of Periodontal Splinting;

7. Education. Charges for instruction in oral hygiene, plaque control or diet;

8. Excess Charges. Charges in excess of the Reasonable Charge for the service or supply received or charges in excess of any maximum payable under this Plan;

9. Experimental. Charges for Experimental dental care, implantology or dental care which is not customarily used or which does not meet the standards set by the American Dental Association;

10. Government Provided. Charges for dental care paid for or provided by the laws of any government or treatment given in a government-owned facility, unless the Employee or Dependent is legally required to pay;
11. **Immediate Relative.** Services rendered by a person who is an immediate relative of, or who ordinarily resides with, the Plan Participant requiring treatment. “Immediate relative” means spouse, child, brother, sister or parent of the Plan Participant, whether by birth, adoption or marriage;

12. **Miscellaneous.** The Plan does not cover any charge, service or supply which is:

   a. For treatment other than by a Dentist or Physician, except:
      (1) Cleaning, scaling and application of fluoride performed by a licensed dental hygienist under the supervision of a Dentist; and
      (2) Non-experimental services performed at a dental school under the supervision of a Dentist, if the school customarily charges patients for its services;
   b. For local infiltration anesthetic when billed for separately by a Dentist;
   c. For personalization or characterization of dentures or veneers or any cosmetic procedures or supplies;
   d. For oral hygiene or dietary instruction;
   e. For a plaque control program (a series of instructions on the care of the teeth);
   f. For implants, including any appliances and/or crowns and the surgical insertion or removal of implants;
   g. For periodontal splinting;
   h. For consultations, charges for failure to keep a scheduled visit, or charges for completion of a claim form;
   i. For substances or agents which are administered to minimize fear, or charges for analgesia, unless the patient is handicapped by cerebral palsy, mental retardation or spastic disorder;
   j. For replacement of a lost, missing or stolen prosthetic device;
   k. Not equal to accepted standards of dental practice, including charges for services or supplies which are Experimental;
   l. Paid, payable or required to be provided under any no-fault or equivalent automobile insurance law. Any uninsured motorist will be considered to be self-insured;
   m. Charges for missed appointments or completion of claim forms;
   n. Covered under the “Covered Medical Expenses” Article of the Plan; and
   o. Services performed by a Physician or other Provider enrolled in an education or training program when such services are related to the education or training program, except as specifically provided herein;

13. **Missing Appliances.** Charges for replacement of lost, missing or stolen appliances or prosthetic devices;

14. **No Coverage.** Services or supplies for which charges are incurred at a time when no coverage is in force for that person, or for which charges are incurred while coverage is in force, but final delivery is made more than 3 months after the date coverage for that person terminated;

15. **No Legal Obligation.** Charges for which the person has no legal obligation to pay, or for which no charge would be made in the absence of a Treatment Plan;

16. **No Listing.** For services which are not included in the list of covered dental services;

17. **Not Necessary.** Charges for unnecessary care, treatment, services or supplies, including replacement at any time of a bridge or denture which meets or can be made to meet commonly held dental standards of functional acceptability;

18. **Not Recommended.** Charges for services or supplies which are not recommended and approved by a Dentist or Physician;

19. **Occupational.** Charges for dental care which results from any employment or where the employee or dependent is entitled to benefits under any Workers’ Compensation or similar law;
20. **Orthognathic Surgery.** For surgery to correct malpositions in the bones of the jaw;

21. **Personalization.** For expenses for services or supplies that are cosmetic in nature, including charges for personalization or characterization of dentures;

22. **Prior to Coverage.** An appliance, or modification where an impression for a crown, bridge or gold restoration was made or where root canal therapy began prior to coverage under this Plan.

23. **Replacements.** Charges for replacement made within five years after the last placement of any prosthetic appliance, crown, inlay or onlay restoration, or fixed bridge. This exclusion is waived if replacement is needed because the appliance, crown, inlay, onlay or bridge, while in the oral cavity, is damaged beyond repair due to Injury sustained by the Plan Participant. (Damage resulting from biting or chewing is not considered an Accidental Injury;)

24. **Single Provider Care.** In the event a Participant transfers from the care of one Provider to that of another during a course of treatment, or if more than one Provider performs services for one or more dental procedures, the Plan shall consider only such expense as would be appropriate had a single Provider performed the service. An appropriate expense in this case will be the Usual and Customary Fee;

25. **Space Maintainers.** Charges for duplicate space maintainers;

26. **Splinting.** For crowns, fillings or appliances that are used to connect (splint) teeth, or change or alter the way the teeth meet, including altering the vertical dimension, restoring the bite (occlusion) or are cosmetic; and

27. **War/Riot.** Charges for services or supplies needed as a result of war, declared or undeclared, or any act of war or act of aggression by any Country; or voluntary participation in a riot.

If a particular charge is covered under the Dental Expense Benefits and also under another part of any other plans for which the County of El Paso shall have paid any part of the cost, the Dental Expense Benefit payment will be limited to the excess, if any, of the amount normally paid for that Benefit over the amount payable by all such other plans.

**18.04 Pre-determination of Dental Benefits**

If a Participant’s proposed course of treatment reasonably can be expected to involve dental charges of $300 or more, a description of the procedures to be performed and an estimate of the charges therefore may be filed with the Claims Administrator prior to the commencement of the course of treatment. **However, approval is not required prior to treatment.** Any pre-determination of dental benefits is provided only as a convenience to the Participant.

If requested, the Claims Administrator will notify the Employee, and the Dentist or Physician, of the pre-determination based upon such proposed course of treatment. In determining the amount of benefits available, consideration will be given to alternate procedures, services, supplies and courses of treatment which may be performed to accomplish the required result. **The pre-determination is not a guarantee of payment or approval of a benefit. After treatment is received, a claim must be filed as a post-service claim, which will be subject to all applicable Plan provisions.**
ARTICLE 19
BENEFIT DETERMINATION

19.01 Timing of Claim Decisions

The Claims Administrator shall notify the claimant, in accordance with the provisions set forth below, of any adverse benefit determination within a reasonable period of time, but not later than 45 days after receipt of the claim by the Plan.

1. Extensions. This period may be extended by the Plan for up to 30 days, provided that the Plan Administrator both determines that such an extension is necessary due to matters beyond the control of the Plan and notifies the claimant, prior to the expiration of the initial 45-day period, of the circumstances requiring the extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render a decision. If, prior to the end of the first 30-day extension period, the Plan Administrator determines that, due to matters beyond the control of the Plan a decision cannot be rendered within that extension period, the period for making the determination may be extended for up to an additional 30 days, provided that the Plan Administrator notifies the claimant, prior to the expiration of the first 30-day extension period, of the circumstances requiring the extension and the date as of which the Plan expects to render a decision. In the case of any extension, the notice of extension shall specifically explain the standards on which entitlement to a benefit is based, the unresolved issues that prevent a decision on the claim, and the additional information needed to resolve those issues.

2. Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which a benefit determination is required to be made shall begin at the time a claim is deemed to be filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan.

3. Requests for Additional Information. In the event the circumstances requiring an extension include the need for more information, the claimant must be allowed at least 45 days after receipt of the notice to provide this information. If the additional information is requested during the initial 45-day processing period, then the remainder of time left in the initial processing period is lost, and, upon receipt of the information, the first 30-day extension period begins to run. Similarly, if the additional information is requested during the first extension period, then the remainder of time left in the first extension period is lost, and, upon receipt of the information, the second 30-day extension period begins to run. If the additional information is requested during the second extension period, then the remainder of time left in the second extension period is lost, and the Plan must obtain the claimant’s consent to additional time for processing the information provided.

19.02 Notification of an Adverse Benefit Determination

The Claims Administrator shall provide a claimant with written or electronic explanation of benefits stating that a claim is denied, in whole or in part, and advising the claimant of the right to appeal.

19.03 Appeals of Adverse Benefit Determinations

In accordance with the terms set forth in Article 9, the following shall apply:

19.04 Full and Fair Review of All Claims

In cases where a claim for benefits is denied, in whole or in part, and the claimant believes the claim has been denied wrongly, the claimant may appeal the denial and review pertinent documents. The claims procedures of this Plan provide a claimant with a reasonable opportunity for a full and fair review of a claim and adverse benefit determination, including the right, if necessary, to file two separate appeals. More specifically, the Plan provides:

1. Claimants at least 180 days following receipt of a notification of an adverse benefit determination within which to appeal the determination;
2. Claimants at least 45 days following receipt of a request for additional information to provide such information to the Plan;
3. Claimants the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim for benefits;

4. For a review that affords no particular deference to the initial adverse benefit determination and that is conducted by the Plan Administrator or another appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan, who shall be neither the individual who made the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of such individual;

5. For a review that takes into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

6. That, in deciding an appeal of any adverse benefit determination that is based in whole or in part upon a medical judgment, the Plan Administrator or another appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan shall consult with a health care professional who has appropriate training and experience in the field of medicine involved in the medical judgment, who is neither an individual who was consulted in connection with the adverse benefit determination that is the subject of the appeal, nor the subordinate of any such individual;

7. For the identification of medical or vocational experts whose advice was obtained on behalf of the Plan in connection with a claimant’s adverse benefit determination, without regard to whether the advice was relied upon in making the benefit determination; and

8. That a claimant will be provided, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant’s claim for benefits; information regarding any voluntary appeals procedures offered by the Plan; any rule, guideline, protocol or other similar criterion relied upon in making the adverse determination; and an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant’s medical circumstances.

19.05 First Appeal Level

Requirements for First Appeal
The claimant must file the first appeal in writing within 180 days following receipt of the notice of an adverse benefit determination. The claimant’s appeal must be addressed as follows:

HealthSCOPE Benefits
ATTENTION: Appeals Department
P.O. Box 12609
El Paso, Texas 79913

Upon receipt, an appeal shall be deemed to be filed with the Plan provided all of the information listed below is included.

It shall be the responsibility of the claimant to submit proof that the claim for benefits is covered and payable under the provisions of the Plan. Any appeal must include:

1. The name of the employee/claimant;
2. The employee/claimant’s social security number;
3. The group name or identification number;
4. All facts and theories supporting the claim for benefits. Failure to include any theories or facts in the written appeal will result in their being deemed waived. In other words, the claimant will lose the right to raise factual arguments and theories which support his or her claim if he or she fails to include them in the written appeal;
5. The reason or reasons for disagreement with the handling of the claim; and
6. Any material or information that the claimant has which indicates that the claimant is entitled to benefits under the Plan.

If the claimant provides all of the required information, it may be that the claimant will be eligible for disability benefits under the Plan.
Timing of Notification of Benefit Determination on First Appeal
The Claims Administrator shall notify the claimant of the Plan’s benefit determination on review within a reasonable period of time, but no later than 23 days after receipt by the Plan of the claimant’s request for review, unless the Claims Administrator determines that special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim.

1. Extensions. If the Claims Administrator determines that an extension of time for processing is required, written notice of the extension shall be furnished to the claimant prior to the termination of the initial 23-day period. In no event shall such extension exceed a period of 23 days from the end of the initial period. The extension notice shall indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render the determination on review.

2. Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which the Plan’s determination is required to be made shall begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan.

3. Requests for Additional Information. In the event the circumstances requiring an extension include the need for more information, the claimant must be allowed at least 45 days after receipt of the notice to provide this information. If the additional information is requested during the initial 23-day period, then the remainder of time left in that initial period is lost, and, upon receipt of the information, the 23-day extension period begins to run. If the additional information is requested during the 23-day extension period, then the remainder of time left in the extension period is lost, and the Plan must obtain the claimant’s consent for an extension of time to process the additional information once it is received by the Plan.

Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on First Appeal
The Claims Administrator shall provide a claimant with written or electronic notification of a Plan’s adverse benefit determination on review, setting forth:

1. The specific reason or reasons for the denial;
2. Reference to the specific portion(s) of the Summary Plan on which the denial is based;
3. A description of any additional information necessary for the claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is necessary;
4. A description of the Plan’s review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures;
5. The identity of any medical or vocational experts consulted in connection with the claim, even if the Plan did not rely upon their advice;
6. A statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claimant’s claim for benefits;
7. If an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination, a statement that such rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion was relied upon in making the adverse determination and that a copy of the rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request;
8. If the adverse benefit determination is based upon a medical judgment, a statement that an explanation of the scientific or clinical judgment for the determination, applying the terms of the Plan to the claimant’s medical circumstances, will be provided free of charge upon request;
9. A statement that the Plan does not offer any voluntary appeal procedures;
10. A statement of the claimant’s right to bring an action in the event of an adverse benefit determination following a second appeal; and
11. The following statement: “You and your Plan may have other voluntary alternative dispute resolution options, such as mediation. One way to find out what may be available is to contact your local U.S. Department of Labor Office and your State insurance regulatory agency.”
Furnishing Documents in the Event of an Adverse Determination
In the case of an adverse benefit determination on review, the Claims Administrator shall provide such access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in the section entitled “Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on First Appeal” as appropriate.

19.06 Second Appeal Level

Adverse Decision on First Appeal; Requirements for Second Appeal
If, for any reason, the claimant does not receive a written response within the appropriate time period set forth above, the claimant may assume that the first appeal has been denied. Upon expiration of that time period without receipt of a written decision or upon receipt of notice of the Plan’s adverse decision regarding the first appeal, the claimant has 60 days to file a second appeal of the denial of benefits. The claimant again is entitled to a “full and fair review” of any denial made at the first appeal, which means the claimant has the same rights during the second appeal as he or she had during the first appeal. As with the first appeal, the claimant’s second appeal must include all of the items set forth in the section entitled “Requirements for First Appeal.”

The Plan Administrator shall notify the claimant of the Plan’s benefit determination on review within a reasonable period of time, but no later than 22 days after receipt by the Plan of the claimant’s request for review, unless the Plan Administrator determines that special circumstances require an extension of time for processing the claim.

1. Extensions. If the Plan Administrator determines that an extension of time for processing is required, written notice of the extension shall be furnished to the claimant prior to the termination of the initial 22-day period. In no event shall such extension exceed a period of 22 days from the end of the initial period. The extension notice shall indicate the special circumstances requiring an extension of time and the date by which the Plan expects to render the determination on review.

2. Calculating Time Periods. The period of time within which the Plan’s determination is required to be made shall begin at the time the second appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of this Plan.

3. Requests for Additional Information. In the event the circumstances requiring an extension include the need for more information, the claimant must be allowed at least 45 days after receipt of the notice to provide this information. If the additional information is requested during the initial 22-day period, then the remainder of time left in that initial period is lost, and, upon receipt of the information, the 22-day extension period begins to run. If the additional information is requested during the 22-day extension period, then the remainder of time left in the extension period is lost, and the Plan must obtain the claimant’s consent for an extension of time to process the additional information once it is received by the Plan.

Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on Second Appeal
The same information must be included in the Plan’s response to a second appeal as a first appeal, except for:

1. A description of any additional information necessary for the claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such information is needed; and
2. A description of the Plan’s review procedures and the time limits applicable to the procedures.

See the section entitled “Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on First Appeal.”

Furnishing Documents in the Event of an Adverse Determination
In the case of an adverse benefit determination on the second appeal, the Plan Administrator shall provide such access to, and copies of, documents, records, and other information described in the section entitled “Manner and Content of Notification of Adverse Benefit Determination on First Appeal,” as is appropriate.
Decision on Second Appeal to be Final

If, for any reason, the claimant does not receive a written response to the second appeal within the appropriate time period set forth above, the claimant may assume that the second appeal has been denied. The decision by the Plan Administrator or other appropriate named fiduciary of the Plan on review will be final, binding and conclusive and will be afforded the maximum deference permitted by law. **All claim review procedures provided for in the Plan must be exhausted before any legal action is brought. Any legal action for the recovery of any benefits must be commenced within one year after the Plan’s claim review procedures have been exhausted.**

19.07 Standard External Review

A. Standard external review

Standard external review is external review that is not considered expedited (as described in paragraph B of this section).

1. **Request for external review.** The Plan will allow a claimant to file a request for an external review with the Plan if the request is filed within four (4) months after the date of receipt of a notice of an adverse benefit determination or final internal adverse benefit determination. If there is no corresponding date four months after the date of receipt of such a notice, then the request must be filed by the first day of the fifth month following the receipt of the notice. For example, if the date of receipt of the notice is October 30, because there is no February 30, the request must be filed by March 1. If the last filing date would fall on a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday, the last filing date is extended to the next day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or Federal holiday.

2. **Preliminary review.** Within five (5) business days following the date of receipt of the external review request, the Plan will complete a preliminary review of the request to determine whether:

   (a) The claimant is or was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was requested or, in the case of a retrospective review, was covered under the Plan at the time the health care item or service was provided;

   (b) The adverse benefit determination or the final adverse benefit determination does not relate to the claimant’s failure to meet the requirements for eligibility under the terms of the Plan (e.g., worker classification or similar determination);

   (c) The claimant has exhausted the Plan’s internal appeal process unless the claimant is not required to exhaust the internal appeals process under the interim final regulations; and

   (d) The claimant has provided all the information and forms required to process an external review.

   Within one (1) business day after completion of the preliminary review, the Plan will issue a notification in writing to the claimant. If the request is complete but not eligible for external review, such notification will include the reasons for its ineligibility and contact information for the Employee Benefits Security Administration (toll-free number 866-444-EBSA (3272)). If the request is not complete, such notification will describe the information or materials needed to make the request complete and the Plan will allow a claimant to perfect the request for external review with the four-month filing period or within the 48 hour period following the receipt of the notification, whichever is later.

3. **Referral to Independent Review Organization.** The Plan will assign an independent review organization (IRO) that is accredited by URAC or by a similar nationally-recognized accrediting organization to conduct the external review. Moreover, the Plan will take action against bias and to ensure independence. Accordingly, the Plan will contract with (or direct the Claims Processor to contract with, on its behalf) at least three (3) IROs for assignments under the Plan and rotate claims assignments among them (or incorporate other independent unbiased method for selection of IROs, such as random selection). In addition, the IRO may not be eligible for any financial incentives based on the likelihood that the IRO will support the denial of benefits.
4. **Reversal of Plan’s decision.** Upon receipt of a notice of a final external review decision reversing the adverse benefit determination or final internal adverse benefit determination, the Plan immediately will provide coverage or payment (including immediately authorizing or immediately paying benefits) for the claim.

**B. Expedited external review**

1. **Request for expedited external review.** The Plan will allow a claimant to make a request for an expedited external review with the Plan at the time the claimant receives:
   
   (a) An adverse benefit determination if the adverse benefit determination involves a medical condition of the claimant for which the timeframe for completion of a standard internal appeal under the interim final regulations would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant or would jeopardize the claimant's ability to regain maximum function and the claimant has filed a request for an expedited internal appeal; or
   
   (b) A final internal adverse benefit determination, if the claimant has a medical condition where the timeframe for completion of a standard external review would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the claimant or would jeopardize the claimant's ability to regain maximum function, or if the final internal adverse benefit determination concerns an admission, availability of care, continued stay, or health care item or service for which the claimant received emergency services, but has not been discharged from a facility.

2. **Preliminary review.** Immediately upon receipt of the request for expedited external review, the Plan will determine whether the request meets the reviewability requirements set forth in paragraph A.2 above for standard external review. The Plan will immediately send a notice that meets the requirements set forth in paragraph A.2 above for standard external review to the claimant of its eligibility determination.

3. **Referral to independent review organization.** Upon a determination that a request is eligible for external review following the preliminary review, the Plan will assign an IRO pursuant to the requirements set forth in paragraph A.3 above for standard review. The Plan will provide or transmit all necessary documents and information considered in making the adverse benefit determination or final internal adverse benefit determination to the assigned IRO electronically or by telephone or facsimile or any other available expeditious method.

   The assigned IRO, to the extent the information or documents are available and the IRO considers them appropriate, will consider the information or documents described above under the procedures for standard review. In reaching a decision, the assigned IRO will review the claim de novo and is not bound by any decisions or conclusions reached during the Plan’s internal claims and appeals process.

4. **Notice of final external review decision.** The Plan’s (or Claim Processor’s) contract with the assigned IRO will require the IRO to provide notice of the final external review decision, in accordance with the requirements set forth in paragraph A.3 above, as expeditiously as the claimant’s medical condition or circumstances require, but in no event more than 72 hours after the IRO receives the request for an expedited external review. If the notice is not in writing, within 48 hours after the date of providing that notice, the assigned IRO will provide written confirmation of the decision to the claimant and the Plan.

19.08 **Payment of Benefits**

All benefits under this Plan are payable, in U.S. Dollars, to the claimant. In the event of the death or incapacity of a claimant and in the absence of written evidence to this Plan of the qualification of a guardian for his or her estate, this Plan may, in its discretion, make any and all such payments to the individual or institution which, in the opinion of this Plan, is or was providing the care and support of such claimant.

19.09 **Recovery of Payments**

The Plan reserves the right to deduct from any benefits properly payable under this Plan the amount of any payment which has been made:
1. In error;
2. Pursuant to a misstatement contained in a proof of loss or a fraudulent act;
3. Pursuant to a misstatement made to obtain coverage under this Plan within two years after the date such coverage commences; or
4. With respect to an ineligible person.

The deduction may be made against any claim for benefits under this Plan by a claimant or his or her covered Dependents.
ARTICLE 20
HIPAA PRIVACY

20.01 Commitment to Protecting Health Information

The Plan will comply with the Standards for Privacy of Individually Identifiable Health Information (i.e., the “Privacy Rule”) set forth by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (“HHS”) pursuant to the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (“HIPAA”). Such standards control the dissemination of “protected health information” (“PHI”) of Plan Participants. Privacy standards will be implemented and enforced in the offices of the Employer and Plan Sponsor and any other entity that may assist in the operation of the Plan.

The Plan is required by law to take reasonable steps to ensure the privacy of the Plan Participant’s PHI, and inform him/her about:

1. The Plan’s disclosures and uses of PHI;
2. The Plan Participant’s privacy rights with respect to his/her PHI;
3. The Plan’s duties with respect to his/her PHI;
4. The Plan Participant’s right to file a complaint with the Plan and with the Secretary of HHS; and
5. The person or office to contact for further information about the Plan’s privacy practices.

Within this provision capitalized terms may be used, but not otherwise defined. These terms shall have the same meaning as those terms set forth in 45 CFR Sections 160.103 and 164.501. Any HIPAA regulation modifications altering a defined HIPAA term or regulatory citation shall be deemed incorporated into this provision.

20.02 How Health Information May be Used and Disclosed

In general, the Privacy Rules permit the Plan to use and disclose an individual’s PHI, without obtaining authorization, only if the use or disclosure is:

1. To carry out Payment of benefits;
2. For Health Care Operations;
3. For Treatment purposes; or
4. If the use or disclosure falls within one of the limited circumstances described in the rules (e.g., the disclosure is required by law or for public health activities).

20.03 Disclosure of PHI to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Purposes

In order that the Plan Sponsor may receive and use PHI for plan administration purposes, the Claims Administrator agrees to:

1. Not use or further disclose PHI other than as permitted or required by the Summary Plan Descriptions or as required by law (as defined in the privacy standards);
2. Ensure that any agents, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides PHI received from the Plan, agree to the same restrictions and conditions that apply to the Plan Sponsor with respect to such PHI;
3. Establish safeguards for information, including security systems for data processing and storage;
4. Maintain the confidentiality of all PHI, unless an individual gives specific consent or authorization to disclose such data or unless the data is used for health care payment or Plan operations;
5. Receive PHI, in the absence of an individual’s express authorization, only to carry out Plan administration functions;
6. Not use or disclose PHI for employment-related actions and decisions or in connection with any other benefit or employee benefit plan of the Plan Sponsor, except pursuant to an authorization which meets the requirements of the privacy standards;

7. Report to the Plan any PHI use or disclosure that is inconsistent with the uses or disclosures provided for of which the Plan Sponsor becomes aware;

8. Make available PHI in accordance with section 164.524 of the privacy standards (45 CFR 164.524);

9. Make available PHI for amendment and incorporate any amendments to PHI in accordance with section 164.526 of the privacy standards (45 CFR 164.526);

10. Make available the information required to provide an accounting of disclosures in accordance with section 164.528 of the privacy standards (45 CFR 164.528);

11. Make its internal practices, books and records relating to the use and disclosure of PHI received from the Plan available to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (“HHS”), or any other officer or employee of HHS to whom the authority involved has been delegated, for purposes of determining compliance by the Plan with part 164, subpart E, of the privacy standards (45 CFR 164.500 et seq);

12. Report to the Plan any inconsistent uses or disclosures of PHI of which the Plan Sponsor becomes aware;

13. Train employees in privacy protection requirements and appoint a privacy compliance coordinator responsible for such protections;

14. If feasible, return or destroy all PHI received from the Plan that the Plan Sponsor still maintains in any form and retain no copies of such PHI when no longer needed for the purpose for which disclosure was made, except that, if such return or destruction is not feasible, limit further uses and disclosures to those purposes that make the return or destruction of the PHI infeasible; and

15. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in section 164.504(f)(2)(iii) of the privacy standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(2)(iii)), is established as follows:
   (a) The following employees, or classes of employees, or other persons under control of the Plan Sponsor, shall be given access to the PHI to be disclosed:
      (i) Privacy Officer: The access to and use of PHI by the individuals described above shall be restricted to the plan administration functions that the Plan Sponsor performs for the Plan.
      HR Director
      Risk Manager
      HR Generalist/Benefits Specialist
   (b) In the event any of the individuals described in above do not comply with the provisions of the Summary Plan Descriptions relating to use and disclosure of PHI, the Plan Administrator shall impose reasonable sanctions as necessary, in its discretion, to ensure that no further non-compliance occurs. The Plan Administrator will promptly report such violation or non-compliance to the Plan, and will cooperate with the Plan to correct violation or non-compliance to impose appropriate disciplinary action or sanctions. Such sanctions shall be imposed progressively (for example, an oral warning, a written warning, time off without pay and termination), if appropriate, and shall be imposed so that they are commensurate with the severity of the violation.
20.04 Disclosure of Summary Health Information to the Plan Sponsor

The Plan may disclose PHI to the Plan Sponsor of the group health plan for purposes of plan administration or pursuant to an authorization request signed by the Plan Participant. The Plan may use or disclose “summary health information” to the Plan Sponsor for obtaining premium bids or modifying, amending, or terminating the group health plan.

20.05 Disclosure of Certain Enrollment Information to the Plan Sponsor

Pursuant to section 164.504(f)(1)(iii) of the privacy standards (45 CFR 164.504(f)(1)(iii)), the Plan may disclose to the Plan Sponsor information on whether an individual is participating in the Plan or is enrolled in or has un-enrolled from a health insurance issuer or health maintenance organization offered by the Plan to the Plan Sponsor.

20.06 Disclosure of PHI to Obtain Stop-loss or Excess Loss Coverage

The Plan Sponsor may hereby authorize and direct the Plan, through the Plan Administrator or the third party administrator, to disclose PHI to stop-loss carriers, excess loss carriers or managing general underwriters (“MGUs”) for underwriting and other purposes in order to obtain and maintain stop-loss or excess loss coverage related to benefit claims under the Plan. Such disclosures shall be made in accordance with the privacy standards.

20.07 Other Disclosures and Uses of PHI:

20.07A Primary Uses and Disclosures of PHI

1. Treatment, Payment and Health Care Operations: The Plan has the right to use and disclose a Plan Participant’s PHI for all activities as included within the definitions of Treatment, Payment, and Health Care Operations and pursuant to the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

2. Business Associates: The Plan contracts with individuals and entities (Business Associates) to perform various functions on its behalf. In performance of these functions or to provide services, Business Associates will receive, create, maintain, use, or disclose PHI, but only after the Plan and the Business Associate agree in writing to contract terms requiring the Business Associate to appropriately safeguard the Plan Participant’s information.

3. Other Covered Entities: The Plan may disclose PHI to assist health care Providers in connection with their treatment or payment activities or to assist other covered entities in connection with payment activities and certain health care operations. For example, the Plan may disclose PHI to a health care Provider when needed by the Provider to render treatment to a Plan Participant, and the Plan may disclose PHI to another covered entity to conduct health care operations. The Plan may also disclose or share PHI with other insurance carriers (such as Medicare, etc.) in order to coordinate benefits, if a Plan Participant has coverage through another carrier.

20.07B Other Possible Uses and Disclosures of PHI

1. Required by Law: The Plan may use or disclose PHI when required by law, provided the use or disclosure complies with and is limited to the relevant requirements of such law.

2. Public Health and Safety: The Plan may use or disclose PHI when permitted for purposes of public health activities, including disclosures to:

   (a) a public health authority or other appropriate government authority authorized by law to receive reports of child abuse or neglect;
(b) report reactions to medications or problems with products or devices regulated by the Federal Food and Drug Administration or other activities related to quality, safety, or effectiveness of FDA-regulated products or activities;

c) locate and notify persons of recalls of products they may be using; and

d) a person who may have been exposed to a communicable disease or may otherwise be at risk of contracting or spreading a disease or condition, if authorized by law.

3. The Plan may disclose PHI to a government authority, except for reports of child abuse or neglect permitted by (1) above, when required or authorized by law, or with the Plan Participant’s agreement, if the Plan reasonably believes he/she to be a victim of abuse, neglect, or domestic violence. In such case, the Plan will promptly inform the Plan Participant that such a disclosure has been or will be made unless the Plan believes that informing him/her would place him/her at risk of serious harm (but only to someone in a position to help prevent the threat). Disclosure generally may be made to a minor’s parents or other representatives although there may be circumstances under Federal or State law when the parents or other representatives may not be given access to the minor’s PHI.

4. Health Oversight Activities: The Plan may disclose PHI to a health oversight agency for oversight activities authorized by law. This includes civil, administrative or criminal investigations; inspections; claim audits; licensure or disciplinary actions; and other activities necessary for appropriate oversight of a health care system, government health care program, and compliance with certain laws.

5. Lawsuits and Disputes: The Plan may disclose PHI when required for judicial or administrative proceedings. For example, the Plan Participant’s PHI may be disclosed in response to a subpoena, discovery requests, or other required legal processes when the Plan is given satisfactory assurances that the requesting party has made a good faith attempt to advise the Plan Participant of the request or to obtain an order protecting such information, and done in accordance with specified procedural safeguards.

6. Law Enforcement: The Plan may disclose PHI to a law enforcement official when required for law enforcement purposes concerning identifying or locating a suspect, fugitive, material witness or missing person. Under certain circumstances, the Plan may disclose the Plan Participant’s PHI in response to a law enforcement official’s request if he/she is, or are suspected to be, a victim of a crime and if it believes in good faith that the PHI constitutes evidence of criminal conduct that occurred on the Sponsor’s or Plan’s premises.

7. Decedents: The Plan may disclose PHI to a coroner, funeral director or medical examiner for the purpose of identifying a deceased person, determining a cause of death or as necessary to carry out their duties as authorized by law.

8. Research: The Plan may use or disclose PHI for research, subject to certain limited conditions.

9. To Avert a Serious Threat to Health or Safety: The Plan may disclose PHI in accordance with applicable law and standards of ethical conduct, if the Plan, in good faith, believes the use or disclosure is necessary to prevent or lessen a threat to health or safety of a person or to the public.

10. Workers’ Compensation: The Plan may disclose PHI when authorized by and to the extent necessary to comply with workers’ compensation or other similar programs established by law.

11. Military and National Security: The Plan may disclose PHI to military authorities of armed forces personnel under certain circumstances. As authorized by law, the Plan may disclose PHI required for intelligence, counter-intelligence, and other national security activities to authorized Federal officials.

20.08 Required Disclosures of PHI
1. **Disclosures to Plan Participants:** The Plan is required to disclose to a Plan Participant most of the PHI in a Designated Record Set when the Plan Participant requests access to this information. The Plan will disclose a Plan Participant’s PHI to an individual who has been assigned as his/her representative and who has qualified for such designation in accordance with the relevant State law. Before disclosure to an individual qualified as a personal representative, the Plan must be given written supporting documentation establishing the basis of the personal representation.

The Plan may elect not to treat the person as the Plan Participant’s personal representative if it has a reasonable belief that the Plan Participant has been, or may be, subjected to domestic violence, abuse, or neglect by such person, it is not in the Plan Participant’s best interest to treat the person as his/her personal representative, or treating such person as his/her personal representative could endanger the Plan Participant.

2. **Disclosures to the Secretary of the U.S. Dept of Health and Human Services:** The Plan is required to disclose the Plan Participant’s PHI to the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Resources when the Secretary is investigating or determining the Plan’s compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

### 20.09 Rights to Individuals

The Plan Participant has the following rights regarding PHI about him/her:

1. **Request Restrictions:** The Plan Participant has the right to request additional restrictions on the use or disclosure of PHI for treatment, payment, or health care operations. The Plan Participant may request the Plan restrict disclosures to family members, relatives, friends or other persons identified by him/her who are involved in his/her care or payment for his/her care. The Plan is not required to agree to these requested restrictions.

2. **Right to Receive Confidential Communication:** The Plan Participant has the right to request that he/she receive communications regarding PHI in a certain manner or at a certain location. The request must be made in writing and how the Plan Participant would like to be contacted. The Plan will accommodate all reasonable requests.

3. **Copy of this Notice:** The Plan Participant is entitled to receive a paper copy of this notice at any time. To obtain a paper copy, contact the Privacy Compliance Coordinator.

4. **Accounting of Disclosures:** The Plan Participant has the right to request an accounting of disclosures the Plan has made of his/her PHI. The request must be made in writing and does not apply to disclosures for treatment, payment, health care operations, and certain other purposes. The Plan Participant is entitled to such an accounting for the six (6) years prior to his/her request, though not earlier than April 14, 2003. Except as provided below, for each disclosure, the accounting will include: (a) the date of the disclosure, (b) the name of the entity or person who received the PHI and, if known, the address of such entity or person; (c) a description of the PHI disclosed, (d) a statement of the purpose of the disclosure that reasonably informs the Plan Participant of the basis of the disclosure, and certain other information. If the Plan Participant wishes to make a request, please contact the Privacy Compliance Coordinator.

5. **Access:** The Plan Participant has the right to request the opportunity to look at or get copies of PHI maintained by the Plan about him/her in certain records maintained by the Plan. If the Plan Participant requests copies, he/she may be charged a fee to cover the costs of copying, mailing, and other supplies. To inspect or copy PHI contact the Privacy Compliance Coordinator. In very limited circumstances, the Plan may deny the Plan Participant’s request. If the Plan denies the request, the Plan Participant may be entitled to a review of that denial.

6. **Amendment:** The Plan Participant has the right to request that the Plan change or amend his/her PHI. The Plan reserves the right to require this request be in writing. Submit the request to the Privacy Compliance Coordinator.
Coordinator. The Plan may deny the Plan Participant’s request in certain cases, including if it is not in writing or if he/she does not provide a reason for the request.

20.10 Questions or Complaints

If the Plan Participant wants more information about the Plan’s privacy practices, has questions or concerns, or believes that the Plan may have violated his/her privacy rights, please contact the Plan using the following information. The Plan Participant may submit a written complaint to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services or with the Plan. The Plan will provide the Plan Participant with the address to file his/her complaint with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services upon request.

The Plan will not retaliate against the Plan Participant for filing a complaint with the Plan or the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Contact Information:

Privacy Compliance Coordinator Contact Information:

Betsy C. Keller, SPHR  
Director of Human Resources  
County of El Paso  
800 E. Overland, Ste. 223  
El Paso, Texas 79901  
(p) (915) 546-2218  
(f) (915) 546-8126

Additional Contact Information for HIPAA Questions:

Sam Trujillo  
Risk Manager  
County of El Paso  
800 E. Overland, Ste. 223  
El Paso, Texas 79901  
(p) (915) 546-2218  
(f) (915) 546-8126
ARTICLE 21
HIPAA SECURITY

Disclosure of Electronic Protected Health Information (“Electronic PHI”) to the Plan Sponsor for Plan Administration Functions

STANDARDS FOR SECURITY OF INDIVIDUALLY IDENTIFIABLE HEALTH INFORMATION (“SECURITY RULE”)

The Security Rule imposes regulations for maintaining the integrity, confidentiality and availability of protected health information that it creates, receives, maintains, or maintains electronically that is kept in electronic format (ePHI) as required under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

Definitions:

“Electronic Protected Health Information” (ePHI) is defined in Section 160.103 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 160.103) and means individually identifiable health information transmitted or maintained in any electronic media.

“Security Incidents” is defined within Section 164.304 of the Security Standards (45 C.F.R. 164.304) and means the attempted or successful unauthorized access, use, disclosure, modification, or destruction of information or interference with systems operation in an information system.

Plan Sponsor Obligations

To enable the Plan Sponsor to receive and use Electronic PHI for Plan Administration Functions (as defined in 45 CFR §164.504(a)), the Plan Sponsor agrees to:

1. Implement administrative, physical, and technical safeguards that reasonably and appropriately protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of the Electronic PHI that it creates, receives, maintains, or transmits on behalf of the Plan.

2. Ensure that adequate separation between the Plan and the Plan Sponsor, as required in 45 CFR §164.504(f)(2)(iii), is supported by reasonable and appropriate Security Measures.

3. Ensure that any agent, including a subcontractor, to whom the Plan Sponsor provides Electronic PHI created, received, maintained, or transmitted on behalf of the Plan, agrees to implement reasonable and appropriate report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.

4. Report to the Plan any security incident of which it becomes aware.

Notification Requirements in the Event of a Breach of Unsecured PHI

The required breach notifications are triggered upon the discovery of a breach of unsecured PHI. A breach is discovered as of the first day the breach is known, or reasonably should have been known.

When a breach of unsecured PHI is discovered, the Plan will:

1. Notify the individual whose PHI has been, or is reasonably believed to have been, assessed, acquired, used, or disclosed as a result of the breach, in writing, without unreasonable delay and in no case later than 60 calendar days after discovery of the breach.
2. Notify the media if the breach affected more than 500 residents of a State or jurisdiction. Notice must be provided to prominent media outlets serving the State or jurisdiction without unreasonable delay and in no case later than 60 calendar days after the date the breach was discovered.

3. Notify the HHS Secretary if the breach involves 500 or more individuals, contemporaneously with the notice to the affected individual and in the manner specified by HHS. If the breach involves less than 500 individuals, an internal log or other documentation of such breaches must be maintained and annually submitted to HHS within 60 days after the end of each calendar year.

4. When a Business Associate, which provides services for the Plan and comes in contact with PHI in connection with those services discovers a breach has occurred, that Business Associate will notify the Plan without unreasonable delay and in no case later than 60 calendar days after discovery of a breach so that the affected individuals may be notified. To the extent possible, the Business Associate should identify each individual whose unsecured PHI has been, or is reasonably believed to have been, breached.

Any terms not otherwise defined in this section shall have the meanings set forth in the Security Standards.